Weather

Overcast and cold. The maximum temperature yesterday was 37.4 and the minimum 34.7, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 48.6 and 40.8.

The China Press
大陸報

The Mail Box
MAILS for America and Europe, Str. China, Jan.
FOR Europe and way ports, Str. Kashmir, Jan. 28.
FROM America and Europe, Str. Siberia Maru, Jan. 20.
FROM Europe and way ports, Str. Nagoya, Jan. 22.

NO. 3209 VOL. XII. Registered at the Chinese P. O. in China" "with special marks privileges for transmission 辛酉年十二月廿一日 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1922 大正十一年正月十八日 第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

SHIPS MUST REALLY BE SCRAPPED, U.S. STAND

America To Bar Joker From Pact, Officials Declare

GENOA, PROBLEM

Attitude Of Washington To Be Determined By Events

(Trans-Pacific News Service, Exclusive To The China Press)

Washington, January 17.—In high American circles it is declared that the scrapping of battleships must be literal and not figurative, and that no joker must be allowed to enter into the treaty. This question is nearly cleared up, the only remaining questions relating to fortifications and the meaning of the phrase "region of the Pacific."

The term "Japan proper" probably will be dropped. It has not been decided whether Hongkong will be included in the scope of the fortifications agreement. The British desire an exception on the ground that it is, first, an island within China's territorial waters, and second, because the leased territory of Kowloon will be fortified anyway. It is also undecided whether France will join the fortifications pact.

It is understood that Messrs. Hughes and Balfour have informally suggested a formula for the settlement of the Shantung question, which the two nations concerned are to submit to their home governments. In the meantime the delegates are discussing the Shantung railway extensions, and the question of opening the leased territory to foreign trade.

While the Briand resignation takes Washington's breath away, since it was undreamed of, it is not believed that the Conference decisions will be affected thereby. It is taken for granted that M. Sarraut will remain here as France's delegate and that French policy with reference to the Conference will not be changed.

The real fear here centers around the danger that Briand's fall was due to the extreme militarists, which, if true, will complicate the world situation, which depends just now upon Anglo-French solidarity. The most significant feature of the Premier's action is the effect it will have on America's attitude with reference to the Genoa Conference, decision concerning which is being held up. Briand's reported statement that America has already decided to take part in the Cannes and Genoa parleys is officially denied. The matter still hangs fire, and will continue to do so until America is assured that the European powers intend to "do business."

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, Jan. 17.—Diplomatic discussions between France and England have already started.

In a cordial interview, Lord Curzon and M. Poincare discussed the Franco-British problems, particularly the Near Eastern question and agreed that the solution of the latter ought not to be deferred until the end of the winter when the melting of the snows would permit the resumption of hostilities between Greece and Turkey.

Berlin, Jan. 17.—The Italian Ambassador, in accordance with the decisions of the Cannes Conference has formally invited Germany to send delegates to the Genoa Economic Conference which will open on March 8.

(French Wireless through Reuter)

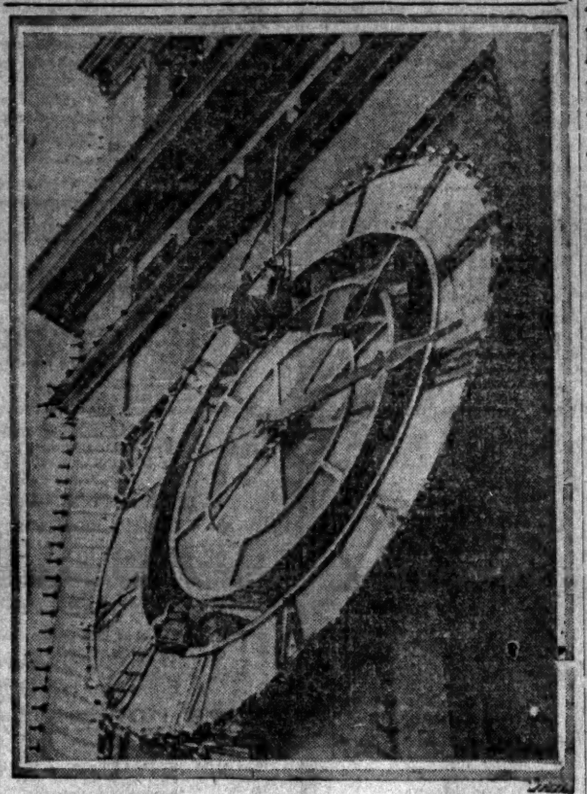
Paris, Jan. 16.—Some German newspapers reported on Sunday last that an attempt had been made on the life of M. Poincare, the new French Premier.

It is semi-officially stated this report is absolutely without foundation.

(Trans-Pacific News Service Exclusive To The China Press)

Brussels, Jan. 15.—Public opinion in Belgium looks unfavorably upon the Cannes conference decisions. Belgians are dissatisfied on the score that Belgian priority rights are endangered, and that the Anglo-French pact, which calls for a reduction of the French army, would consequently mean less security for Belgium, since a reduced French army would be incapable of guarding both the French and Belgium frontiers.

He's Having A Good Time



Pete Bellnoe's idea of having a good time is to spend the afternoon washing the ferry clock's face. Not many people have had the honor of shaking hands with this mammoth timepiece. Big crowds gathered in front of the ferry building and breathlessly watched his antics, for not content with climbing all over the surface of the dial while cleaning it, he began to do stunts, such as hanging by a rope, head downward, and making his circuit of the outside of the clock, suspended by his hands and in general conducting himself like a human fly. The clock is on the tower of the Union Ferry Building, San Francisco.

M. ARNAUD-COSTE DEFEATED FOR FRENCH COUNCIL

The contested seat on the French Municipal Council was lost by a narrow margin at yesterday's election by Mr. A. Arnaud-Coste, who polled nine fewer votes than the next highest French candidate. The new nominee, Mr. A. Tulasne, who has not been at Shanghai very long, received the highest vote of any of the French contenders for office—174.

The other French Councillors named were Mr. A. Chapeau, who received 150 votes and serves for one year; and Mr. P. Le Bris, 166 votes, for a two-year term. Mr. Tulasne also serves two years.

There was no contest for the foreign seats, Mr. M. Speelman being re-elected by the heaviest vote polled by any of the candidates—245—and Mr. M. Shoop, American, being put in office with a vote of 231. Both serve for two years.

Messrs. Ch. Barriere, J. M Tavares, F. Sallou and V. Dent were elected Land Commissioners, the latter two to act as deputies.

The total vote polled at the elections was not large, only 278 of the 1,071 votes on the register being cast.

VIVIANI TELLS WHY NEW PACT DISTURBS FRENCH

Ex-Premier Says Countrymen Fear Loss Of Security

BY RENE VIVIANI
Former Premier Of France

Paris, Jan. 15.—It must be frankly declared that the proposed Franco-British agreement was not received with joyful unanimity throughout France. How different was the delight three years ago when a guarantee pact was offered by England and America.

Today England's pact doesn't meet the encouragement of public opinion, which is, unfortunately, suspicious. The chief French complaint is that the pact destroys the military security given to France under the treaty of Versailles. Some consider it a decidedly smug document written with the idea of the British general election in mind and with the picture of France as a vassal too clearly defined.

On the other hand it is the concomitant thought here that Great Britain has launched the only feasible scheme for the salvation of Europe, that it is an "American idea," wherein England proposes to take the lead in Europe as America in the Orient.

HARDING HOLDS CONFERENCE WITH ZIONIST'S LEADER

(Trans-Pacific News Service Exclusive To The China Press)

Washington, Jan. 15.—President Harding gave an audience at the White House today to Nahum Sokolov, president of the Executive board of the World Zionist Federation. Mr. Sokolov told the President that word from America was all that was needed to convert the Jewish National State at Palestine from a dream into a reality. He said that the League of Nations is withholding confirmation of the British mandate creating a state only out of fear of American disapproval.

The Zionist leader declares that with America closed to the oppressed Jewry of the world because of the new immigration law Palestine is the one haven toward which their eyes must now be turned.

Sinn Feiners O.K. Anglo-Irish Pact

(China Press Service)

Dublin, Jan. 16.—The election of the standing committee of the Sinn Fein organisation today resulted in the election of only three known opponents of the Treaty among the fifteen chosen for places on the committee.

London, Jan. 14.—The Pope today cabled the King that he was overjoyed at the agreement that had been finally reached regarding Ireland.

"Congratulations to His Majesty for having warmly contributed effectively to the great work of arranging this armistice," the message from the Vatican read.

The King replied: "I thank His Holiness for his kindness which has afforded me sincere gratification."

American Express Charges Shroff With Misappropriation

A shroff employed by the American Express Company appeared in the Mixed Court yesterday charged with misappropriating funds of the company, the case being remanded and the defendant placed under shop security to the amount of $10,000.

Mr. F. J. Schuhl, appearing with Mr. Schoenfeld for the complainants, stated to Assessor Tenney and Magistrate Kwan that another man involved is being held by the Chinese police. He asked that the court write the Chinese authorities requesting that this man be sent to the Mixed Court for trial. The Court agreed.

SHIP STRIKE AT HONGKONG HAVING BAD EFFECT HERE

Three Liners Delayed In Arrival, Coast Vessels Hit

END NOT IN SIGHT

More Than 8,000 Men Idle, With Others Joining Them

Shanghai is feeling the Hongkong shipping strike in that three trans-Pacific mail liners are tied up at the colony, while the coasting service has been more or less affected, though not seriously as yet.

The mail steamers which are unable to move owing to the strike of Cantonese sailors are the Canadian Pacific steamships Company's Monteagle, the China Mail steamer China and the T. K. K. ship Taiyo Maru.

The Monteagle was due to leave Hongkong Monday and would have sailed from here for Vancouver today. The local agents stated yesterday that no definite date for sailing could be fixed. The same company's steamer Empress of Japan is also in Hongkong, but is undergoing repairs at the present time and it is presumed that the strike will be settled before she is ready to move.

The China was scheduled to leave Hongkong on Monday and Shanghai on Thursday and the offices of the company here yesterday announced that her sailing dates have been postponed pending settlement of the strike.

The Taiyo, in the ordinary course of things, would also have left Shanghai for America via Japan ports tomorrow.

COAST SHIPPING HIT

The coastal shipping line worst hit to date is that of Butterfield and Swire, all of whose Hongkong boats are affected by the tie-up. It was stated at the local offices yesterday that no ships were expected from Hongkong for several days, while the Suiyang, which was to have sailed for the South yesterday morning, is being held here indefinitely, pending a more favorable aspect at Hongkong. It is hoped, however, to start the boats tomorrow.

The Yuensang, Jardine, Matheson ship, arrived Monday from Hongkong, but left the latter port before the general walk-out. The same company's Hansang is expected here tomorrow. The Kwangta of the China Merchants' line arrived here from Hongkong Sunday and the Hsinwah is reported en route here, leaving only the Kwanglee at present in the area affected by the strike. No reports of delay to the Kwanglee had been received up to yesterday at the company's Shanghai offices.

DOCKMEN MAY JOIN

Reports received at local shipping offices yesterday were generally to the effect there was no change in the strike situation and it was rumored that the Chinese employed at the Kowloon Docks would join the seamen.

The strike, it appears, had been talked of for some weeks before it came into effect, agitation for it beginning after the men had written their employers asking a wage increase last November. The strikers are asking a rise of 40 percent for all receiving less than $30 a month and of 30 percent for those above that figure. The Seamen's Union is said to number about 10,000 members.

Efforts to bring about a settlement are being made by various officials and organisations, including the secretary for Chinese affairs in Hongkong, while the Hongkong Government is reported to have offered to arbitrate in the matter.

(China Press Correspondence)

Hongkong, Jan. 17.—There is no change in the shipping strike. It is believed that 8,000 Chinese seamen are affected. It is expected that concerted action will be taken by the shipping companies today which will facilitate the Government efforts at arbitration. The seamen's guilds and unions are looking after their members and other Chinese employed. The strike has spread generally to all foreign shipping.

ARRESTS IN INDIA

(Reuter's Service)

Calcutta, Jan. 16.—The Chairman and 133 others were arrested when the local congress attempted to hold meetings in contravention of the Government notification.

Dangers Of The Dah Ma Loo - - No. 2

—By Arcady.

Perhaps, unless you only stir abroad in Shanghai only on bank holidays and Sundays, something similar to the above has occurred to you. Arcady—new staff artist of The China Press—holds that the perils of peregrination hereabouts are a potent tonic for the lethargic. The crossing of Nanking Road is an excursion of adventure which has inspired him to the execution of the present series of sketches. Following his experiences brings a truer realisation of the exhilleration and uncertainty of life in Shanghai. Watch for other pictures in the series.

GEN. MACARTHUR BESTS PERSHING IN WOOING RACE

West Point Chief To Wed Daughter Of Phila. Millionaire

By FREDERICK WILLIAM WILE
Special Washington Correspondent Of The Public Ledger And The China Press

Washington, Jan. 15.—Washington, Philadelphia and New York society circles have been stirred by the announcement of the engagement of the well known society beauty and heiress, Mrs. Louise Cromwell Brooks, step daughter of Edward Stotesbury, the Philadelphia multimillionaire, to Brigadier General Douglas MacArthur, superintendent of the West Point Military academy. Gen. MacArthur recently was assigned to the Philippines.

BRIG. GENERAL MACARTHUR

Back of the engagement lies a story of the most romantic character, involving the names of some of the best known men in America, who ranked as suitors for the heart and hand of Mrs. Brooks. Among her admirers were General Pershing, Senator Walter Edge of New Jersey, and General Pershing's dashing aide and famous polo player, Major Quickmeyer.

General MacArthur is one of the most brilliant officers in the American army. He served with conspicuous distinction in France, and prior to that he saw duty in China, Japan, Mexico and the Philippines. He wears a French military medal which was awarded to him for his participation in a French raid on German trenches when he was armed only with a riding crop.

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, Jan. 17.—Counsel in behalf of the Banque Industrielle de Chine today asked the Supreme Court to adjourn the winding-up petition to July 3. The request was granted.

The Puisne Judge stated that he had seen a cable, received by the Official Receiver at Hongkong from the Official Receiver in London, which, as he (the Judge) construed it, showed that it was most emphatically in the interests of the creditors that nothing should be done at present.

Opium Smugglers Most Artful Of World's Dodgers

By Elsie McCormick

Throughout the history of the world, the human specie has idealised the faculty of forgetting. Ancient man dwelt affectionately on the fable of the waters of Lethe; modern man has been happy in the discovery of asphasia, a very convenient disease which gives a husband an excuse for a long excursion away from home and an equally good excuse for not answering his wife's questions about it when he returns. Before the discovery of the bright and shining alibi of asphasia men [illegible] with reality tried smoking of [illegible] forgetfulness from the juice of a flower. Among the results of their attempt are the works of De Quincey, the "hop-joint" scenes of popular melodrama, the long files of hollow-chested prisoners in Western police-courts, and the wrinkles on the collective brow of the Chinese Maritime Customs.

Everything in China, from the Bridge of Ten Thousand Ages to the strictly fresh eggs for sale in Chinese shops is so very ancient that we were greatly surprised to learn the comparative youth of the opium habit. Somehow we were certain that the first man who ever saw a dragon noticed it coyly beaming at him through a haze of bluish smoke, and we felt equally sure that the Taoists built up their highly imaginative theology with the assistance of the "black rice."

WRONG AGAIN

We were all wrong, however, which, though not unusual, is still disconcerting. Poppies were cultivated as far back as the Sung dynasty, but the reason for including them in the imperial landscape gardening had nothing to do with dreams. They were grown because the ladies of the court liked to arrange the flowers in vases or paint them on silk, or put them in their hair and let them flop over their ears, a custom still existing in such realistic Oriental dramas as "East is West." Somewhat later opium was used in capsule form for medicinal purposes, and 200 catties of it were presented yearly to the Emperor as tribute.

Cultivation of the poppy for the sake of its juice began only about a hundred years ago. The pipe in use today is a modern invention, first produced in Canton, as the variety of pipe employed when smoking was introduced into Formosa during the early eighteenth century was a simple affair of bamboo. Incidentally opium-smoking began through the habit of adding just a pinch of it to a pipeful of tobacco for the sake of an additional kick. Gradually the amount of opium was increased until the milder weed found itself crowded out altogether.

The first edict against opium-smoking was issued in 1729 and was aimed especially at the bright lights in the smart set of Formosa. The opium trade was unimportant until the opening years of the nineteenth century, when India began to dump it in such quantities that some years later the number of opium smokers in China was estimated at 40,000,000.

Speaking of edicts reminds us that one of the Ming brethern issued an edict against tobacco-smoking, thereby preceding the American W.C.T.U. by nearly four hundred years. Though somewhat removed from the subject, we are reminded also of a prohibitionist Emperor of Korea, who reigned two thousand years ago and who stationed guards at the gates of Seoul to note the breath of passersby and arrest anybody with an alcoholic aura. We wonder why they haven't tried placing guards with similar duties at ferry-slips and railroad stations in the United States.

BECOMES CONTRABAND

From being a leading article of commerce worth £6,000,000 a year to the Indian government, opium became in one short century an article of contraband, to be seached for in the holds of ships and pried out from a hundred amazing places of concealment. In that short space of time the Western international conscience underwent a change which to the Chinese is completely incomprehensible. China, having settled all moral questions to her satisfaction a couple of geologic epochs ago, cannot understand how it happened that the opium-trading nations moved up to the hallelujah corner and got religion. Therefore foreigners whose racial ancestors helped introduce the vice to China are now engaged in the opposite occupation of trying to catch the wily native who has learned to take the dream-stuff seriously.

And there are more methods of introducing opium into China than there are ways of phrasing a proposal. Any phreonologist will tell you that the bump of resourcefulness on a Chinese head begins just behind the collar and continues around to the eyebrows. In other words, there is nothing else but, and as a result police and Customs officials are treated to a daily change of program, with an afternoon performance on Sundays. A Customs official might meet his demise in many different ways, but at least he is certain of not being bored to death. Smugglers and opium den keepers are gifted with such refreshing originality that they could make their fortune in any one of the refined arts, if their interests only ran that way.

Consider the scenario of a little drama which occurred in May, 1921, the chief actors of which were a Sikh Constable, a coolie, and a peanut. When the scene opened, the constable was patrolling one of the jetties, swinging his club and meditating on the eternal truths of the Vedas. Suddenly the horizon was peopled by a coolie, who came up from one of the boats, riding a couple of baskets of peanuts on the end of a bamboo pole and juggling Chinese musical notes at the same time. It being a well-known zoological fact that no policeman from Kamchatka to Terre del Fuego ever let a group of peanuts or a

(Continued on Page 5)

'SPHERES' IN CHINA MUST GO, HUGHES ANNOUNCES

U. S. Secretary Wants Hay Definition Of Open Door

JAPANESE SILENT

British And The Other Delegations Agree In Principle

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Jan. 16.—The communique issued today states that an understanding has been reached regarding the transfer of the Kiaochow Administration to China.

A Sino-Japanese conference has begun the discussion of the mines question.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The Far Eastern Committee has decided to postpone the consideration of Japan's Twenty-One Demands Treaty until the Shantung controversy has been settled. The Committee having adopted the Chinese Tariff Agreement then proceeded with a general discussion on the policy of the open door with the object of bringing about a clearer understanding as regards the meaning of the term.

It is understood that Mr. Hughes discussed specifically the open door policy as pursued by Secretary Hay twenty years ago. It is stated that Mr. Hughes's policy contemplates the wiping out of all spheres of influence in China as one of the essentials.

The British Delegation spoke favorably on the general principles and some of the other Delegations also agreed on those principles, while the Japanese Delegation did not express any opinion.

Mr. Hughes, defining the American policy, said that the Government had never associated itself with any arrangement seeking to establish special rights or privileges in China.

London, Jan. 16.—China is likely to be the center of interest at Washington this week as it is mainly Chinese questions that are preventing the speedy conclusion of the conference, so much desired by the American and British delegates.

Distinct progress has been made in the Shantung discussions but the vexed question of the railway control still awaits settlement while the Chinese are now credited with the intention of pressing for consideration of the Twenty-One Demands Treaty.

Dr. Wang has issued a statement terming the concessions extorted from China embodied in the treaty an absolute denial of the open-door policy and saying that the demands or rights granted to Japan would, if allowed to stand, create for the Japanese a status totally inconsistent with the terms of the existing treaties between China and the foreign powers and those subsisting between foreign powers and themselves. Dr. Wang added that the Twenty-One Demands Treaty gave the Japanese such a privileged position that no equal opportunity would be possible.

It is learned from Washington that the other powers represented, with the exception of Japan, would also favor a substantial modification of the treaty but cannot see their way to calling into question the sanctity of the engagements entered into by two sovereign powers. It is expected that the question will be debated at the next meeting of the Far Eastern Committee.

The Chinese delegates are also insisting on Japan's retirement from Manchuria. The Chinese appear to enjoy strong support throughout the United States.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The Naval Treaty is now complete except for certain small points on which the Japanese Delegation is awaiting final instructions from Tokio. Meanwhile the Conference today resumed the discussion of the Far Eastern questions, and the Nine-Power Committee will meet for the first time this afternoon.

(Chung Mei News Agency)

Peking, Jan. 14.—The Peking Students' Union received a cable yesterday from the Chinese Students' Alliance in Washington to the effect that the Shantung question is deadlocked.

The Washington cable adds that America favors the consideration by the Conference of the Twenty-One Demands, but that the British delegates are

helping the Japanese in their efforts to keep the question out of the conference.

The Students' Alliance in Washington urges the Peking Students' Union to appeal to the British in China for help in getting the Twenty-One Demands before the Conference.

PREDICT SETTLEMENT
(Special To The China Press)

Washington, Jan. 16.—If the negotations regarding Shantung progress as they are expected to, this week will see all of the issues of the Conference well on the road toward settlement.

Most of the delegates are now confident that the Shantung problem is nearing a settlement. Neither the Chinese nor the Japanese delegates are willing to say that an agreement is in sight, but each set seems to be waiting further instructions from the governments at Peking and Tokio in the belief that the situation will be considerably bettered.

The naval pact now waits on Tokio's approval of its geographical scope. At the insistance of Tokio, a specific agreement regarding fortication of the Bonin Islands may be made necessary, but some delegates believe that Japan will be willing to agree on a status quo for the Bonin Islands if the United States agrees not to fortify Guam. According to information obtained in official circles, the United States, Japan and Great Britain have agreed to exclude Singapore from the status quo clause in line with the proposal made by Mr. Balfour.

ARBITRATION BETWEEN WU AND CABINET SOUGHT

Gen. Chang Shou-tseng Urged To Act As Mediator

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Jan. 14.—The threatening attitude of General Wu Pei-fu remains the most important factor in the Cabinet situation. An effort is now being made to get General Chang Shou-tseng to act as mediator between the Cabinet and General Wu, while Mr. Yeh Chao-sheng, a private secretary of the Presidency, is reported to be on his way to interview General Wu.

Mr. Wang Nai-ping and General Chang Ching-hua left here yesterday for Mukden. The object of their visit is not known. As Mr. Wang was recently appointed president of the Chinese Eastern Railway and General Chang is Tutung of Chaher it is possible that they wish to interview General Chang Tso-lin regarding matters connected with their posts, but it is generally believed that they have suggestions to make concerning the political situation in Peking.

In addition to demanding the retirement of Premier Liang and the payment of funds for his troops General Wu Pei-fu is said to be insisting upon the appointment of Mr. Wu Chu-feng as Director of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway.

Premier Liang's circular telegram to the provinces, which can be briefly summed up as an emphatic denial of the rumors concerning the Cabinet's attitude on the Shantung question and a plain intimation to the provinces to telegraph direct to the delegation if they do not believe the Premier's statements, has had a good effect in foreign and Chinese circles in Peking. Otherwise the political situation is practically the same as it was yesterday.

SEEKS SUPPORT HERE

Premier Liang has sent Kong Tien-dau, ex-Vice Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, to Shanghai to offset the adverse criticism he has been subjected to according to the Sin Wan Pao. Kong will attempt to win over prominent Shanghai Chinese to Liang's cause.

Mineral Transporters Growing Need In China

Mr. H. J. Smith, M. I. Mech. E. read a paper before the Engineering Society of China yesterday dealing with "The Design and Erection of Mineral Transporters." Mr. Smith introduced his subject with the following statement:

The sittings of the International Commission of Engineers under the auspices of the Whangpoo Conservancy has undoubtedly brought the day nearer when Shanghai—as a port—will do juctice to itself as the Gateway to the Yangtsze Valley and Central China.

When that day comes the Mechanical handling of materials and merchandise will receive widespread attention. Consider, for instance, the amount of coal unloaded and reloaded in Shanghai every year; and then look for the mechanical appliances installed for this purpose.

Only the Shanghai Municipal Council at their Riverside Power station seems to understand that the transport of coal should be handled in a scientific manner.

WAR BROUGHT ACTIVITY

When the great war stressed the exertions of manual labor to the utmost, the cry went forth for mechanical relief. Great transporters were built with all possible speed at Cherbourg, Rouen, Woolwich and many other places. Day and night, men, worked at important points like Calcutta and Durban to complete loading appliances so that shipping might get quicker despatch. Much as men were needed in the fighting line, yet the work mentioned was considered of more importance. At Cherbourg the enemy made every effort, by means of long range artillery, to knock the transporters down as fast as the engineers could build them.

If such mechanical connecting links between land transport and shipping, or shipping and railways, are so indispensable in times of great national danger, who will decry their usefulness in time of peace?

The first electrically driven Bridge Transporter was built only twenty years ago. Six years later the writer erected the first Coal Shipping Belt Conveyer plant in England. Yet in less than two decades the use of similar machinery has become almost universal. Even such remote places as Christmas Island now loads its wealth of phosphates into steamers at Flying Fish Cove by mechanical means.

START MADE HERE

China must, sooner or later, come into line, start has been made in Shanghai, as previously stated, and 700 miles up the Yangtsze River the Han-Ping Iron and Coal Co., have installed one of the biggest transporters in the Southern hemisphere. Others are being planned by the same company.

The rise and fall of the Yangtsze River is, in places, nearly 100 feet. At Hankow it is 48 feet. This fall discloses 150 feet, or more, of steep river bank which has to be bridged by temparry timber staging; up which the coolies slither and slide, in wet or frosty weather, laden with a few cobs of coal or ore per man.

When the frost is severe, or if the rainfall is too heavy, they cease work altogether; be the furnaces they feed never so hungry.

But electrically driven transporters take no heed of weather. Up and down they go, hoisting their load 100 feet in a few seconds if necessary to gain sufficient height for discharging the mineral into storage bunkers, whence it falls by gravity, as required, for the next operation.

CHINA NEEDS APPLIANCES

The banks of the Yangtsze must of necessity become dotted with mechanical appliances for the loading and unloading of materials as the country develops. The United States transports and conveys all kinds of material by mechanical means, and China, with four times as much population, will surely follow a similar course as time goes by.

Acting on this assumption, the writer has taken for his subject: "The design and erection of Mineral Transporters." In the restricted space of an engineering "paper" the subject as a whole could only be treated superficially; but by confining his remarks to the four principal methods at present in use, the author has managed to treat with some detail a branch of engineering which at present stands unrivalled as a means of releasing manual labor for operations requiring more skill than acting as human "beasts of burden."

When skilled labor is expended on an article the material increases in value. Coal and iron ore, for instance, begin to increase in value when they enter the smelting furnace. The transport and handling of these materials between the mine and the furnace may have increased their cost, but not their value—competition will see to that. successful competition in the markets of the world is the result of reducing the cost of production to the lowest point, and this means looking on the cost of transport as a loss and eliminating it as far as possible. This is the elemental problem underlying the subject of commercial success and its solution is essentially a task for the engineer.

WAS AFRICAN PROBLEM

The problem presented to the engineers on the South African Rand, was the moving of millions of tons of rock and sand every month as it passed through the various processes in the reduction department for extracting the gold. Every invention was seized upon with avidity for trial if it promised a reduction in the costs of these handling operations. After twenty years of trial the Belt Conveyor and Aerial Ropeway holds the field today supreme against all rivals. Especially the Belt Conveyor. And it is in the light of this experience that the author has paid more attention to that part of his subject. This system stands on its ability to transport material in bulk with greater rapidity and economy than any other method. Give good erection and attention to detail in design, the Belt Conveyor, for this class of work, stands unrivalled.

The delivery of the paper was followed by an interesting discussion.

WORLD COURT
(Reuter's Service)

The Hague, Jan. 16.—The Government has nominated Professor Noleps, of the Amsterdam University, and Professor Vooys, of Delft, as assessors of the Court of International Justice to deal with cases arising from Labor questions.

PHILIPPINES TO BE SURVEYED BY MEDICAL BOARD

Rockefeller Foundation Will Send Commission To Islands

A survey of the Philippines especially with regard to the six important diseases, malaria, dysentery, yellow fever, intestinal diseases, cholera and smallpox, will be the chief work of the special representatives to be sent by the Rockefeller foundation in co-operation with the officials of the Philippine health service, according to Director Vicente de Jesus.

The director says that he knows of no plan on foot to reorganise his service. He explained that when Dr. Heiser was here insular officials expressed to him the desire of the government to have the foundation co-operate here, but that the foundation directors seemed to have been waiting only for a formal invitation as an assurance of government support and for a detailed report from Dr. Heiser of local conditions.

Director de Jesus presented Dr. Heiser with a plan for the proposed survey, inasmuch as it has been indicated that the foundation would not undertake any single-handed attack on any particular disease such as was proposed in the case of tuberculosis. Dr. de Jesus especially wanted the foundation officials to survey the malaria and intestinal disease situation in the islands, declaring that although these are responsible for a large proportion of deaths, only little is known as to their nature, extent and probable origin.

It was formerly believed that much could be done if the foundation would decide on engaging in a campaign against malaria owing to the extent of its resources the chief complaint of health officials being the scarcity of funds. In the census, Dr. Bantug states:

"With malaria, the fight has been carried on in a more desultory manner, except in a few cases where money and effort have not been stinted in the eradication of the disease. Oiling, screening, drainage by ditching and canalisation, filling up of lowlands where drainage was impracticable, the construction of gate-locks to prevent the flooding of lowlands at high tide, have all been employed in these localities, but these measures are far beyond the resources of many infected municipalities."

In 1918 alone, 33,866 died of malaria.

S'hai Students Successful In H'kong Exams

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hongkong, Jan. 17.—The results of the Hongkong University examinations show that Yui Zong-chen of the Neih Chih-kuei School, Shanghai, and Koh Kwang-sang of the Griffith John College, Hankow, passed the Matriculation Examination with Honors, while the number of Shanghai candidates who passed is five, Hankow four, and Wuchang six. In the Senior Local Examination Shanghai secured seven passes and Hankow one, while in the Junior Local Shanghai had 27 (26 boys and one girl) and Hankow five (boys).

Now Let New Year Coast Into Town

For the benefit of those readers of The China Press who do not live in Shanghai and also to keep intact the daily record of events, let it be set down that it snowed yesterday. It was only a puny effort of the weather man, but the snowfall, such as it was, served to put at rest the concern of the Chinese who hold that unless it snows before the Chinese New Year a period of distress will follow.

The first snow of the winter fell about a month earlier this year than last year and its chief effect was only to make more miserable the lot of the downtrodden richa boy. For a space the roofs of houses were whitened and miniature drifts appeared in isolated corners. The streets of the Settlement were only made more muddy than usual at this season.

About 4 o'clock in the afternoon the snow which had begun to fall shortly before the noon hour was no longer in evidence as the skies cleared at that time giving the faintest hint of sunshine and the temperature dropped sharply with the result that Shanghai experienced last night one of the coldest nights of the winter.

S. AFRICAN STRIKE
(Reuter's Service)

Johannesburg, Jan. 16.—Owing to the strike large batches of natives are being marshalled in the compounds for entrainment to various destinations in South Africa and Portuguese East Africa.

Johannesburg, Jan. 16.—It is officially stated that as the result of this morning's conference between the Chamber of Mines and the Industrial Federation, it is hoped that proposals will be submitted which will result in the settlem ' of the coal dispute.

PACKERS GET WRIT
(China Press Service)

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 16.—Federal Judge Wade today signed a temporary injunction restricting members of the ten packing house workers' unions from unlawfully picketing the plants of the "Big Five" packers, using violence or intimidating workers.

Commission To Meet In Shanghai To Revise Tariff

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Jan. 17.—The communique issued today detailing the agreement regarding the revision of the Chinese Customs Tariff to make the rates equivalent to five percent, says: A commission shall meet at Shanghai at the earliest practicable date in order to effect a revision forthwith and on the general lines of the last revision. The commission shall comprise representatives of the Nine Powers and representatives of any other Powers recognized by the Powers at the present Conference who have treaties with China providing for the tariff on imports and exports not exceeding five percent ad valorem, and desire to participate. The revision shall proceed as rapidly as possible with a view to its completion in four months. The revised tariff shall take effect as soon as possible but not before two months after its publication by the Revision Committee.

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THRIFT WEEK 1922

THRIFT WEEK 1922

BUDGET DAY

To manage your financial affairs wisely demands that you apportion your expenditures on the basis of your income. Here is where a budget helps. Its exact form depends on the individual case—the important factor is to draw up some kind of a schedule and then FOLLOW IT.

Here is a suggested budget that many have found practicable: Food 25%; Shelter, including rent and taxes, 20%; Clothing 15%; Savings and Investment 10%; Cultural, including books, recreation, benevolences, etc., 15%; operating expenses, medical, laundry, etc., 15%. Draw up a budget for 1922 and live up to it. You'll enjoy the experience.

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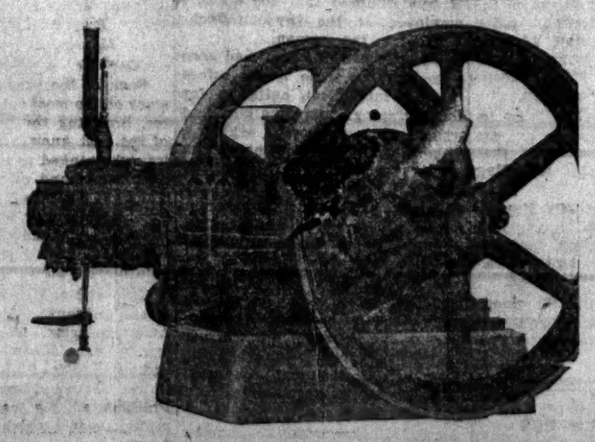

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La Semaine Parfumee Baccarat Grand Luxe. (French Perfumery Set—on display at our main store) VALUE.....$75

SECOND PRIZE :
Assorted Groceries and Delicacies VALUE.....$50

THIRD PRIZE :
One Hamper Assorted Imported Wines VALUE.....$30

Numbered tickets will be given at both our stores to every customer making a purchase in person, from now until January 31st, when the winning tickets will be decided by a drawing to be held at our office, No. 10 Kiukiang Road, at 5:30 p.m., in the presence of a committee chosen from amongst our customers. The winning numbers will be duly announced in this paper.

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BRANCH STORE: 768 BROADWAY

Opium Smugglers Most Artful Of World's Dodgers

(Continued from Page 1)

moving banana stall go by him without reaching out his hand, the Sikh acted up to form and took a handful. The first peanut he opened was disappointing as a collation, but interesting from the standpoint of a chemist or the Mixed Court. The Sikh immediately laid a barrage and began some heavy shelling, the result of which showed that every nut was a little repository of opium. We believe that the coolie's mail address is still the Ward Road Jail.

THE DREAMY HERRING

Then there was the case of the boarding-house guest who arrived for dinner just as the boy had whisked away the last quivering fragment of cornstarch pudding and who tried to console himself by sending out for a can of kippered herring. When the can was opened, the herring didn't exactly begin to sing, like the pie in the nursery rhyme, but at least it behaved strangely unlike fish. A little olfactory investigation proved that the man was the unwitting owner of some al stall-fed opium. In this case we believe that no arrests were made, though the police kept local shop-keepers busy with the can-opener for some days afterwards.

A Tls. 5,000 haul was achieved in December 1920, when a policeman of suspicious tendencies arrested a coolie with several planks on the mezzanine floor of his wheel-barrow. This coolie disproved the old adage about the early bird, because it happened that he excited the policeman's curiosity by starting to work two hours before the usual zero hour. When his unexplained cargo was investigated at the police station, it turned out that each plank was hollow and that crowded in its interior were many fat packets of the "black dice."

The largest haul on record in Shanghai was made some months ago when a motor-truck was searched and over $100,000 worth of opium discovered. Though not all those implicated were arrested, the loss of this amount must have meant much wailing and gnashing of teeth among the brethren who invest their capital in the dream-bringing pellets.

There have been instances of opium concealed in zinc blocks. There are many records of its storage inside of bamboo poles, and the police have frequently found it in the partition between rooms. But to our mind the high-water mark of originality was reached when an ingenious smuggler made an attempt to conceal his contraband in the baggage of Sir Robert Hart, former Inspector-General of Customs. A similar case occurred in January, 1919, when $16,000 worth of the drug was discovered hidden with the luggage of Sir Francis Aglen, the present Inspector-General, during a trip to Shanghai from Hongkong. Though the opium was found before the landing of the ship, an innocent-looking launch took most of it off during the night and dumped it overboard.

Missionaries, foreign officials, and others of unquestioned standing have often been embarrassed by the discovery of opium in their luggage, placed there by an alert house-boy interested in making a little money on the side.

CLOSING 'EM UP

Licensed opium dens were closed gradually by the drawing of lots, just as the brothels are being eliminated today. Even in the height of their public popularity, however, the dens were never the richly hung, gold embroidered, softly illuminated, and incense-bathed establishments that novels and melodramas would lead us to believe. They were always sordid little shops, characteristically dirty, and since the loss the clandestine dens still in existence have become even grimier and shabbier than before.

Though the play, "The Man Who Came Back," shows foreigners in a Shanghai opium den and assumes that such dates are a regular part of the local social life, an inspector of long service told us that he had seen only one foreigner in an opium resort during all his experience here. Which fact upsets another popular fairy-tale.

There are a few foreign opium victims in the city, but they prefer to indulge their vice privately. A person who has written anonymous letters to the China Press for five months entertains strange delusions which have caused the Police Department to recognise him as a opium sufferer. Judging from the two or three letters which we read, he believes that he is an instructor in an institution that doesn't exist and that his commands are carried out by twelve spiritualistic mediums. Twisted ideas of this sort are common among opium victims, who always imagine strange things regarding their circumstances in life. But as far as we know, however, Shanghai has produced no literary DeQuinceys.

A large part of the opium in Shanghai today is said by the Police Department to have been imported from Persia through Siberia. But high prices and official vigilance have caused to pass away forever the days when opium-smoking was "play pidgin" to a great proportion of the Chinese population. Only those indulge now to whom the little black ball is a matter of life and death, and the curling bluish smoke the only comfort left in their shattered existence.

Incidentally, we are reminded that the word "poppy" itself according to Sir Joseph Paxton's Botanical Dictionary, comes from the same source as "pap," because the juice was once regularly put in children's food to lull them off to sleep.

WILL LECTURE ON ANCIENT SIANFU

Professor Osvald Siren, Ph. D., of Stockholm, will lecture at the Royal Asiatic Society tomorrow afternoon, giving his impressions of Sianfu, the ancient capital. The lecture will be illustrated by lantern slides.

Professor Siren's activities in the world of art have been very extensive, and he has contributed much toward a better understanding of the subject. He is equally well-known on the continent of Europe and in America, where he has lectured at the great Universities. The Yale University Press has published a large work on Leonardo da Vinci, by Professor Siren, and he has also lectured on the Early Italian Primitives at Harvard. The Harvard University Press published his two-volume work on Giotto and some of his followers. He has travelled in the Far East and lectured in Japan, and for many years he has been a regular contributor to various art magazines, particularly in Italy.

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ANCIENT ODES OF CHINA TOPIC OF CLUB PAPER

Miss Ethel Lacy Addresses Meeting At Carlton Cafe

In spite of inclement weather a good number turned out for the regular meeting of the American Woman's Club held yesterday afternoon at the Carlton Cafe. At the introductory business meeting it was announced that Mrs. Healey had been elected treasurer by the Executive Committee to fill the unexpired term of Mrs. Lunkley who resigned because of ausence from the city.

The following ladies were elected to serve as Nominating Committee: Mrs. W. W. Lockwood, Mrs. J. B. Sawyer, Mrs. G. C. Stockton, Mrs. James Macbeth, and Mrs. J. H. Gray.

Announcements were made for the Social Service Committee that the work of securing memberships and contributions for the American Red Cross was being undertaken by the Club in the residence section, Mr. T. E. Doremus, President of the American Association, having taken over the responsibility of collecting funds from the downtown district. Secondhand clothing was requested to be sent to the Charities Organisation at 5a North Soochow Road which is much in need of warm garments for its work among the needy of Shanghai.

The meeting of the Mothers Department was announced for this morning at ten o'clock at the Carlton Cafe. Dr. J. H. Gray will speak on the importance of exercise in the development of the child and at this meeting arrangements will be made for holding a special meeting of the department at which Mrs. H. S. Houghton's paper on "Discipline" will be presented.

PLAN TEA DANCE

The Social Department of the Club will give a tea dance at the Astor House on St. Valentine's Day, February 14, the proceeds from which will be devoted to the permanent equipment fund of the Club. Home-made cakes and other home dainties will be some of the pleasant adjuncts of this affair.

The Literary Department reminded those present of its meeting on Friday at 4:30 at the Royal Asiatic Society's Rooms, where Mrs. R. P. Roberts is to give a paper on "The Civilisation of the Shang Dynasty" and Mrs. H. S. Dickerson one on "The Rise of Feudalism."

The program for the afternoon was in the hands of the Literary Department and the chairman, Mrs. H. A. Wilbur, said in introduction that in order to present to the Club most vividly the period which the department was studying—the Shang and Chow Dynasties—it seemed best to choose a poetic representation, since the odes of that time portrayed so effectively the so-called "Chinese mind" and expressed fundamental emotions so that they could be easily understood by an audience of today.

MISS LACY IS SPEAKER

Miss Ethel Lacey then presented a charming paper on "The Odes as Windows to the Past," giving a brief historical account of "The Book of Poetry" but depending in the main on a skilful selection of the poems to show the life and spirit of that far away time. Miss Lacey reads with great sympathy and insight and under her adroit guidance the audience gained acquaintance with Chinese heroes such as King Wan, his bride, his wondrous tower, heard of a beautiful lady—"like blades of white grass were her fingers fine"—listened to laments for the Good Old Days, as popular then as now, and were touched by simple little poems of love, marriage and the family. Of particular interest was the poem "The Cloudy River" (the Milky Way) translated by Mrs. Florence Ayscough and rendered into verse by Miss Amy Lowell.

SAY NAVY MEN GET $100,000 FROM PEKING

The payment of $100,000 by Peking to naval officials here for disbursement among the long-unpaid personnel of the fleet is reported in the Chinese press. The report states that the local authorities have accepted the payment and have filed a demand for payments of $220,000 monthly and $700,000 to make up the entire arrears, declining before assurance of these payments is given to make any promises to release the salt revenue which is now being tied up by the warships in the Lianghu district.

NEW CANAL

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Jan. 16.—The Intransigeant learns that a new plan is afoot to build a canal between Metz and Diendenhofen, in Alsace-Lorraine.

Tea Dansant
To-day
Astor House
Ball Room
At 5:15 p.m.

American Answers Serious Charges; Gets Stiff Penalty

After shattering two windows of a limousine with his fists and terrorising two women who were in the car, Clifton Curtis of 9 Hankow Road smashed a pane of glass in the offices of the Sinclair Trust Company and afterwards tried to wreck a private ricsha before he was arrested on Monday evening, according to testimony given yesterday in the court of U. S. Commissioner F. J. Schuhl who at the conclusion of the hearing found Curtis guilty of charges of drunkenness and disorderly conduct and imposed drastic penalties, including a heavy fine and a jail sentence.

The women in the limousine were Mrs. Mildred Gibbings, wife of the Dunlop Rubber Company, and Mrs. Catherine Rhodes. Both testified that Curtis had attacked their chauffeur and had then turned upon them after he had broken the windows of their car. In the encounter Mrs. Gibbings was choked, but escaped with the aid of her chauffeur.

Curtis admitted he had been drinking heavily on Monday afternoon, but asserted he was unable to remember anything after he had left his office. He was fined $100 and costs and sentenced to serve 30 days in the American prison and in addition was ordered to pay Tls. 35 to Mrs. Gibbings for damages done to her limousine, $12 to the Sinclair Trust Company for the broken glass and $10 to Tsa Ah-doo for damages done to the private ricsha.

SKATING CARNIVAL

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Jan. 14.—The Peking Club's Fancy Dress Skating Carnival will be held on the night of January 30.

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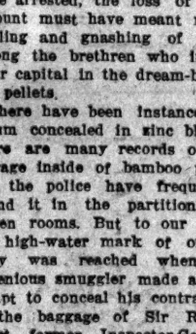

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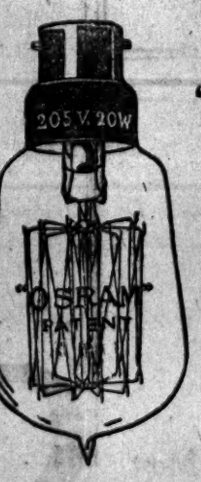

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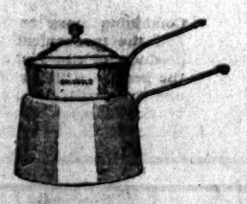

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Tea Cups and Saucers	" "	7.75	" "	5.40
Coffee Cups and Saucers	" "	8.50	" "	6.90
White Meat Plates	" "	9.50	" "	6.80
Bread and Butter Plates	" "	7.75	" "	5.65

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COLOURED FLOWER VASES: MANY PATTERNS

HEAVY WHITE CHINA

Usual Price	$5.75	Sale Price	$4.00 per dozen
" "	7.50	" "	5.25 " "

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FRENCH SCHOOL TEACHERS ASKING PAY INCREASES

Many Public Officials Back Of Movement For Better Methods

Paris, December 15.—It is not surprising, considering the heavy financial obligations of France and the inadequacy of the state revenue that Parliament should have treated the claims of the teachers and the professors to a larger salary with more sympathy than practical approval. But the outcry has only increased. It is not so much those who are themselves engaged in the actual work of education as the onlookers who are protesting. The profession is insufficiently paid; the result must inevitably be a falling off in efficiency.

Such men as Senator Japy are taking up the teaching cause with ardor. It is probable, as the Conservatives in politics intimate, that among the professors and instructors there are those who inculcate anti-religious doctrines. Conditions are such as must inevitably create discontent among a certain section of instructors, while it is impracticable for the state to choose and to control unless it is prepared to pay salaries which will attract a sufficient number of teachers.

Mr. Japy would have French boys and girls in the primary schools compelled to follow a special course after they attain a certain degree of knowledge. It would be to the benefit of the village instructor, who now receives a very low salary, to give his pupils some notions of cultural methods and of bookkeeping. The classes could be held in the winter without interfering with the daily work.

EDUCATION FOR CHILDREN

As for children working in factories or engaged in commerce, it is more difficult to find free hours. Nevertheless it is recommended that the evening continuation school system which, apart from Paris, has been little developed in France, should be greatly extended.

The question is how the money can be found for these augmentations of expenditure. Economies can be made in other directions. Many communes have too many primary classes in which there are an absurdly small number of scholars. The suppression of these classes would make considerable difference. In one department of Havre alone it is estimated that 300,000 francs could be saved in abolishing useless schools. The example is typical. There are also too many teachers' colleges. It would be easy to rearrange the system and do away with colleges which have few pupils.

If primary instruction is susceptible of certain measures of economy, secondary instruction is in France badly organised. Here the average professor in spite of long preparation for his post, receives less than a post office clerk. Often he is compelled to take private pupils in leisure which should be given up to his own studies if he is to keep abreast of modern progress. It is contended that at present efforts to ameliorate his condition are scattered and money wasted.

Superior instruction in France is also generally agreed to be in a grave situation, and warm pleas are being put forward for a thorough reorganisation. There should be more concentration; at present too many French towns have their faculties, ill-equipped and ill-paid. The drastic remedy is to suppress some of them in order to improve the others.

MANY PROBLEMS

In the Senate these matters have been discussed without definite decision being taken. Another matter of interest was raised by Senator de Lamarzelle. It was said that when scholarships for secondary education are accorded, the parents of the successful pupil should have the right to choose between a public and a private establishment.

Apparently there is some justice in this demand; but the reply according to all good republicans, is as follows: In fact the bourse is accorded to the child, but it is accorded in the interest of the state. It is the interest of the state which must come first. The state, then, has the right to make its scholarships available only in its own establishments, and liberty of instruction has nothing to do with it.

Free establishments—which generally mean Roman Catholic schools—may teach as they please, but the state does not intend, directly or indirectly to subsidize these private schools. Therefore its scholarships are, as in the past, to be available only in those educational places which can be controlled by the state.

MUTT & JEFF — For A Moment Jeff Was Classing Himself With Washington And Lincoln — By Bud Fisher

FOR THE LOVE OF MIKE, MUTT, LAY ASIDE THAT BOOK! IT'S MIDNIGHT!
I COULD READ THIS "LIFE OF LINCOLN" ALL NIGHT!
LINCOLN'S LIFE IS AN INSPIRATION TO EVERY AMERICAN! HE WAS BORN IN A LOG CABIN AND BECAME PRESIDENT.
WHERE DOES THE INSPIRATION COME IN AT?
WHY, HIS LIFE SHOWS THAT WE'VE ALL GOT A CHANCE TO LAND IN THE PRESIDENTIAL CHAIR!
YOU MEAN I'VE GOT A CHANCE TO BECOME PRESIDENT?
SURE YOU'VE GOT A CHANCE—
A FAT CHANCE!
Fisher

-:- News Brevities -:-

The first order of Attorney-General Villareal upon assuming office in Manila, was the requirement that all reports and communications in the office be written in English. It is the first department in the Philippines to make such a sweeping order. In the past Spanish, English or the dialects have been allowed.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Hodges, who have been in England for the past three or four months, are returning to Shanghai on the Siberia Maru on January 20.

* * *

Mr. J. C. C. Ferguson of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, is returning on the Siberia Maru from a year's leave spent in England, France and Canada.

* * *

The Taiwan Electric Power Company, of Formosa, said to be the largest power plant in the Far East, has placed an order with the International Electric Company of New York for Yen 6,000,000 worth of equipment to be installed to distribute power to Taipeh and Takao, the principal cities of Formosa. The new plant will be completed by 1924.

* * *

The Customs Club will give a concert and dance on January 27 in aid of the Sir Arthur Pearson Memorial Fund for Disabled Soldiers and Sailors. Tickets may be obtained from the Secretary of the Club.

* * *

The next mail from the United States will arrive on the Siberia Maru on Friday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Nixon announce the birth of a daughter at the Victoria Nursing Home on January 16.

* * *

General Wu Pei-fu has taken over the trains of the Peking-Hankow Railway and freight service has been suspended according to the Chinese press.

* * *

The Chinese Volunteer Corps of Chapei, which was disbanded when Yuan Shih-k'ai was president, may be reorganised. The Chapei Merchants Union has called a meeting to discuss the reorganisation.

* * *

Central division of the Fire Department was called out about 9:30 Monday night to 10 Yuenningyuen Road, where the ceiling of a servant's room had taken fire from a defective chimney. A "first aid" jet sufficed to deal with the matter, the ceiling being only slightly damaged.

* * *

Three men believed by the police to be members of an organised gang of defrauders who have lately victimised many shopkeepers by securing goods with worthless checks, appeared in the Mixed Court yesterday and the case was remanded for one week to allow further investigation.

* * *

Keepers of lodging houses at 295 Hoopeh Road and 293 Chekiang Road were fined $30 and $20 respectively in the Mixed Court yesterday for allowing opium smoking in their establishments.

* * *

The regular weekly class at the New Thought Center, Kelly and Walsh Building meets today at 5:30 p.m. to study "Lessons in Truth," by Emilie Cady. A class for juniors is held on Thursdays at 4:30 p.m. and a healing circle is conducted every Friday at 5:30 p.m. at the Center. All interested are invited to attend.

* * *

Two Russians are under arrest in the Settlement police under suspicion that they are members of a band of armed robbers which entered a house in Chapei a few nights ago, stabbing a woman inmate. The three were charged at the Mixed Court yesterday and ordered remanded in custody for one week.

* * *

A Chinese who snatched a handbag from Mrs. Rauclerz last week was sentenced to one year's imprisonment by the Mixed Court yesterday.

* * *

A clerk who was convicted and sentenced a short time ago for embezzling from Messrs. Edward Evans and Son, was ordered released by Assessor Jacobs and Magistrate Li yesterday following the conclusion of an agreement whereby the man is to repay the amount owing to the company—$1,081—in four installments.

* * *

The coolie who was captured on Szechuen Road last week when he attempted to steal a handbag from Mrs. A. L. Brandt was sentenced to three months' imprisonment yesterday, the jail term to be followed by expulsion from the Settlement.

* * *

General Chen Chiung-ming is preparing a denial of the report that he is sending two representatives to Peking to discuss peace terms with Liang Shih-yi, with a view to unifying the country, according to the Kuo Wen News Agency.

* * *

Karl Helenius, Finnish seaman, was fined $5 by Assessor Jacobs and Magistrate Li of the Mixed Court yesterday for being drunk and disorderly and damaging property at the Hanbury Institute Monday afternoon. In reply to the court Helenius admitted being under the influence of liquor and said he did not know what he was doing.

* * *

Collectors of museum pieces of Chinese works of art should be interested in a magnificent blue cloisonne bowl standing on a heavy gilded bronze stand, stated to be from the Imperial Palace at Peking which L. Moore and Co. are offering for auction next Saturday.

* * *

In order to give members of the Art Section of the British Women's Association an opportunity of attending the lecture arranged by the Royal Asiatic Society to take place tomorrow at 5 Museum Road at 5:30 p.m., Dr. Stafford Cox has kindly consented to postpone his lecture at the B.W.A. until Thursday January 26. The R.A.S. lecture referred to will be given by Professor Osvald Siren Ph. D. professor of the History of Art in the University of Stockholm and is entitled "Some Impressions of Sianfu, the ancient capital of China."

* * *

The United Federation of Chinese Chambers of Commerce has asked the Bureau of Foreign Affairs for copies of commercial treaties between the Far Eastern Republic, Mexico, and Austria so that these may be brought up for discussion.

* * *

Dr. T. H. Lee tendered his resignation as chairman of the All China People's Diplomatic Association last evening, according to the Chinese press. As a representative of the Overseas Chinese Union, the letter of resignation pointed out, he found it contradictory to act as chairman of an association which the Union is opposing.

RUSSIA'S TRADE

(Rosta News Agency)

Moscow, Dec. 20.—The records of the Petrograd Department of Foreign Trade covering the period from January to December last year show that from the foreign states bordering on the Petrograd province, there were imported through Yamburg 16,146 carloads of various merchandise totalling 120 million poods. Of this amount 5,700,000 poods were foodstuffs and 1,660,000 poods were farming implements and machines. During the same period there were imported through Belosstroff 1,064 carloads of different goods.

UNIVERSITY HEAD SKEPTICAL ABOUT CIVILISATION

Culture Useless Unless Backed By Guns, Says Dr. Lim Of Amoy

(China Press Service)

Manila, Jan. 10.—"Destroy your native dialects and you are destroying the very root and essence of your nationality. You can never hope to make the man with the carabao speak in English. And yet, he also must have his say in government. What are you going to do with him? I believe that your dialects should be taught for three years in your elementary schools. The duties of man, such as obedience, honesty, friendship, love and religion as well as the duties of a citizen should be taught in native dialects. English should be a secondary and only high education."

Dr. Lim Boon-keng, president of Amoy University made the above statement today as his contribution to the local controversy over the proposed introduction of English as the official language of the Philippines.

"What is the use of civilisation, anyway?" he asked. 'Look at China. She is the most civilised nation in the world today, and yet what role does she play in international affairs. Let us be candid and admit truths that are self-evident. Civilisation is useless unless it is backed up by gunpowder.

"China is not a military nation. And this is explained by the fact that the profession of a soldier is looked down upon by the Chinese people as a degrading one. The farming profession is held in high esteem. The farmer is respected. His is a creative profession, not destructive. Unlike the soldier, he creates. He is not a parasite living only on the people's taxation. Just as the useless, rusty scraps of iron are made into nails in China, so the worthless men there are made soldiers."

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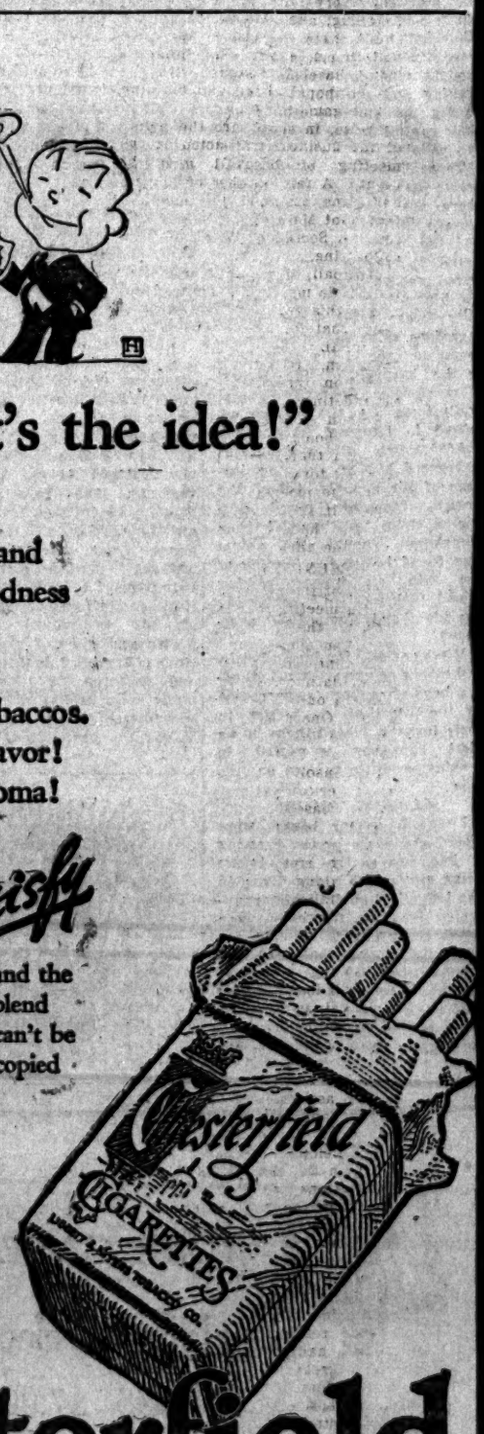

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China × Press × Sports

Bills Elected President, Herby Gallop Manager Of Shanghai Baseball Club

Members In Annual Meeting Plan Giant Boost For Game

Mr. Frederick P. Bills will be Shanghai's baseball mogul for the next year at least. He was selected as chairman of the Executive Committee of the Shanghai Amateur Baseball club, at their annual meeting held at the Carlton cafe last evening. The berth carries with it the title, honor and authority of President.

Herbert E. Gallop, the popular player, who took hold of the American Football Club this fall, when it was struggling for a start, and handled its affairs so well, was the unanimous selection for Manager. There were no other nominations.

Committee members were elected as follows:

Mr. F. P. Bills,
Mr. C. J. Smith,
Mr. F. W. McIntyre,
Dr. R. I. Clapp,
Mr. H. E. Gallop.

An Honorary Secretary and Treasurer to succeed Mr. Willson, and a temporary playing captain will be selected by the new committee. The post of captain will be filled later by direct vote of the players, when the squad is formed.

A fund of $200 was set aside for the use of the Shanghai American Football club, as needed, with the idea of insuring that organisation a start next fall in uniforms and necessary equipment.

TO AID SMALL CLUBS

From a brief discussion it was indicated that the Club would lend every aid in the way of coaching, and assistance in organising etc., to local college baseball teams, and to the Shanghai Hong Baseball League, with the idea of popularising and building up the game in China.

These, in short, are the points of the business transacted at the meeting of baseball men last night. A fair number of players and fans attended the meeting. President McIntyre presided, with retiring Secretary W. P. Willson supporting.

Baseball, it would seem, after the whole meeting is summed up, is due this year for the biggest boost that it has ever had in Shanghai. A fine feeling of optimism, friendliness and co-operation prevailed throughout the meeting. Each man present appeared to feel that the game was to boom; each gave the impression that they were prepared to work for its advancement, and when the meeting was adjourned each felt that a strong group of officials had been selected to guide the affairs of the club.

A FUND TO FOOTBALL

One of the most significant acts of the meeting was the voting to support the Football Club. It was even apparent that a general sentiment might be in favor of consolidating the two organisations in one of several possible ways. One suggestion was made that the Baseball Club organise a "Football Section," another was for a consolidation of the two into an American Athletic Union, to control baseball and football, and possibly basketball. It was decided, however that the time was not yet ripe for any decisive action along this line.

Mr. Gallop's suggestion that the Club give close attention and organised assistance to Chinese College baseball, with the idea of organising the colleges into a baseball league was met with full approval, as also was the question of closer co-operation with the Hong League Teams. Mr. Gallop offered in support of his suggestion that the game would be built up by assisting the colleges, and that Shanghai's first team would be benefitted beyond estimate by the developing of younger players through the Hong League. Both suggestions were favorably referred to the committee.

The Secretary's report showed a balance of M. $815.45 after sending a draft for G.$400.00 (M. $729.68) to America for supplies for the coming season.

President McIntyre in his speech referred to the successful season had in 1921. He voiced the regret of the Club over the recent loss of Mr. W. E. Sperry, an exceptional player held in high esteem by the full membership.

A vote of appreciation and thanks was recorded to the retiring officers.

FRENCH VICTORS

(French Wireless through Reuter)

Paris, Jan 16.—In an international football match between France and Belgium at Colombes on Sunday last, France won by two goals to one.

Standings In The Basketball League

	W	L.	PC.
Bearcats	9	0	1,000
Strokeside	7	1	875
American Trading	6	2	750
Public School	7	4	637
Bowside	6	4	600
Fear Dan'l	3	5	375
American School	3	5	375
Shanghai College	3	6	333
Anderson Meyer	1	9	100
Y. M. C. A.	0	9	000

"Y" BASKETEERS LOSE FOR NINTH STRAIGHT TIME

In a slow game marked by poor shooting by both sides, the Shanghai Public School basketball team defeated the Y. M. C. A. quintet on the "Y" floor last night. The score was 40-10.

Levis accounted for nine baskets for the School, Remedios gave seven more. For the "Y" Bartlett counted four times and Pettit once.

It was the "Y" team's ninth straight loss.

The scheduled match between the American School and Shanghai Baptist College at Yangtszepoo was not reported.

The score follows:

P. SCHOOL 40, Y. M. C. A. 10

Levis	LF	Pettit
Johansson	RF	Bartlett
Remedios	C	Roberts
Caccia	LG	Miller
Mahon	RG	Van Hook.

Goals from floor—Levis 9, Remedios 7, Bartlett 4, Johansson, 3, Caccia 1, Pettit 1.

Goals from fouls—None.

Referee—Mr. Moosa. Scorer—Mr. Woods.

Two games are scheduled for tomorrow night at the "Y". The Bearcats meet the Y. M. C. A. team at 8 o'clock, and the American Trading five play Fearon Daniels commencing at 9:15.

Revolver Club Out For Lady Members

The annual report of the Shanghai Revolver Club shows that during 1921, there were six monthly competitions for the experts medal and bar held as follows:

The club's members championship competition (Gold bar Paymaster G. H. Cope U. S. N., championship class, score 380 Gold medal F. T. Smith score 369).

The allcomers .45 cal championship competition (Gold bar T. Freeman. Championship Class score 279. Gold medal C. F. Fisher score 270).

The allcomers championship competition, any revolver or automatic pistol standard American 20 yard target. (Gold medal E. Moller score 401).

Experts medals were won by O. Smith; Com. G. B. Hartford R.N., R. Dawson, E. Moller, Mrs. E. Moller, and J. Stapley. Experts bars:—C. F. Fisher (two bars) F. C. Rawlins (one bar,) E. Moller (bar and spoon).

There was also held a special naval competition for a silver cup presented by one of the expert members, and won by R. Dawson H. M. S. "Bee" and also the Naval championship competition which was open to all the Officers and Men of the British and American Navies. (Gold medal won by R. Dawson, H. M. S. Bee score 272).

In 1921 27 members passed the test for Marksman. Since the Club was formed in 1921 there has been held 84 competition for the experts medal and bar. Seven members have qualified for the experts special class, 73 members qualified for experts and 440 Members qualified for Marksman, which includes 10 Lady experts and 36 Ladies in the Marksmans Class.

To encourage the women in the Far East to learn the art of revolver shooting an invitation has been issued to all Members of the British Womens Association offering free instruction and same will be extended to the American Women's Club on the formation of their sports section.

To dispel from the minds of any prospective Members that revolver shooting is an expensive sport, the following are the prices in connection with the Club: Annual Subscription which includes Membership and instruction for the wives and daughters $10.00 (from date of joining) and which entitles Members to the use of the Clubs revolvers, rifles, and supply of targets. Ammunition for target practice .38 Cal. $6.00 per 100. The Club has three ranges for either service weapons or miniature rifle shooting and, is lighted by electric light for night shooting.

There is also an experienced instructor to teach beginners with the automatic pistol—revolver, or rifle. The Club is at No. 2 Route Say Zoong, corner of Avenue Haig (old Siccawei Road) three minutes from either the Bubbling Well or Zay Zoong tram terminus.

Applications for Membership may be made to the Club's Secretary.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

HE AINT MADE A BID YET- I GUESS WERE GOOD SLATTERY
WE MUST BE GOOD- I WON TWO.- AN' YOU GOT TWO- CHARLEY AINT WON NOTHIN SO FAR
OH 4 20 - I'M A SPORT- VOTS A COUPLE DOLLARS BETWEEN FRIENDS HUH!!
THE OLD STUFF
GET THE WORK? THE DUTCHMAN IS LOSING PINOCHLE GAMES TO THE COPS ON THIS BEAT. AND THEY BELIEVE ITS ALL UP AN' UP
THEY'LL NEVER RAID THIS JOINT
INDOOR SPORTS
LAMPING THE BOSS OF THE SPEAK EASY AS HE LOSES PINOCHLE GAMES TO THE TWO JOHN LAWS ON HIS BEAT.
TAD 12-2

President F. P. Bills

The first player-president the Shanghai Amateur Baseball Club has ever had. Bills was elected chairman of the club's executive board at the annual meeting held last evening at the Carlton Cafe.

CARPENTIER'S LEFTS TO JAW WON OVER COOK

London, Jan. 16.—The story of the fight between Georges Carpentier and Cook, the Australian heavyweight champion, is much the same as told of every bout won by Carpentier and every scrap the Frenchman has been in with the exception of his July Fourth mixup with Jack Dempsey.

Against Cook Carpentier waited for his chance, then landed a left flush on Cook's jaw. As the Australian was falling into a clinch, Carpentier slammed two more rights to the jaw and Cook was counted out.

Carpentier started from the first gong, landing a right and left to Cook's head, the latter relying on infighting and scoring heavily. Round even.

Both were cautious in the second, Cook fearing Carpentier's terrible wallop and George's having learned a lesson from Dempsey's infighting. Carpentier shot a left to the jaw but Cook had a big advantage at the close range game. Round even.

In the third round Cook continued his infighting tactics, punishing Carpentier. Georges landed a left to the chin but Cook refused to box, again going in close and hammering the French champ. Carpentier's speed kept him out of trouble and cutting loose from the infighting, he rained lefts and rights to Cook's head and body, showing amazing speed. Carpentier's round.

Cook rushed from his corner to the fourth round and was met by a left to the jaw. It staggered him and Carpentier immediately followed up the advantage.

M. Deschamps, Carpentier's manager, said after the bout that he would wire Jack Kearns for a return match with Jack Dempsey. Dempsey had already signified his willingness to meet Carpentier again, this time in London, if the purse was big enough.

12 Teams Qualify In English Football

(Reuter's Service)

London, Jan. 16.—The following teams have won their replay matches in the first round of the competition proper for the Association Football Cup and have also qualified for the second which will be played on January 28: Huddersfield, Notts County, Bradford City, Swansea, Blackburn Rovers, Notts Forest, Arsenal, Fulham, Liverpool, Luton, and Barnsley.

Shanghai Golfers Lose To United Services In Friendly Trial Rounds

Singles And Foursomes Go To Home Team 5 Points To 3½

(Special To The China Press)

Hongkong, Jan. 17.—The interport golf team sent here by the Shanghai Golf Club to meet Hongkong were defeated by the United Services team in a friendly match today by five points to three and one half. The game was decided by singles and foursomes.

The point score follows:

SINGLES

Shanghai		United Services	
Ferrier	0	Bagnall	1¼
Barrett	0	Smith	0
Roberts	¼	Sheffield	1
Beath	0	Bowen	1¼
Cumming	0	Kennedy	0
Peebles	1	Jotham	¼
	1¼		3¾

FOURSOMES

Ferrier and Barrett	1	Bagnall and Smith	¼
Roberts and Beath	0	Sheffield and Bowen	1
Peebles and Cumming	1¼	Kennedy and Jotham	0
	2¼		1¼
Total	3½		5

BRITISH CHAMP WINS

(Reuter's Service)

London, Jan. 17.—In a twenty rounds contest at the National Sporting Club last night, for a purse of £950, Dick Smith, ex-Cruiser-weight Champion of Great Britain, outpointed Albert Lloyd, the Australian Cruiser-weight Champion.

The Body-building power of Bovril has been proved by independent scientific investigation to be from 10 to 20 times the amount taken.

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B. W. A. FAIR NETS OVER $14,000 FOR HOSTEL FUND

Over $14,000 was raised by the Christmas Fair held under the auspices of the Social Service Board of the British Women's Association. The fund goes toward the founding of a business women's hostel. The honorary treasurer's report follows:

Despite the fact that small sums of money continue to trickle in, it is thought advisable to delay publication of the figures in connection with the Christmas Fair no longer, the following statement being a correct account up to date. From this it will at once be seen that the proceeds of the Fair have far surpassed the most sanguine expectations, that owing to the generosity of friends the expenses were reduced to a minimum and that these, together with the loss on exchange on small money were covered leaving a handsome margin in hand. My Committee ask me to take this opportunity of extending their appreciation to a number of people whose names are not available. Presents were received anonymously by several of the stall-holders, many of the retail firms both gave lavishly and made as well considerable reductions on articles purchased. To one and all of these, to the stall-holders and their many helpers, to the ladies who made the tea arrangements such a signal success, to those who organised the entertainments and to the entertainers themselves both small and big, are offered my Committee's most cordial thanks.

Art Stall	$2,564.46
Christmas Tree	305.00
Dinners	12.00
Fancy Stall	1,394.46
Gardening Section	1,643.70
Literary Section	648.36
Lucky Dip	112.10
Mascot Stall	342.20
Musical Section	100.60
Perfumery Stall	741.70
Programs	31.60
Sports Section	882.90
Sweet Stall	540.00
Tea Stall	1,245.00
Toy Stall	598.17
Ticket Money	1,107.50
Subscriptions to Fair	80.00
Receipts for Advertisements	164.50
Rheims Cathedral Stall	426.00
Children's Refuge Stall	638.30
Foreign Women's Home Stall	200.00
Tea Dansant $312.00 less Expenses $502.88 and less on exchange	369.12
	$14,188.61

(Sgd.) L. DOUGLAS,
Hon. Treasurer, Social Service Board.

Empress Of Canada Making First Visit To Port In April

The Empress of Canada which is to be a new unit of the fleet of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services and which will be the largest passenger liner on the Pacific will make its first visit to Shanghai about April 10 next. The steamer which was built in England is proceeding to the Far East via Suez and is expected to sail from Hongkong about April 6 for Vancouver by way of Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.

The new steamer is a twin-screw geared turbine passenger liner, for service between Vancouver, Japan, China and Manila, was launched on August 17, 1920 from the yard of the builders, the Fairfield Shipbuilding & Engineering Co., Ltd., at Govan, Glasgow.

This vessel, which is the largest liner yet built by the Fairfield Company will also be the largest mail and passenger steamer running on the Pacific.

The principal dimensions of the Empress of Canada are:

Length overall	653' 0"
Breadth	77' 9"
Depth to Bridge Deck	53' 6"
Gross Registered Tonnage	22,500 tons

Hangchow Favored With Big Snow Flurry

(China Press Correspondence)

Hangchow, Jan. 17.—If snow storms bring happy new years Hangchow and vicinity are in for one filled with happiness. The first snow of the winter began to fall yesterday and has continued for more than twenty-four hours. There are still no signs of a let-up. The New Year spirit is already showing itself in the city. The cake and confection shops are filled to the ceilings with the special beaten "head reversed" New Year cakes.

The merchants along the principal streets of the city are uniting in an effort to bring back again the sort of celebrations they used to have before republics were heard of in China. Bamboo arches which will be decorated with greenery, flags and lanterns on new year's day are being erected at regular intervals along the streets. The merchants have learned that the more nearly they can reproduce the spirit and celebration of former days the greater the amount of business they do, so they have begun already to make it a noisy time. Bands are being engaged to add to the excitement and the noise. The line of greatest decorations, bands and noise runs along the modern paved street leading from the railway station to West Lake.

France's Outlook Gloomy, He Says

(China Press Service)

Paris, Jan. 18.—M. Peret, president of the Chamber of Deputies, today declared in speaking to a group of newspapermen that the situation here is gloomy and the "darkest since the early days of the war."

Troops Sent To Amur Provinces

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Jan. 18.—The Cabinet, the Waichiaopu and the Ministry of War have telegraphed to the Tuchuns of Kirin and Heilungkiang saying that messages from the Chinese Chambers of Commerce in the Amur provinces have been received expressing anxiety on behalf of Chinese merchants at Habarovsk, owing to the presence of the White troops. Generals Sun Lieh-chun and Wu Chun-sheng were, therefore, instructed to send troops to the frontier with a view to impressing upon the White force the necessity to respect the lives and property of Chinese.

In replying to this communication General Wu said that he has sent extra troops to the bank of the Amur River and had instructed the Taoyin at Heiho to secure an interview with the White leaders and endeavor to get an undertaking that Chinese residents should not suffer through the Russian military operations in that region.

MILLER RETURNS

J. W. Miller will return to Shanghai to face charges likely to be filed against him in connection with losses sustained in exchange transactions by the Philippine National Bank, of which he was the Shanghai manager. The local Branch is now closed.

News of Miller's offer to return was given to newspaper men in Manila by Governor-General Leonard Wood of the Philippine Islands, who said he received the information from private sources in America.

TARIFF BASIS

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Jan. 16.—The Republican members of the Senate Finance Committee have tentatively agreed that the basis for assessing import duties shall be the American wholesale price at the time the article was shipped to America.

Obituary

MR. W. G. LAY

(Reuter's Service)

London, Jan. 16.—The death has occurred of Mr. W. G. Lay, formerly commissioner of Chinese Customs.

Soldiers To Rule Texas Oil Town

(China Press Service)

Austin, Tex., Jan. 16.—Governor Neff today issued a statement in which he declared that martial law would remain in force in the territory surrounding Mexia until every vestige of lawlessness had disappeared. The situation is now reported quiet, and the undesirables are leaving the district.

U. S. To Have Civil Aviation Bureau

(Foreign Press Service)

Washington, Dec. 15.—Legislation to carry out the recommendations of President Harding with respect to the creation of a Bureau of Civil Aviation has been introduced into the United States Senate and also into the House of Representatives.

The proposed bureau would be established the Department of Commerce and be supervised by a commissioner, the object being to "encourage, foster and regulate" civil aviation. The several score functions which would be assigned to the bureau include provisions to lay out air routes and landing fields, license pilots, inspect plane construction, and fix regulations governing the carrying of passengers and freight by the civil craft.

The request of President Harding for Federal legislation regulating aeronautics has the support of virtually all aviation experts in the Government service, who feel that this would go far toward stabilising aviation, lowering hazards and promoting development.

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Hughes Is Called 'Scrapping' Founder

New York, Dec. 15.—Mr. Hughes is aptly and amusingly described as the founder of a new industry—the ship scrapping industry—in a recent editorial in the New York Evening Post. In support of this assertion may be quoted a recent despatch from Washington to the effect that "the Paymaster General of the Navy has invited representative groups of financiers, steel operators, shipbuilders, scrap dealers, chambers of commerce, and editors of trade papers," to meet at the Philadelphia Navy Yard in the near future "with a view to determining the best method of developing the ship-scrapping industry in the United States."

Railroad Strike Called At Dublin

(Special To The China Press)

Dublin, Jan. 15.—A general rail strike has been called as a protest against the refusal of the managers to meet the officers of the workers' unions to discuss the company's proposal to abrogate the union wage scale.

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Debt Funding Bill Is Approved

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Jan. 16.—The Finance Committee of the Senate has approved the Allied Debt Funding Bill, with a few modifications, notably the elimination of the original provision fixing the rate of interest at not less than five percent.

The Senate has adopted Senator McCormick's resolution asking the State Department to furnish information regarding the financial affairs of European Governments, especially concerning expenditure for military purposes.

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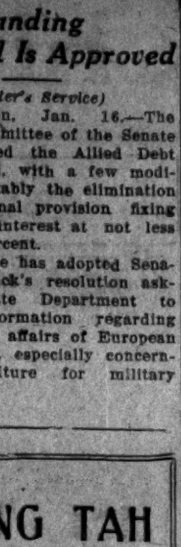

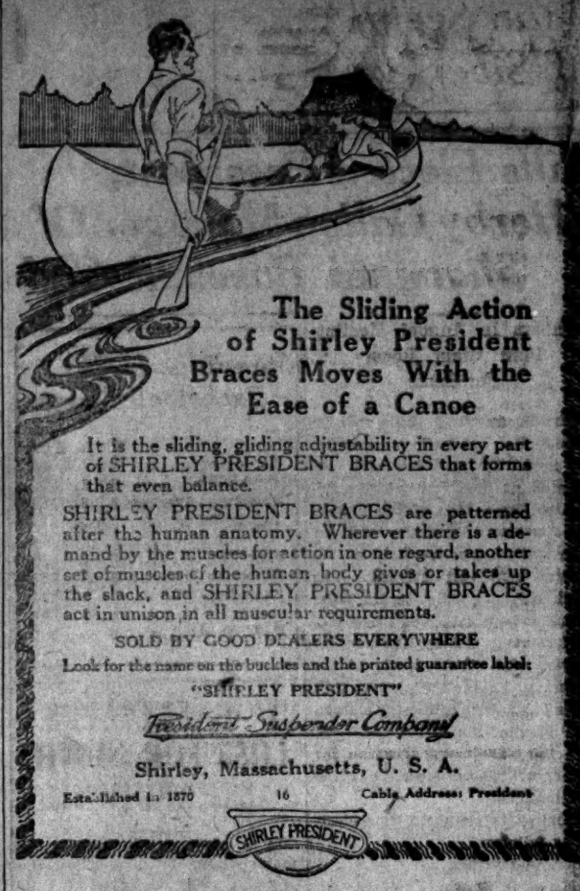

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By constantly using them, you are insuring your health without paying premium. Why? because we are the only manufacturers of Aerated Waters East of London (or for the matter of that anywhere outside of London), who have an Analytical laboratory, equipped with the latest instruments and appliances for testing water and a competent manager to carry out same. The water used for the preparation of our Aerated Waters is tested daily in our laboratory.

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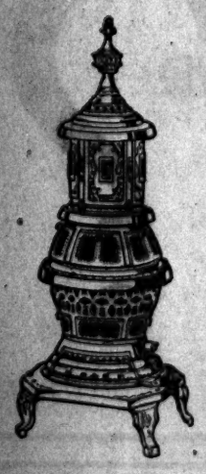

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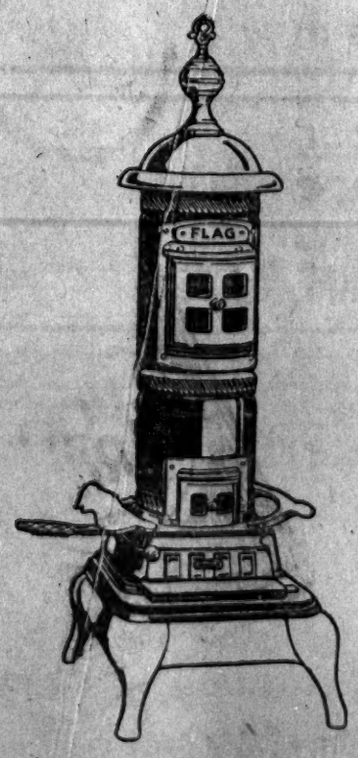

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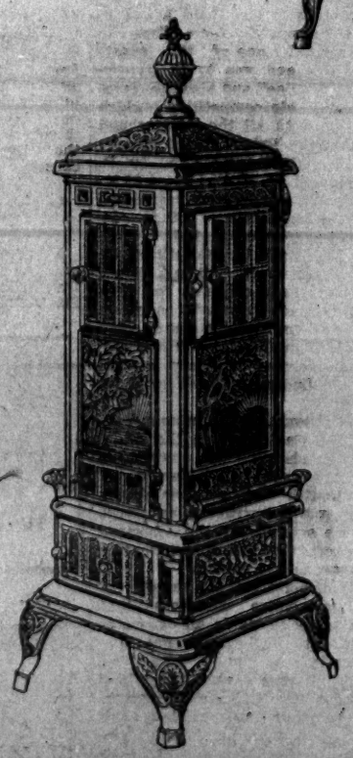

MADISON SQUARE

Japan Seeking Control Of Siberia Through Treaty

(Chung Mei News Agency)

Peking, Jan. 14.—The Tokio Yorodsu, a prominent Pan-Japanese organ, has published what purports to be the terms of a treaty between Japan and the Far Eastern Republic, as submitted to the Chita delegates at Dairen by the Japanese representative at the Dairen Conference.

As published by the Yorodsu, the treaty which Japan offers to the Far Eastern Republic consists of the following seventeen articles:

1. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic formally declares that it not based on the principles of communism.

2. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic recognises as valid all the agreements concluded in the past between the Japanese Military Command and the different Governments of the Russian Far East.

3. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic confirms the agreement already entered into with the Chinese Government with regard to navigation on the Amur River.

4. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic confirms the validity of the old Fishing Convention until such time as a new agreement shall be signed.

5. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic agrees to recognise the accredited representatives of the Imperial Japanese Government in the cities of Chita, Blagovestchensk, Habarovsk, Nikolaievsk-on-Amur, Vladivostok and other important points and cities in the Russian Far East.

PEACE AND ORDER

6. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic undertakes to establish and maintain peace and order throughout the Russian Far East, and to conclude absolute peace with the Maritime Provincial (Merkuloff) Government, and not to furnish cause for further disorder or anarchy.

7. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic agrees to afford absolute safety and protection of life and property to foreigners resident in the Russian Far East.

8. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic agrees to dismantle the fortifications in and near the port of Vladivostok and simultaneously, to declare Vladivostok a free port.

9. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic concedes to foreigners residing within its territory the right to lease land for a period of thirty years.

10. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic undertakes to permit the exportation from its territory of timber and lumber and to allow foreign capital to participate in this enterprise, and it also undertakes to assist in every possible way in the organisation and construction of means of communication.

11. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic recognises the right of foreigners to exploit mines in the Russian Far East and agrees to permit foreign capital to participate in the exploitation of such mines. It also agrees to the establishment of new regulations covering the hiring of Russian labor.

12. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic engages itself to recognise the right of any person to engage in free trade on the basis of the principles generally recognised and established for the conduct of commercial enterprises. This recognition extends also to foreigners. The Government of the F. E. R. at the same time agrees not to engage in trade obstruction and in requisitioning.

13. Following the conclusion of this agreement the especially appointed representatives of Japan and the Far Eastern Republic shall discuss the question of establishing a new customs tariff.

14. The principles already laid down for the granting of concessions by the Far Eastern Republic to Soviet Russia shall apply to all concessions to be granted by the F. E. R.

15. The Government of the Far Eastern Republic undertakes not to disturb the public order within the territory of the Japanese Empire by conducting propaganda.

16. The question of the evacuation of the Japanese Army of occupation from the territory of the Russian Far East will be the subject of a special agreement after the trade agreement has been concluded.

17. Representatives of the Imperial Japanese Government and of the Far Eastern Republic shall exchange with one another ratifications in duplicate, of the present agreement, these ratifications to be written in both the Japanese and the Russian languages.

SOME DIFFERENCES

From authoritative sources in Peking the Chung Mei News Agency learns that the seventeen articles published by the Yorodsu are substantially the terms submitted to the Chita delegates at Dairen by Mr. Amatsushima. There are, however, some differences between the terms actually offered and the terms published by the Yorodsu, and these differences deserve attention.

The Yorodsu's version of the proposed treaty, or agreement, consistently uses the word "foreigners," thus implying that other foreigners besides the Japanese are to benefit under the terms of the treaty. Thus the Yorodsu's version would indicate that Japan is conducting the Dairen negotiations as much for the benefit of the world at large as for her own advantage.

In this connection, however, the Chung Mei News Agency is able to state definitely that the terms submitted by Mr. Matsushima at Dairen contained no mention of "foreigners." In the Yorodzu's version read "Japanese" instead of "foreigners" and you have to all intents and purposes the official proposals of the Imperial Japanese Government.

From well-informed American sources the Chung Mei News Agency understands, furthermore, that it is not apparently Japan's policy to encourage or support foreign, as distinguished from Japanese, enterprise in the Russian Far East.

Concessions granted to Americans and other foreigners, who are not Japanese within the territory of the Far Eastern Republic are now being operated by the Japanese under special contracts with the Merkuloff Government, and the foreigners who originally obtained their concessions from Chita can obtain no redress. That most of these concessions lie in territory to the West of Manchuli, hundreds of miles beyond the frontiers of the Merkuloff Government, makes no difference, according to the informant. The Japanese have the concessions and have the force with which to back up their claims. So the concessionaires with rights from Chita are frozen out.

There will, according to this American informant, be no safe opportunity for American, British and Chinese investment in the Russian Far East until the questions outstanding between the Far Eastern Republic and Japan are settled on the basis of equity and justice, so that the Far Eastern Republic can give an open field and no favor to all, without fear of intervention from Japan.

NAIL SHIPMENT BASIS OF SUIT IN BRITISH COURT

Damages in the sum of £2,123.10.4 are asked in a suit filed by Messrs. Arnaud Coste and Dent against Messrs. Dowler, Forbes and Company which was heard yesterday in the British Supreme Court. The action is based upon alleged refusal to accept delivery of a shipment of 1,000 kegs of nails in accordance with the terms of a contract. Mr. E. L. Hartopp appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. H. Lipson Ward for the defendants.

Mr. Hartopp in outlining the case, said that there was no real dispute as to the facts in the case. He explained that the price of wire nails had depreciated considerably on the Shanghai market between the date that the contract was made and the time of the alleged breach, and this was the real reason why the case was before the Court.

Under the contract the goods were to be shipped from England in August or September, 1920, but the plaintiffs were not to be responsible for late or deferred shipment for the whole or any part of the goods, he said. The shipment was deferred, and the goods were not shipped till four months later he said.

Mr. Lipson Ward, who appeared for the defendants, pleaded that the goods did not arrive in time, and were not sent in one shipment. The defendants did not receive any notice of the arrival of the cargo nor were they tendered any document to which they were entitled on arrival of the goods, he said. A portion of the cargo arrived in December, another in January, 1921, and the balance in March, 1921.

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The Charity League
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Thursday, January 26
5.15 to 8.00 p.m.
$1.00 Admission $1.00
Tea will be served at or special rate.
2 Prizes for each Dance
(1 for lady, 1 for gentleman)
Tickets at the door or from any member of the Committee.
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You'll be thrilled at the surge and crash of the spectacular shipwreck action. Your blood will tingle at the man to man fight scenes.

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THE STORY: Gismonda is a beautiful Athenian duchess for whose hand and riches the neighbouring nobles are vieing. She spurns all offers of marriage and devotes herself wholly to affairs of state and to the care of her four-year-old son. When, through the trickery of Prince Zaccaria, one of her suitors, this child supposedly falls into a well where a lion is confined, the grief-stricken mother, vowing under the shadow of the Cross to marry the man who saves her child, she renounces her vow when a simple huntsman of Plebian birth rescues and returns the boy to his mother, trouble ensues. How this Huntsman finally wins her love and she comes to the full realisation of her love for him and publicly exposes him, is told in a series of highly dramatic situations filled with thrills.

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On Wednesday and Thursday, January 18th and 19th
JESSE L. LASKY
PRESENTS
BRYANT WASHBURN
IN
"SOMETHING TO DO"
SHE "knew" that he was a "fake" count and she despised him for it.
He was doing it to help her though. You see he was a useless millionaire who wanted "something to do."
Did he do something? Did he! Was his disguise effective? Too much so! It surely is a great comedy. Come, won't you?

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Commencing Thursday, January 19th for 4 Nights
ALLAN DWAN presents
A PERFECT CRIME
A Comedy Drama by Carl Clausen

The story of a soft guy turned hard
An Associated Producers Production

Arctic Explorer Hopes To Reach Pole In Airplane

The dream of which Andrée, the Swedish explorer, gave up his life a quarter of a century ago may be realised by Amundsen, his Norwegain rival—but with improvements made possible by almost 25 years of aeronautic invention. There were no airplanes in Andree's day. He convinced the daring idea of reaching the North Pole in a balloon, brought more or less under control by the aid of heavy guide ropes dragging over the ice fields. With two companions he started from Danes Island, north of Spitzbergen, on June 11, 1897, at 2:30 p.m. An hour later the balloon had disappeared from sight.

Later was found a buoy that Andree had thrown out that night, containing a formal record of his position—82 north latitude, 25 east longitude—and the statement that the balloon was travelling at an altitude of 800 feet above a rugged ice field. And that was the last authentic news that the world ever heard of the explorer, his companions or his balloon, although for some years some wild story of Andree relics would come out of the North.

Capt. Roald Amundsen, whose feat in reaching the South Pole has given him world-wide reputation, proposes to use two airplanes in his dash to the North Pole next summer. He will take them North on the schooner Maud when he sails from Seattle in the spring. They will be piloted by two Norwegian aviators, one from the army and the other from the navy.

THE IDEAL METHOD

Amundsen is a skilled aviator and has convinced himself that the airplane is the ideal vehicle for the last lap on a Pole hunt. The misadventures of a ship in the ice have ever imposed vexatious obstacles to the Polar explorer. The Maud's propeller was broken near the coast of Siberia last fall, compelling the postponement of Amundsen's present expedition. He had planned to draft with the ice pack to the neighborhood of the Pole, but now he is convinced that the air is the only logical route.

Andree had the same intuition, but lacked the equipment to put it fairly to the proof. In those days the Wright brothers were still repairing bicycles, unconscious of the wonderful mission awaiting them. The only soaring that man had accomplished was in a basket attached to a gas bag.

The balloon he prepared for his Polar adventures was the largest ever constructed, designed to carry five tons of supplies as well as its passengers. From the cap of the gas bag to the floor of the wicker car it measured almost 100 feet. The basket was covered with waterproofed sail cloth. It had two small windows and a roof, which served as an observatory.

Cooking was done on a stove suspended twenty feet below the car, to avoid the danger of blowing up the gas bag. The flame of the stove could be lit or extinguished by pulling a string. A large wooden ring surrounded the observatory, and to the outside of this were lashed the sledge, dog harness, snowshoes, oiled silk boat, picks, shovels and other odds and ends that Andree thought he might need on the roof of the world. Inside the ring were suspended supplies of pemmican, butter, fresh water, champagne, brandy, condensed milk, chocolate and other goodies, not to mention thermometers, barometers, theodolites, compasses, sextants, cameras and so on.

NOT A RELIC FOUND

A trapdoor in the observatory floor led down into the cabin which was lined with books and other comforts. On the floor was a mattress topped with sleeping bags of reindeer skin. Altogether, in fact, the "Eagle" was the best equipped balloon that had ever taken to the air. Prof. Andree's companions were Dr. Ekholm, a Swedish meteorologist, and Nils Strinberg, a scientific man of Stockholm.

From Labrador, Northern Siberia and other Arctic points in later years weird legends of Andree's fate have filtered through to civilisation, but none has ever been authenticated and most have borne the stamp of fiction. One adventurer from the wilds of northwest Canada spun a yearn of a tribe of Eskimos who told of a large "bubble" falling from the heavens with two creatures believed to be devils, one of whom was killed by the Eskimos while the other was left to his fate. But although every part of Andree's balloon and equipment was stamped for identification, not a shred of a relic was ever discovered.

PRINCE OF WALES STARTS ON 'TREK' ACROSS INDIA

Royal Visitor Reaches Half Way Time Mark Of Tour

(Reuter's Service)

Madras, Jan. 17.—Today is the half-way time-mark of the Prince of Wales's India tour. It finds him starting on a long trek right through Central India, up into the heart of Cashmir.

His Royal Highness spent this morning snipe-shooting on the Ghats, 30 miles from Madras, and is returning to attend the races this afternoon. After dining at the Madras Club he will leave for Bangalore.

Madras, Jan. 16.—Life in Madras today swung back to its normal, semi-languid course. The pongal festival is over, the bazaars have reopened and nobody is even mentioning hartals or riots.

The Prince of Wales had a busy day with formal minor functions. After inspecting the Leinster Regiment, formerly the Prince of Wales's Own Royal Canadians, His Royal Highness visited St. Mary's Church at Fort St. George, the oldest English church in India, which was completed in 1680. The Prince was much interested in the historic tombs of Munro, Pigot and Hobart and a tablet to the memory of Elihu Yale, son of the founder of America's great University. After lunch, the Prince played polo and then attended a garden-party at Government House.

This evening His Royal Highness is attending a ball at the Adyar Club.

DISTURBERS SILENT

Madras, Jan. 15.—The disturbing element in Madras has settled into a sulky silence. The city is perfectly quiet. No further trouble is apprehended. The weather has been brilliant but very hot.

The city has expanded amazingly in decorations and illuminations since the Prince of Wales arrived. The crowds greeting his every appearance are steadily growing alike in size and demonstrativeness.

His Royal Highness spent Sunday quietly, attending the service at the cathedral this morning.

USE PATIONS-SUN-PROOF PAINTS SOLE AGENTS THE FEARON DANIEL COMPANY

Four Dead In U. S. Mine Mishap

(China Press Service)

Scranton, Pa., Jan. 15.—Four are known to have been killed and several more are believed dead as a result of a cave-in at the National mine, just south of Scranton. Twenty men are thought to be entombed in the mine and work is going forward at a frantic pace in an effort to rescue them.

Ratepayers' Ass'n. Gains New Members

A gain of fifty new members is recorded for the year 1921 by the Shanghai Ratepayers' Association according to the annual report just issued. During that time twenty-three old members were lost to the organisation through various causes.

The Association winds up the year with a balance in bank but points out that increasing expenditures have made the nominal subscription fee of $2 inadequate, requiring dependence on the generosity of some of the members. The committee held 18 meetings during the year and there were five general meetings in addition to the annual meeting, at which gatherings there were discussions touching on the housing problem, the extension of the vote to ratepayers outside the Settlement limits and on various issues arising from the ratepayers' annual meeting.

STEAMER LAUNCHED

(Reuter's Service)

London, Jan. 16.—The turbine cargo-carrier, Diomed, built to the order of Alfred Holt and Co., for the China Mutual Steam Navigation Company, Limited, was launched today. Her gross tonnage is 10,000. She probably will sail in the spring. The same firm also ordered an 11,000 ton twin-screw turbine cargo and passenger ship for Far Eastern service from Cammell Laird and Company, Limited.

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500,000 At Rites Of Marquis Okuma

(Eastern News Agency)

Tokio, Jan. 17.—The funeral for the late Marquis Okuma began this morning at 7 o'clock with the farewell ceremony at the residence of Waseda of the deceased. After the Imperial messenger as well as the messengers who were especially despatched by the Empress and the Crown Prince Regent, had paid homage to the late Marquis' memory, the coffin was carried under protection by guards of honor to the place for religious service at Hibiya Park.

Simultaneously with nineteen rounds of a minute gun at noon, a national funeral was commenced. Those who attended the service representing all classes of community, amounted to some 500,000. The funeral ceremony was the most imposing ever witnessed here. It is understood that the coffin is to be buried this evening at dusk at the grave-yard of the Gokokuji Temple.

MISCELLANEOUS

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Less Wise Than A Hen?

"When the worms are scarce, what does a hen do? Does she stop scratching? She does not. She scratches all the harder. A lot of business men have been showing less sense than a hen since orders became scarce. They have laid off salesmen; then have stopped or reduced their advertising; they have simply resigned themselves to inaction and, of course, to pessimism. If a hen knows enough to scratch all the harder when the worms are scarce, surely business men, who are supposed to possess a moderate amount of brains, ought to have gumption enough to scratch all the harder for business." (Forbes Magazine, N. Y.)

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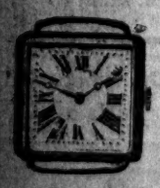

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45121 J 20

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IN private family, one flat of two rooms, nicely furnished, with verandah and private bathroom attached, also two single rooms with bathroom, all modern conveniences, full board. (French Concession, 5 minutes walk from tram). For particulars address to Box 1234, THE CHINA PRESS.

45091 J 18

TO LET, one nicely furnished flat of three or four rooms, with full board, two bathrooms, (geyser), verandah, telephone, garage, and one big comfortable room with board and bathroom attached. Address to Box 1144, THE CHINA PRESS.

45088 J 22

TO LET, one well furnished flat of two rooms with verandah, bathroom attached, and all modern conveniences. With full board. Suitable for small family or separate rooms for bachelors. Apply 634 Rue de l'Observatoire.

45066 J 24

SUPERIOR boarding house has a few vacancies for respectable persons of European or American nationalities. "The best of everything." The proof of the pudding lies in the eating. A call will convince you that we can satisfy you. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 1010, THE CHINA PRESS.

45033 J.20

TWO flats to let, one attic, two large rooms. Kitchen and bathroom. 1 flat 2nd floor, two large rooms, kitchen and bathroom and verandah. Unfurnished. Mrs. Davis, 15 Markham Road.

45041 J 20

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED unfurnished flat (separate entrance if any) by 1st. March. Central district. Apply to Box 1244, THE CHINA PRESS.

45122 J 19

ROOMS WANTED

QUIET gentleman wants a room with board near Wayside or Quinsan Gardens from Feb. 1. State terms to Box 1254, THE CHINA PRESS.

45143 J 19

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let in Ezra buildings. Immediate occupation. Apply to Box No. 1235, THE CHINA PRESS.

45092 J 19

TO LET top floor of 14 Museum Road. 2 large rooms, kitchen, verandah and bathroom attached, will rent as offices, or flat. Apply Bellevue House, 34 Haskell Road.

45113 J 19

OFFICES to let in first and second floor with or without godown, at 18 Peking Road. Please apply to San Peh S. N. Co., 1B Hankow Road.

44999 J 19

PROFESSIONAL

WELL educated Chinese lady teacher prepares to give lessons in mandarin and dialect. Apply to Box 1004, THE CHINA PRESS.

44576

THOROUGHLY COMPETENT MUSIC TEACHER is willing to give piano lessons at his or pupils residence. Has had many years experience locally and abroad. Excellent references from resident pupils. Judgment of pupils capabilities given gratis. Tel. C. 599, 248 Avenue Joffre.

45004

FOREIGN lady teacher is willing accept pupils for studying the German language. 248 Avenue Joffre.

45004

LADY manicurist. Hours 9 to 1 and 2 to 7. Room 36 Great Eastern Hotel.

45052 J 21

DON'T BE A WALL-FLOWER, come and be taught all the latest dances quickly and correctly by first class teacher. Telephone West 2749. Apply Box 426, THE CHINA PRESS.

44734 J 19

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPERIENCED steno-secretary (male) with good education seeks position with an American firm. Not afraid to work. Excellent references. Salary to start Tls. 325. Address Box 1248, THE CHINA PRESS.

45133 J 19

VARIED experienced Chinese seeks employment. English knowledge, typewriting, bookkeeping, filing, corresponding. Speaks mandarin. Apply to Box 1253, THE CHINA PRESS.

45142 J 19

FOREIGN gentleman, many years experience as accountant and office manager in English and Russian banks and commercial firms in Russia, Central Asia, Siberia and the Far East. Speaks and writes fluently 5 European languages, desires situation of trust and responsibility. High-class testimonials and local references as to ability, character and reliability. Employers please address to Box 1255, THE CHINA PRESS.

45144 J 18

WANTED by young English boy, 15 years of age, position as office clerk. Salary no object. Anxious to secure employment. Good references. Please apply to Box 1251, THE CHINA PRESS.

45136

INDUSTRIOUS young man with experience in office work seeks permanent position. Address to Box 1219, THE CHINA PRESS.

45050 J 19

EXPERIENCED lady stenographer. Knowledge of filing, coding and general office work. Please reply as to salary, etc. to Box 1230, THE CHINA PRESS.

45084 J 19

YOUNG man desires position as steno-typist and/or book-keeper. Thorough knowledge and several years experience in the above qualifications. Holding A. 1. references. Apply to Box 1239, THE CHINA PRESS.

45114 J 22

AMERICAN LADY, experienced stenographer, desires stenographic or secretarial position at once. Apply to Box 1226, THE CHINA PRESS.

45069 J 18

Well educated English girl, age 27, with experience in taking care of children desires position. Excellent reference. Advise salary etc. Mrs. Cureton, c/o Miss Schofield, Y. W. C. A. Victoria B. C., Canada.

44993 J 18

USED CARS

FOR SALE, Smart roadster in first class condition. Special sporting body with many extras. Must sell. Can arrange easy terms. Apply to Box 1257, THE CHINA PRESS.

45153 J 20

FOR SALE. Scripps-Booth roadster, 2-3 seater with dickey seat, in excellent condition, 5 tyres almost new, engine perfect, very economical car. Cheap. Apply to Box 1240, THE CHINA PRESS.

45108

GODOWNS, TO LET

FOR RENT, about 1200 square feet godown space, corner Jinkee and Szechuen Roads. Reasonable rent. For further particulars apply to Box 1170, THE CHINA PRESS.

44941

HOUSES TO LET

HOUSE to let. Small. Four rooms, kitchen and bathroom. Location in Terrace off North Szechuen Road. Part furniture and fittings to be taken over. 3 years' lease. Rent Tls. 25.00 per month. Apply to Box 1250, THE CHINA PRESS.

45135 J 20

8-roomed house with garage, garden, sanitary bathroom, Western district, occupation immediately. Also 6-roomed house to let, rent from Taels 140 up. Apply to Box 1220, THE CHINA PRESS.

45051

TO LET. New residences with modern conveniences. Location, Western district. Occupation, May or June. For full particulars please apply to The Shanghai Trust Company, No. 2 Hongkong Road.

44703

TO LET, Western district, 6 roomed house and garage. Furniture and fittings to be taken over. Apply to Box 1233, THE CHINA PRESS.

45090 J 19

TO LET 6 roomed furnished house, bathroom. Good opportunity Moderate price. Near French Park. Apply to Box 1100, THE CHINA PRESSS.

45064 J 18

ROOMS TO LET

Connaught House

8 QUINSAN GARDENS

Vacant 1st Feb. Large and small well furnished rooms with bathrooms attached.

Apply Mrs. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET

Furnished rooms with full board. Please apply to 14 Quinsan Gardens. Tel. North 482.

TO LET

Nice large room with bathroom for married couple in Western district with board. Apply to Box 1188, THE CHINA PRESS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE, 31 Boone Road.

One large room and one large attic facing garden. Hot and cold water bath attached. Suitable for married couples or bachelors. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Tel. North 1102

45077 J. 21

TO LET, Western district, with private family, from 1st. proximo, large elegantly furnished room with board. Private bathroom, telephone and other modern home comforts. Suitable for married couple or two bachelors. Apply to Box 1245, THE CHINA PRESS.

45126 J 20

TO LET, large and comfortable rooms with bath. Apply to Box 1252, THE CHINA PRESS.

45139 J 22

TO LET two big rooms with verandah and private bath, and with board. Mrs. T. Dontsoff, 18 Range Road.

45138 J 20

TO LET, well furnished rooms with private bathrooms, with board or without. Apply 3 Young Allen Terrace, opposite Quinsan Garden.

45140 J 22

TO LET well furnished room with board, separate bath, telephone, verandah. Modern house. Route Vallon 65, near French Park. Apply 11 to 7.

45129 J 24

ATTIC ROOM. Well furnished with board. In English family home. Bachelor only. Terms very moderate. Please apply 5 Carter Road.

45103 J 19

TO LET. With American family, large room, nicely furnished, private bath and geyser, suitable for married couple or two bachelors. Excellent table. 312 Avenue Joffre, Phone W. 2855.

45073

TO LET, at 103 Bubbling Well Road, with board, large well furnished room with private bathroom attached. Suitable for married couple or two bachelors. Excellent table, good service. Apply at above address or phone West 905.

45097 J 19

TO LET furnished room, with verandah, board optional. Apply 53 Broadway Terrace.

45093 J 19

IN private family (at the experienced Russian teacher) to let one or two furnished or unfurnished rooms in Northern district, near tramway No. 2 and 12, use of kitchen if wanted. Apply to 104, Dixwell Road.

45094 J 19

LARGE elegantly furnished room with board, private bathroom (geyser), telephone, meals served privately. Suitable for bachelor or couple. Apply 16 Carter Road, 5 p.m.

45060 J 18

TO LET a small well furnished room with modern conveniences ($100 monthly). Suitable for a bachelor. Apply 650 Rue de l'Observatoire (entrance, corner Avenue Dubail) from 10 to 2 p.m. and 5 to 9 p.m.

45062 J 21

FINE large well furnished balcony room in modern downtown apartment, one minute from Palace Hotel, private family, suit married couple or two friends. All the advantage of a first class Hotel at half the cost. Phone Central 797.

45071 J.18

TO LET. Furnished double and single room with full board, private bath, hot and cold water. 30 Wong-ka-shaw Gardens, Carter Road.

45059 J 19

TO LET in a new private boarding house, very nice large rooms, comfortably furnished, each with bathroom attached, in Western district. Best cooking. Apply A. 101, Avenue Road.

45038 J 20

TO LET furnished two small rooms with board. 19 Nanzing Road.

45015 J 19

BOSTONIA, 61 Carter Road. To let room with bath.

44812 J. 20

TO LET. Nice rooms in French family. Modern conveniences, cuisine Francaise. Two minutes from the trams. Apply 82 Route des Soeurs.

44908 J. 18

WELL furnished room to let with bathroom attached, full board. Apply to 78 Range Road.

44840 J. 19.

EXCHANGE AND MART

TO SPORTSMEN—WRIGHT & BELYEA have for sale a very suitable teakwood motor house-boat for shooting purposes. Good for Creek or deepwater. Length 30 feet, beam 12 feet. Just immediately thoroughly overhauled. Both boat and engine. Very roomy, and will go anywhere. Tel. North 295, Woosung and 8 North Honan Road.

44632

BLANKETS, for sale 1,200 gray woollen double blankets, size 85 x 64. For particulars write to Box 1016, THE CHINA PRESS or Phone Central 2671.

44630

WHO makes or sells iron drums for liquids, with screwtops, to hold about 13 catties? J. Wulf. Amoy (Kulangsu).

45057 J 18

FOR SALE. Indian motor cycle 7½ H. P., with side car, in perfect running order. Cheap price. Apply to Box 1224, THE CHINA PRESS.

45065 J 18

STANDARD RULES and instructions for the game of MAH CHANG, by Harold Sterling, for sale at Mercantile Printing Co. 75 Weihaiwei Road and Chinese American Publishing Co., 25 Nanking Road. Fully illustrated, simple and complete. $1.00 per copy. Get yours now. There is a rush.

44987 J. 19

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to rent immediately, furnished or unfurnished house for two months. French town preferred. Apply to Box 1242, THE CHINA PRESS.

45119 J 22

SMALL house or flat, furnished or unfurnished, two bedrooms, kitchen, bath, for two gentlemen. Within twenty minutes walk of Palace Hotel. Phone C. 1876.

45124 J 20

SITUATION VACANT

COMPRADORE wanted with former experience in shipping and transportation business. Good salary and prospects for right man. Apply to Box 1249, THE CHINA PRESS.

45134 J 20

WANTED. Experienced telephone operator. In replying, give length of experience, nationality, age and salary expected. Apply to Box 1241, THE CHINA PRESS.

45118 J 20

WHO can recommend an amah, house boy and coolie (preferably Mandarin speaking)? Please apply 29 Medhurst Road. Tel. West 2119.

45131 J. 18.

FOR RENT, flat, close in, near Park. Rent $65.00. Apply 17 Chusan Road, Wayside.

45072 J 19

CLERK OF WORKS open for immediate engagement. Honest, sober, reliable, experienced in reinforced concrete, excellent references. Apply to Box 1243, THE CHINA PRESS.

45120 J 20

WANTED. First class stenographer by American firm as soon as possible. Liberal arrangement. Address with details Box 1237, THE CHINA PRESS.

45102 J 18

WANTED. Chinese returned students to become associated and prepare as department managers of a Foreign and Chinese Corporation engaging in commercial and industrial enterprises. Apply to Box 1229, THE CHINA PRESS.

45082 J 18

WANTED young Portuguese office assistant, with knowledge of book-keeping. One who can write shorthand and type preferred. Apply to Box 1223, THE CHINA PRESS.

45063 J 18

WANTED, by established firm reliable compradore. Knowledge of automobile trade desirable. Must be well connected and able to furnish satisfactory guarantees. Address to Box 1217, THE CHINA PRESS.

45047 J 18

WANTED, Experienced Chinese salesman acquainted with grocery market. Must be responsible party, capable of handling complete line of advertised goods and of furnishing Tls. 10,000 guarantee. Good salary and future for right man. Address to Box 1218, THE CHINA PRESS.

45047 J 18

WANTED, Bookkeeper (male) thoroughly experienced. Must have previous experience taking charge of complete set of books. Position open with large foreign firm. Reply in own handwriting stating nationality, age, reference and salary desired. Address to Box 1159, THE CHINA PRESS.

44924 J.18

Pennsylvania

VACUUM CUP TYRES, CORDS AND FABRICS.
With Tyre Service that IS Service
H. S. HONIGSBERG & Co., Inc.
P. W. Giovannini MGR. TYRE DEPT.

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1922

Firestone

TYRES AND TUBES
"Most Miles Per Dollar"
THE CENTRAL GARAGE CO.
REPAIRING *VULCANIZING*

Business and Official Notices

Cercle Sportif Francais

THEATRE

Tuesday, 24th January, 1922
9 a.m. sharp

the second performance of the

L'Enfant du Miracle

Comedie bnuffe en 3 actes
of
Paul Cavault
and
Robert Charvay

Entrance is open to the General Public

Tickets can be obtained at Moutrie's where places can be booked

PRICE OF TICKETS $2.00

45106

Shanghai Race Club

NOTICE RE STABLES.

The Stewards have decided to extend the time by which applications for accommodation in the Club's Stables must be handed in.

Applications will be received up to 6 p.m. on Saturday, 21st inst. Applications received after this time and date will not be considered.

Members who have not received application forms and who may desire same can obtain forms at the Grand Stand or by applying to the undersigned.

Members are reminded that all Stable leases expire on 31st inst., and new leases come into force on 1st February, 1922.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary.
SHANGHAI RACE CLUB.

Royal Asiatic Society

NORTH CHINA BRANCH

A MEETING of the Society will be held in the Lecture Hall, 5 Museum Road, on Thursday, January 19th, 1922, at 5.30 p.m., when a Lecture illustrated by slides will be given by

Dr. OSVALD SIREN, Ph.D.

entitled

"Some impressions from Sianfu, the ancient capital of China."

The Meeting Is Open To The Public.

A. D. BLACKBURN,
Hon. Secretary.

45151

Lega Navale Italiana

SEZIONE DI SHANGHAI.

Gli Egr. Consoci sono vivamente pregati d'intervenire all' adunanza che avra' luogo il giorno 23 corrente alle ore 21 nei locali del R. Consolato Generale per discutere sui seguenti argomenti:

Cariche sociali
Regolamento interno
Il Segretario

F. PARLANI.

45152

COKE CONSUMERS! ATTENTION!

Let the attention of the Coke Consumers be drawn to the following prices:

Screened Coke—for all purposes —@ $16 per ton delivered in bags.

Unscreened Coke—for steam-heating boilers—@ $14 per ton delivered in bags.

Do favour us with a trial order and we are sure you will be satisfied. Either drop a chit to our office or phone Central 2598.

LIEN NEE & COMPANY,
216 Thibet Road.

45149

NEW ARRIVAL

EVERS MALT EXTRACT

HIGHEST AWARD PARIS WORLD EXPOSITION 1900

DANISH PRODUCE

YUEN TAH & CO.

1102 Broadway,
Telephone North 336

45137

S.S. "ALEUT"

To Vladivostock direct.

Special and exclusively low rate of freight on Cargo per s.s. "Aleut" leaving Shanghai on or about 25th January, 1922.

Vladivostock Agents are Messrs. Kunst and Albers.

For Freight and Passage, please apply to:

MOLLER & CO., (S'HAI), LTD., 1 The Bund. (Tel. C. 217).

S. HEIMANN & CO., 19A Canton Road. (Tel. C. 1604).

45148

Commercial Pacific Cable Co. NOTICE

Owing to interruption of our Midway-Honolulu section we are unable to accept cablegrams for America until further notice. 45117

NOTICE

Owing to the entire Masonic Hall being required for Masonic purposes, the Wednesday Evening Meeting of the CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SOCIETY OF SHANGHAI will be held in the Royal Asiatic Society Hall, No. 5 Museum Road, this evening at 6 o'clock.

45125

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

As from January 20th our offices will be removed from 3D Peking Road, to No. 8 Museum Road, 2nd floor.

KERSHAW, LEESE & CO., LTD.

45123

Notice of Removal

EASTERN TECHNICAL CO.

On and after Friday, 20th instant. Our offices will be situated at No. P574 Nanking Road, and the UNION GARAGE which is operated by us will be from the First February at No. 2 Woosung Road.

45146

TO LET

4-roomed flat with bathroom, kitchen and servant's quarters. Furniture may be taken over or bought separately. Apply daily from 11.30 to 1.30 and after 6 p.m. at 63 Bubbling Well Road.

45127

International Savings Society

7 Avenue Edouard VII, SHANGHAI

Bond issues are to be encouraged rather than discouraged, for they afford an opportunity for frugal investors and the people at large to invest their savings in renumerative and successful enterprises, and bring in closer contact the investors, who in a large degree are employees with the institutions by whom they are employed, and so have a tendency to bring about a mutuality of interest and a better understanding between the employers and employees generally.

NOTICE

Piles both external and internal cured altogether from the root by external painless applications only (No Knife used at all).
Apply to Dr. MEHTA,
40 North Szechuen Rd., Shanghai.

42664

CHAMPAGNE

For a GOOD VALUE at a REASONABLE price you are well advised to get

Heidsieck Monopole
"Red Top"
and
"Gold Top" Dry

The pride of every host in every land

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

73, 73A Szechuen Road,
Shanghai, Tel. C. 2021.

S.S. Pine Tree State From Manila and Hongkong

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Examination of ship damaged cargo ex s.s. PINE TREE STATE, will be held at the China Merchants Central Wharf, on Wednesday, January 18th, at 9.00 a.m. when Messrs. Eisler & Reeves, Marine Surveyors, will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agents.

45099

S.S. Eldridge from Seattle

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Examination of ship damaged cargo ex s.s. ELDRIDGE will be held at the Robert Dollar Wharf, on Thursday, January, 19th, at 9.00 a.m. when Messrs. Eisler and Reeves. Marine Surveyors, will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE
Agents.

45100

ISTHMIAN STEAMSHIP LINES S.S. "CRASTER HALL" From New Orleans.

Consignees of cargo ex this steamer are hereby notified that broken and ship-damaged packages will be examined at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Pootung Wharf on Thursday, January 19th, at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Day, Marine Surveyors.

UNITED STATES STEEL PRODUCTS COMPANY,
Agents.

45104

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I have temporarily taken charge of the Russian Volunteer Fleet interests in Shanghai as Acting Agent in succession to Mr. L. F. Patstone.

R. J. ELLEDER,
Russian Volunteer Fleet District Agent for China and Japan.

45111

ACCOUNTANT

Thoroughly experienced and certified accountant at present engaged in large foreign concern is open for controlling books and making up balance sheets.

First class references. Apply to Box 1232, THE CHINA PRESS.

45089

Consulate of the U. S. of Brazil at Shanghai

All Brazilian citizens residing within the jurisdiction of this Consulate are requested to present themselves for registration before the 31st January, 1922.

MANOEL DA VEIGA MENEZES,
Consul.

45056

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory

No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

NOTICE

OUR

TYPEWRITER REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Is now under the superintendence of a FOREIGN EXPERT who has been trained and had experience in the best American Factories.

We undertake to regularly clean, oil and adjust your machines on yearly contract at lowest rates.

Repairs to Typewriters, Adding and Calculating Machines, and all Office Appliances a Specialty.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
22 Nanking Road
Phone C. 4778 SHANGHAI Phone C. 4778

MANHATTAN CAFE

14 Rue du Consulat (corner of Rue Montauban)

A Restaurant

will be opened on the upper floor on Thursday, January 19th

"The Best of Food and Service"

OUR SPECIALITY—A Business-man's Tiffin

Comfortable Private Dining Rooms

JACK CONELY
Proprietor

Tel. C. 1854

45109

CARLTON CAFE

Saturday, 21st January, 1922, at 5 p.m.

CONCERT by

MR. P. SELIVANOFF .... (*basso-baritone*)
Kindly assisted by
MISS BESSIE JOURAVEL .... (*soprano*)
MRS. R. SPUNT .... (*mezzo-soprano*)
MR. M. SPEELMAN .... (*tenore*)

Dancing after the Concert from 6.15 to 7.15 with full Carlton Orchestra attendance.

Prices of tickets are: $5, 3, 2 & 1.
On sale at MOUTRIE'S & ROBINSON'S.
And on the day of the concert at the Carlton Cafe.

45098

R. E. S.

RUSSIAN ECONOMIC SOCIETY

WINE & GASTRONOMY STORE

1 WOOSUNG ROAD (near Astor House).

ALWAYS IN STOCK

Black and red caviar, salted and smoked salmon and sturgeon, Kamchatka herrings, cranberry, moorberry, canned chickens, partridges and pheasants and all that you want for your table.

All purchases delivered at home.

Phone N. 519. Phone N. 519.

45067

Preliminary Announcement

The SHANGHAI NEW TUTORIAL CLASSES conducted by a UNIVERSITY GRADUATE in ARTS of over 25 years' TEACHING and COMMERCIAL experience, will be opened from January 9, 1922.

Pupils for the JUNIOR, SENIOR and MATRICULATION examinations of the HONGKONG UNIVERSITY as also for other examinations efficiently coached in ENGLISH MATHEMATICS, SCIENCE and other subjects.

Separate classes for the study of ENGLISH for Chinese, Japanese and Russians. For terms, etc., apply to Box 1013, THE CHINA PRESS. 44610

DR. Z. S. TORJEWSKY

DENTAL SURGEON

11, Peking Road (First Floor) Phone Central 2078

Newest methods of dental treatment and technical work.

OUTFIT AND MACHINERY AFTER THE LATEST INVENTIONS

39220

Business and Official Notices

NOTICE

Deposit receipt Number 641, issued to the order of E. Mc. Cormick by the Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank and dated May 21, 1921, has been lost It is therefore declared null and void.

E. McCORMICK.
J 19

RIDING SCHOOL

Gordon Road—Phone: W. 693

Riding and jumping lessons given by the instructors, finished special horsemanship academy. For last year more than 250 clients. Ponies for sale.

44879

THE SMALL INVESTORS' CO.

8A Peking Road.
Tel. C. 977 & 761.

We are buyers of the following Stocks at market prices:

All issues Shanghai Municipal Council Debentures, either Taels, Dollars or Sterling Loan.

Shanghai Waterworks Co., Ltd. 8% Debentures.

Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. Debentures, all issues.

French Municipal Council 8% Debentures.

Chinese Govt. 5% Reorganisation Gold Loan of 1913.

New Engineering and Shipbuilding Works Ltd. 8% Cumulative Preference shares.

and all

RUBBER SHARES.

For strict cash.

Notice of Removal

COMMERCIAL BANK OF CHINA

On and after Monday, the 16th instant, our offices will be situated at No. 7A The Bund, immediately behind the Telepraph Companies old building. 44998

OFFICE SPACE

To sublease from March 1st, desirable suite of offices in new Robert Dollar Building, 4 rooms, 1,500 square feet. Steam heat. Apply to Box 1210, THE CHINA PRESS. 45034

DR. F. FRANEK, M.D.

Specialist in Urinary Skin and Internal Diseases (Latest European methods of treatment)
21, Nanking Road.
Consulting hours 11-1, 4-6.

39684

Dr. JAMES YUKING

Specialist in the treatment of Venereal Diseases and Piles.
73 Nanking Road
(Between Honan & Shantung Rds.)

Piles guaranteed to be cured within ten days after one treatment without operation or pain. (Latest European methods of treatment.)
Office hours: 8-12 & 1-7 daily, or by appointment
Tel. C. 2127.

The World Famous

WHITE Rotary Sewing Machine

Cash price Mex. $76.00

Sole Agents

Liengyi Mercantile Co.

Cor. Szechuen & Soochow Rds
Telephone C. 899

NOTICE

In pursuance of the provisions of Article XX of the Land Regulations for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai, the undersigned hereby give notice that Thursday and Friday, January 26 and 27, are fixed upon for the election of four Councillors for the remainder of the Municipal year 1921-1922.

Nomination papers must be returned to the Council Room not later than 4 p.m. on Thursday, January 19, 1922.

Shanghai, January 7, 1922.

E. D. H. FRASER,
H. B. M. Consul General.
T. RAASCHOU,
Consul General for Denmark.
E. S. CUNNINGHAM,
Consul General for the United States of America.
H. A. WILDEN,
Consul General for France.
ALFREDO CASANOVA,
Consul General for Portugal.
N. AALL,
Consul General for Norway.
J. L. ISLER,
Consul General for Switzerland.
J. VAN HAUTE,
Consul General for Belgium.
T. FUNATSU,
Consul General for Japan.
E. AKERHIELM,
Acting Consul General for Sweden.
W. A. A. M. DANIELS,
Acting Consul General for the Netherlands.
R. FERRAJOLO,
Acting Italian Consul General.
M. DE VEIGA MENEZES,
Consul for Brazil.
L. R. AMOEDO,
Consul for Spain.

45026

Genuine Leather Trunks

Suit and hat cases, handbags, etc., fitted with Yale locks.

AN UNUSUAL BARGAIN of 20 to 40% discount at Y 1920 N. Szechuen Road near Wuchang Road.

THE CHINA TRUNK EMPORIUM.

45107

Notice of Removal

San Sing Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limted.

On and after Monday 16th inst., our Head Office will be situated at No. 7A The Bund (The Commercial Bank of China Building).

45030

Notice of Removal

Mr. M. R. Healy, Public Accountant, has removed his offices to 1A Jinkee Road, First floor. Telephone Central 6736. 44986

DR. R. HOLPER, M. D.

(Bordeaux University, France)
SPECIALIST IN VENEREAL, URINARY AND SKIN DISEASES.
American Oriental Bank Build.
No. 15 Nanking Road.
Hours 11 to 1 and 4 to 6. Tel. C. 734.

Dr. I. KURAHARA, M.D.

(Formerly member of the Kitasato Institute of Tokio).
No. 21A Haining Road (near Victoria Theatre). Tel. N. 2279.
Skin, venereal and internal diseases, the treatment of X-Ray and Diathermy.
Bacteriological and Serumtherapy Laboratory now opened.
Blood tests by the genuine Wassermann's reaction.
Home consultations will be attended to in the evening.
Office hours: 8-12 a.m. and 2-4 p.m.

HONMA HOSPITAL

No. 3A Miller Road,
Tel. N. 2361

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka).
Women's Diseases, Confinements
Surgery, X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretrascope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 7

Frederick's Hotel

Kuangtung Road Off Jukong Rd.

A new up-to-date quiet family hotel. We take pride in the excellence of our table. Special Menu a la carte. Within a minute's reach from tram-car or railway station.

We make a speciality of catering for private dinner parties.

We have a quantity of Veuve Cliquot, Gran Vin Sec, Champagne Quarts for sale at an extremely low price. 45028

Dr. Alexander Rosemberg, M. D.

University of Montpellier
22 Chaoufoong Road
Consultation hours
from 1 to 3
and by appointment
Tel. North 787.

41844

NOTICE

Prof. I. K. Seto and Madam Yuki Seto expert Japanese masseurs beg to announce that they have removed to the Toyo-Kan Hotel, 29 Miller Road, Hongkew. Temporary office, room 6. Give treatment at hotel or your residence. Telephone N. 2448.

"Take a 71"

The best advice you can offer to a friend suffering from a cold or sore Throat. No. 71 has the largest sale of any Throat Pastille in China. Its popularity is easily explained—it does what we say it will.

Manufactured by ALLEN & HANBURY'S, LD., London. The name is the guarantee.

Stocked by all Chemists.

Tea Dansant

To-day

Astor House

Ball Room

At 5:15 p.m.

China Detective Bureau

11 Laidlaw Building.

Telephone C. 2097

All classes of investigations except divorce cases, merchants credit systems issued. Skilled operators. Strictly under Foreign Supervision. 43442

Dr. GUIDO PIAZZA, M.D.

GRAZ-PADOVA UNIVERSITIES
(late assistant to Prof. MATZENAUER)

Has started his practice for internal diseases, surgery, skin and venereal ailments and latest treatment of syphilis. Consulting hours 10 a.m. to 12 and 2-5 p.m. 8 Ezra Road, 4th Floor. Tel. C. 6785.

44423

Dr. J. Podpakh, M.D.

German University (Berlin)
Diagnostic cabinet for Urinary diseases.

Specialist in female diseases, confinements, surgical, internal, kidney and bladder diseases, venereal and skin diseases. Latest methods of diagnosis and treatment. Ultra—violet rays and electrical treatments. Analysis of blood and urine.

Consulting hours (daily, except Sunday): From 10 to 12 a.m. and 3 to 6 p.m. (or by special appointment). Telephone C. 484. 14 Kiukiang Road, corner Kiangse Road, Ezra Building, 3rd Floor, (opposite Hotel Kalee).

44693

TSINGTAO

Hotel-Pension-Seaside.

open all the year round

Joseph. Th. Monchen
Proprietor.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£3,000,000
Reserve Fund	3,600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£3,000,000

Head Office:
28 BISHOPSGATE LONDON, E. C.
Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael,
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
Sir John Newall Jordan, P.C. G.C.I.E., K.C.B., K.C.M.G.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star (Kedah)	Hongkong	Puket
Amritsar	Ilolio	Rangoon
	Ipoh	Saigon
	Karachi	Seremban
Batavia	Klang	Shanghai
Bombay	Kobe	Singapore
Calcutta	Kuala-Lumpur	Sourabaya
Canton	(F. M. S.)	Tientsin
Cawnpore	Madras	Tavoy
Cebu	Manila	(Lower Burma)
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	Peking	New York
Haiphong	Penang	Yokohama
Hankow		

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

L. W. ROBERTSON,
Acting Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme.
(Affiliated to the Societe Generale de Belgique.)

	Frs.
Capital (subscribed) ..	100,000,000
Capital (paid up)	75,000,000
Reserves	10,962,300

President: Jean Jadot
Head Office: Brussels.
Branches and Agents at London, Manchester, Paris, New York, Bucarest, Cologne, Alexandria, Cairo, Tantah, Zifteh, Zagazig, Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin.
Affiliated Banks:
Banco de Cartagena, Madrid, with Branches in Spain and Morocco.
Wiener-Bank-Verein, Vienna, with Branches in Austria, Hungary, Czecho-Slovakia, Poland, Rumania, Italy (Tyrol), Yugo-Slavia, Turkey, and Asia Minor.
A. Kouyoumdjiski & Co., Sofia.
Correspondents in all parts of the World.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.
L. STRAETMANS,
Manager, Shanghai branch.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabes."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T. Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. TSENG, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ... $20,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £4,500,000
Silver $21,500,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors .. $20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq. Chairman
G. M. Dodwell, Esq. Deputy Chairman.
D. G. M. Bernard, Esq.
A. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak Esq.
Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang,
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
H. P. White, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hon. Mr. A. G. STEPHEN.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Harbin	New York
Bankok	Iloilo	Penang
Batavia	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bombay	Johore	Saigon
Calcutta	Kobe	S. Francisco
Canton	Kuala	Shanghai
Chefoo	Lumpur	Singapore
Colombo	London	Sourabaya
Dairen	Lyons	Tientsin
Foochow	Malacca	Tsingtao
Haiphong	Manila	Vladivostock
Hankow	Nagasaki	Yokohama
	Peking	

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12 The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.
G. H. STITT,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserved Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head Office:
Paris, 9 Rue Boudreau
London Office:
64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Paris: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.
Rome: Banco di Roma.
New York: The Irving National Bank.
San Francisco: The Crocker National Bank of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA

Bombay	Harbin	Shanghai
Chanchun	Hongkong	Tientsin
Chefoo	Manchouli	Urumtchi
Dairen	Kashgar	Vladivostock
Hailar	Newchwang	Yokohama
Hankow	Peking	Kobe

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars. Terms on application. Local Bills discounted.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES.
L. Jezierski,
Th. de Krzywoszewski,
P. Petithuguenin.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

Bank of Communications

Specially authorised by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China
Agencies abroad: Singapore Hongkong, Tokio (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
14 The Bund.
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts. Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Y. M. CHIEN, Manager.
T. S. WONG, Sub-Manager.

Kongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1.00 will be received.

Not more than $200 will be received during one month from any single Depositor.

Interest at the rate of 3 1/2% per annum will be allowed upon the monthly minimum balance.

The maximum balance on which interest will be allowed is $5,000.00.

Deposits may be withdrawn on Demand. Accounts will be kept either in Dollars or Taels, Local Currency, at the option of the Depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books, in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

OFFICE HOURS: 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
Saturdays, 10 a.m. to noon.

The Bank Of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912

Capital authorised	£1,200,000.00
Capital paid up	1,057,700.00
Reserved Fund HK.	$400,000.00
Undivided profit HK	$930,807.73

HEAD OFFICE
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

SHANGHAI OFFICE
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

WONG WEN-KUANG,
Manager.

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce

Established by American and Chinese Capitalists under Special Charter of the Government of China April 12th, 1919.

Authorised Capital G.	$10,000,000
Paid-up Capital	5,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches:
Hankow, Harbin, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Sihkiachwan, Tientsin, Tsinan.

Correspondents throughout the world including the interior of China.

The Bank receives deposits, grants loans; issues drafts and makes telegraphic transfers; buys and sells foreign exchange; issues commercial and circular letters of credit; collects bills, checks and other documents; and does other general banking business.

Shanghai Branch
No. 11A Nanking Road.
Telephone Nos. Central 5841, 5842 and 5843.
A. KANN, Manager.
LOUIS SHEN, Assistant Manager.
SOOYII K. SHEN, Assistant Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

	Francs.
Subscribed Capital	72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund (1|6|20)	69,500,000.00

Head Office:
15 bis, Rue Lamte, Paris.

Branches and Agencies

Saigon	Pnom-Penh	Battambang
Haiphong	Hanoi	Tourane
Peking	Hankow	Tientsin
Hongkong	Canton	Mengtze
Singapore	Pondichery	Bangkok
Papeete	Shanghai	Noumea
	Djibouti	Yunnanfu

London Bankers:
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris—Credit Lyonnais

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; opens current and fixed deposit accounts in taels and francs according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital, Surplus & Undivided Profits G.$14,000,000

OWNED BY
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

Head Office:
60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E. C.
Lyons Offices 27 Place Tolozan.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches

China	**Spain**
Shanghai	Barcelona
Peking	Madrid
Tientsin	**Straits Settlements**
Hankow	Singapore
Harbin	**Dominican Republic**
Hongkong	Santo Domingo
Canton	Sanches
India	San Francisco de Macoris
Bombay	San Pedro de Macoris
Calcutta	Santiago
Rangoon	Puerto Plata
Japan	Barahona
Yokohama	La Vega
Kobe	**Panama**
Java	Panama
Batavia	Colon
Sourabaya	
Philippines	
Manila	
Cebu	

BRANCHES OF
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	**England**
Buenos Aires	London
Rosario	**Italy**
Belgium	Genoa
Antwerp	**Peru**
Brussels	Lima
Brazil	Porto Rico
Pernambuco	Ponce
Rio de Janeiro	San Juan
Santos	**Russia**
Sao Paulo	Moscow
Chile	Petrograd
Santiago	Temporarily closed
Valparaiso	**Uruguay**
Cuba	Montevideo
Havana and 22 branches	**Venezuela** Caracas

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

N. S. MARSHALL, Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital	$12,270,800.00
Reserve Fund	$3,534,000.00
Special Reserve Fund	$3,534,000.00

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Berlin, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka and Yokohama.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 HANKOW ROAD.
Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Kincheng Banking Corporation

金城銀行

Sanctioned by Ministry of Finance and registered in Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce in accordance with Banking and Company Laws.

Authorised Capital	$5,000,000
Paid-up Capital	$4,500,000
Surplus	$ 300,000

Head Office: Tientsin
Branches and Sub-Branches:
Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Nanking and Peng-pu.
Correspondents in all important places of the world.
President: Chow Tso Ming.
Manager, Shanghai Branch: S. Y. Tien.
Sub-Manager, Shanghai Branch: C. C. Woo.
Every description of Banking Business transacted.
Savings Accounts kept in Tientsin and Shanghai Offices.
Cable Address, "Kincheng" Shanghai
Tel. Nos:
General Office: C. 3306
Managers Office: 1350
Foreign Dept. C. 3446

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappy

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCITY)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders	80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders	18,979,250 (about £1,581,604)
Special Reserve: Guilders	22,660,000 (about £1,888,333)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM

Branches

Bandjermasin	Pekalongen
Bandoeng	Palembang
Bombay	Penang
Calcutta	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Samarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kobe	Soerakarta
Kota-Radja	Tebing-Tinggi
Langsa	Tegal
Makassar	Telok Betong
Medan	Tjilatjap
Padang	Weltevreden

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

M. J. HERBSCHLEB,
Acting Manager.

行銀亞東 The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch:—30 The Bund

Authorised Capital	$10,000,000.00
Paid up Capital	$5,000,000.00

Head Office: Hongkong
London Bankkers: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted
Loans granted on approved securities
Fixed and current deposit accounts opened on terms according to arrangement.

RUE CHENG,
Acting Manager.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd

Established 1908

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	$133,310.00
Undivided Profits .	$120,751.00

Head Office and Branches:
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Hankow and Lanchi.
Domestic Agencies:
Throughout CHINA'S principal Cities.
Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Rotterdam, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Hamburg, Berlin, Tokyo, Koke, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodate, Seoul, Fusan and Hongkong.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and fixed Depisits according to arrangements.
Saving Accounts at 4% compound interest.
Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.

LI MING,
SHANGHAI BRANCH,
U39 Peking Road.
Tel. C. 3145. Manager's Office C. 2147, General Office
Cable Address:
"CHINDUBANK" Shanghai

SINO-ITALIAN BANK

Aut. Cap. Silver Dollars	4,800,000
Aut. Cap. Gold It. Lire	16,000,000
Paid up Capital . Silver	$1,200,000
Paid up Cap. Gold It. Lire	4,000,000

Branches:
Hankow, Peking, S'hai, Tientsin
Bankers:
Italy: Credito Italiano.
England: Credito Italiano, National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ld., Glyn Mills and Currie.
France: Banque Francaise et Italienne pour l'Amerique du Sud, Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Banque Italo Belge.
United States: Credito Italiano, Equitable Trust Company.
Canada: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
South America: Banca Italo Belga.
Switzerland: Banca Unione di Credito.
Belgium—Credit Central Liegeois.
Current, fixed and savings accounts carried in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, U. S. Gold, Italian Lire, Francs and other currencies. Terms on application.
General banking business transacted. Special facilities for Italian exchange.
Telegraphic Address: Banksinit.
SHANGHAI, No. 16 Kiukiang Rd.
Tel. Offices: Central 5090 & 5091.
Managers' Office, Central 5094.
Managers.

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1919
Head Office: TIENTSIN

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$1,500,000.00
Reserve Fund	$ 124,000.00

Managing Director: T. Clarence Sun
Deputy Managing Director: Nieh Chi-wei

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang	Yokohama
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha	Chicago
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi	Philadelphia
Hankow	Hsuchow	Wuhu	Seattle
Nanking	Ningpo	London	Baltimore
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York	Cleveland
Hangchow	Canton	San Francisco	Detroit
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston	Buffalo
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio	Pittsburgh
Antung	Chengchow	Osaka	Montreal
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Kobe	St. Louis
		Cincinnati	

And also in other principal cities in foreign countries.

Shanghai Branch:

S 441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in taels, dollars and other currencies according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. B. Sun, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

PARK-UNION FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

Owned and controlled by National Park Bank of New York and Union Bank of Canada

Capital (fully paid)	G. $4,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	G. $ 621,000.00

HEAD OFFICE: 56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
BRANCHES:

SAN FRANCISCO		YOKOHAMA
PARIS	TOKIO	SEATTLE

Shanghai Branch:
No. 7 Kiukiang Road. Tel. Nos. 5874 and 5875
Current and Fixed Deposits
Accepted in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U. S. Dollars, Canadian Dollars, Sterling. Interest Rates on application. Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

G. A. TISDALL
Manager

The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.

Head Office: 9 Ningpo Road

Capital	$2,500,000.00
Reserve	$380,000.00

Every description of modern banking and exchange business transacted—Personal, National & International.

Branches and Agencies:
In principal cities throughout China

Foreign Correspondents:

London	New York	Yokohama
Paris	Chicago	Tokyo
Marseilles	Seattle	Osaka
Amsterdam	San Francisco	Manila
Berlin	Singapore	

Cable Address "COMSAVBANK"

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Authorized Capital: $20,000,000
Paid-up $5,000,000

中南銀行

CHINA & SOUTH SEA BANK, LTD.

4 Hankow Road, Shanghai.

Every kind of banking business transacted. Agents and correspondents all over the world.

Telegraphic Address: **Chinasosea**

Tel. Nos. { Managing Director: C. 6324 / Foreign Exchange: C. 3099

Y. Hou,
Managing Director.

FAR EASTERN BANK

Capital Authorized	Lit. 50,000,000.—
Capital Paid up	Lit. 12,500,000.—

HEAD OFFICE
36, Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

BANKERS
Banca dell'Italia Meridionale; Naples, Milan, Bari, Genoa, Palermo, Pozzuoli, Italy.
East River National Bank, New York, U. S. A.
Bank of Italy, San Francisco, Cal., U. S. A.
The Dai-Ichi Ginko, Ltd., Tokyo, Yokohama, Japan.

BRANCHES
Canton—Tientsin—Tsingtao.
SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on current accounts, savings accounts and fixed deposits in all currencies according to arrangement.

Local bills discounted N. Cable transfers bought and sold. Drafts issued and telegraphic transfers effected all over the World.

SPECIAL FACILITIES for Italian business and Exchange, for Gold exchange and for Chinese Stock Exchange transactions.

Viscount di Villa & Mr. W. S. T. Nien,
Managing Directors.

TELEPHONE:—C. 3487 Managers
C. 6678 T. T. and Exchange
C. 2082 General Office
C. 494 Chinese Department.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:—
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital ..	$2,500,000.00
Reserve Fund	$500,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai.
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Manager's Office: Cen. 2656
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe Osaka, Berlin and Hamburg.
Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.
Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Savings accounts—4% per annum.
Every description of banking business transacted.
Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.
SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIN, Sub-Manager.
Y. S. TUNG, Sub-Manager.
K. Z. TSOE, P. P. Manager.

THE SHANGHAI INDUSTRIAL BANKING CORPORATION

上海實業銀行

Authorized Capital ..	$1,000,000.00
Capital paid up	$ 750,000.00

Head Office and Branch 1:
17 & 18 Kiukiang Road.
General banking business transacted and agencies, correspondents in principal commerical centres in China.
General Manager: ROBERT LEE 李瑞九

Manager:	Sub-Manager:
K. N. SUNG.	S. Y. TONG.
沈祥年	仝仕勳

Opening date: 3rd Nov.
Tel. No. C. 6414 & C. 6415.
Telegr. Address: { Bankshco / Chinese "4999"

Wilson Convinced League Will Live

(China Press Service)

Washington, Jan. 16.—Addressing an impromptu gathering of friends at his home former President Wilson, warned of the League of Nations that it would "have to look out for itself," declared that there is no doubt of the vitality of the League and that it will be fully capable of looking after itself.

The pilgrimage to the Wilson home resulted from a motion made by a man in the audience at a meeting of friends of the League of Nations plan. Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, acted as spokesman in directing the crowds present at this demonstration which was arranged as evidence that the league is not dead. On being called to his door, former President Wilson said, "I do not deserve this, but I enjoy it nevertheless."

U. S. Bootleggers Using Airplanes

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Jan. 16.—Great activity on the part of smugglers led to a search by prohibition authorities today which resulted in the seizure of a rum-running aeroplane on the Mexican border, the freight consisting of 120 bottles of liquor.

Lamont Disposes Of Newspaper

(China Press Service)

New York, Jan. 16.—Thomas W. Lamont, who owned a controlling interest in the New York Evening Post, today announced that the paper had been sold to a syndicate headed by E. F. Gay, president of the Post Corporation.

Liu Goes Abroad, But 'Expectantly'

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Jan. 14.—The Cabinet has approved the suggestion of the Waichiaopu that Mr. Liu Shih-hsun, former Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, should be appointed Expectant Minister abroad and allowed a salary of $600 per month pending substantive appointment. Mr. Shen Juellin, the new Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, has succeeded Mr. Liu Shih-hsun as Chairman of the Pacific Conference Commission attached to the Waichiaopu.

Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Close

Stock Banks	Closing Quotations
H. K. and S. B...	$730
(New)	$735
Chartered	£14¼
Russo-Asiatic	£s. 859
Marine Insurances	
Canton	H. 440 S.
North China	Tls. 144
Union of Canton	H. 235 B.
Yangtsze	$23 B.
Far Eastern Ins.	Tls. 22½
Fire Insurance	
China Fire	H.$125 B.
Hongkong Fire	H.$370 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	H.$260
Indo-China Pref.	H.$86 B.
"Shell"	92/- S.
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 30½
S'hai Tug Pref.	Tls. 30 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 18½ B.
Oriental Cons.	18/- S.
Raub	H. 31 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	H.$165 S.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 107 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 8¼ B.
" Pref.	Tls. 4.65 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 150
Hongkong Wharf	H.$91 S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 82 B.
Shanghai Land	Tls. 81 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 8
S'hai Hotel, Ltd.	Tls. 67½ B.
China Realty ord.	Tls. 50
China Realty Pref.	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 18.35 B.
E-wo (pref.)	Tls. 103 B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 82
Oriental	Tls. 14
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 138 S.
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	H.$180
Green Island	H.$25 S.
Langkats	Tls. 10¼ B.
Major Bros.	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 80
Stores	
Hall and Holts	$8
Llewelyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$97½ B.
Moutrie	$40
Watson	H.$9¼ B.
Weeks	$12½ B.
Rubbers (Local)	
Lima	Tls. 3½ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.10 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 4½ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 1 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 10½ B.
Batu Anam 1913	Tls. 0.35 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.40
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 0.60 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.35 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 2 B.
Cheng	Tls. 1
Consolidated	Tls. 1.10 B.
Dominion	Tls. 0.80 B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 4 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 6 B.
Kapala	Tls. 6
Kapayang	Tls. 0.20
Karan	Tls. 3 B.
Kedah	Tls. 1
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 0.85
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 6
Padang	Tls. 2¾ B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 1
Permata	Tls. 1
Repah	Tls. 25 cts.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.40
Seekee	Tls. 50 cts.
Semambu	Tls. 0.55 B.
Senawang	Tls. 0.60 B.
S'hai Klebang	Tls. 0.35 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 1
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 5
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 50 cts.
Sungala	Tls. 25 cts.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 5 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 1
S'hai Seremban	Tls. 0.40
Taiping	Tls. 0.15 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.25 B.
Tebong	Tls. 0.80
Ziangbe	Tls. 1¾ B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. & E. Lumber	Tls. 325
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 91 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 26
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 42
S'hai Mercury	Tls. 20 W.
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 87 B.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 132½ B.

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers

Benjamin and Potts, 3 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 598.

Stock Exchange

Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Shanghai, January 17, 1922

OFFICIAL

Ewo Mills Tls. 18.35

Langkats (Com.) Tls. 10.50

Shanghai Docks Tls. 107.00

UNOFFICIAL

Ewo Mills Tls. 19.00 March

Kroewoeks Tls. 6.00

Trams "B" Tls. 92.50

Ziangbes Tls. 1.75

TAXI PHONE WEST 189
FORD HIRE SERVICE
$3 per hr. $1.00 per 20 min.
7J ROUTE VALLON

Money Exchange

Shanghai, January 17, 1922

Market 72.7125

Native Interest 03

Mexican Dollars

Shanghai Gold Bars 978 —

Touch 318

Copper Cash 213.500

Bar Silver 35⅛

" London rate

Bank rate of Discount ... 5%

Paris on London 51.18

New York on London 423

Banks Opening Selling Rates.

London

Telegraphic Transfer

per Tael ..... 3s. 6d.

Demand ..... 3s. 6⅛d.

New York

Telegraphic Transfer 74

Demand 74⅛

Paris

Demand 903

India

Demand 265

Hongkong

Demand 74½

Yokohama

Demand 64½

Batavia

Demand 204

Singapore

Demand 66

Banks Opening Buying Rates

	Nominal
London	
Demand	3s. 7⅜d.
4 m-s. Credits	3s. 9d.
4 m-s. Docs.	3s. 9½d.
6 m-s. Credits	3s. 10⅛d.
6 m-s. Docs.	3s. 10⅜d.
New York	Nominal
Demand	77
4 m-s. Credits	81
4 m-s. Docs.	81¾
Paris	
4 m-s.	1000

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate
@ 77=Tls. 129.86
@ exch. 73=Mex. $177.89

Sovereign: Bank buying rate
@ 3s. 7⅜d.=Tls. 5.48
@ exch. 73=Mex. $7.51

Tourists' Exchange
@ Bank's Demand Buying Rates
(*Hongkong and Shanghai Bank*)
£10 @ exch. 3s. 7⅜d.=Tls. 54.86
G.$50 @ exch. 77=Tls. 64.93
Fr. 250 @ exch. 950=Tls. 26.32
1 Shanghai Tael=Mex. $1.33
at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATE FOR JANUARY

Hk. Tls. 4.90 @ 3/3..... £1
" 1.20 @ 74⅝ Gold $1
" 1 @ 995½ Frs. 11.09
" 1 @ .... Marks ....
" 1 @ 65½ Yen 1.71
" 1 @ 276¼ Rupees 3.03
" 1 @ 16.75 Ital. Lire 19.26
" 1 @ 1.50 Mex. $1.50
" @ .... Roubles ....

International Banking Corporation
CLOSING COUNTER RATES

Demand selling on America 74½
Demand buying on America 75½
Deemand selling on London 3s. 6d.
Demand buying on London 3s. 7d.

GOLD BAR QUOTATIONS
(*Far Eastern Bank*)

Time	Quotations	Bars
Opening		
9:50	318.00	70
10:00	318.20	105
10:10	318.50	140
10:25	318.70	70
10:40	318.40	105
10:50	318.00	140
Closing at noon		
11:00	318.10	140

ROUBLES EXCHANGE
Banks' Buying Rate
Roubles 190,000 ....Tls. 100
Roubles 100 .....Mex. $0.07

LIRE EXCHANGE
Bank's Selling Rates
It. Lire 16.25=1 Tael
Swiss Frs. 3.70=1 Tael
Marks 120.00=1 Tael
It. Lire —— =1 Yen

PARIS-LONDON RATE
(*French Wireless through Reuter*)
Paris, Jan. 16.—The Paris-London cross-rate was quoted today at £1= Francs 51. 19.

Exchange Fluctuations

Asia Banking Corporation

January 17, 1922

Spot bar silver was down ⅛d. and forward ⅛d. in London yesterday.

The New York price declined to 65⅞ cents, and the London-New York cross rate to 423.

The official quotations here today were unchanged from yesterday and the market, while a shade easier than yesterday, was, on the whole, steady.

There were buyers and sellers of Sterling for January at 3-6⅜ and for February at 3-5⅝.

There were sellers for March at 3-5¼, and buyers at 3-5⅜.

Gold Dollars were done at 74¾ for January, 73⅝ for February and 73¼ for March.

There was a good demand today for March Gold Dollars at 73¼, but no sellers at this quotation.

The market was again quiet today, and seems likely to remain so until after the China New Year.

The Continent sold silver in London yesterday and India bought, the market closing steady.

At the time of writing, owing to interruption of the New York cable service, no report has been received from New York.

Chartered Stock And Produce Exchange Ltd.

Closing Quotation Of Transactions, yesterday

Shanghai, January 17, 1922

The China Trading Trust Co.
$6.10 January
$6.50 February

Nanyang Brother's Tobacco Co.
$29.50 January

Chartered S. & P. Ex. (Old).
$168.80 January
$189.10 February
$164.80 March

Chartered S. & P. Ex. (New).
$49.20 January
$54.50 February

China Cotton Standard of Tungchow.
Tls. 33.20 February
" 33.40 March

Local Yarn for Standard 16's Cloudy Stork.
Tls. 142.70 January
" 146.50 February
" 147.50 March
" 147.60 April
" 147.20 May
" 147.80 June

Shanghai Gold Bar 978
Tls. 318.40 February
" 320.50 March

The Small Investors' Co.

8A Peking Road

Shanghai, January 17, 1922

Business Reported

New Engineering Tls. 8.25

Ewo Cotton Tls. 18.35

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Price mex $1.75—$2.00—$2.50
ANNUAL

Winning Post, winter's annual 1921	$1.00
Winter's Pie, winter's annual 1921	1.20
Daily Mail Year Book, for 1922	1.00
Pears' Cyclopaedia, 1922 Edition	2.50

For Sale at Chow Tzu Kong, Bookseller 周紫崇西書社
111 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. Tel. C. 3516.

Provision Prices In Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on January 17, 1922.

Beef	per lb.	15-22
Mutton	"	17-22
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-32
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	25-30
Cod	"	25-30
Mandarin	"	20-30
Mackerel	"	30-40
Pomfret	"	30-40
Salmon	"	20-25
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	20-25
Whitebait	"	25-30
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	2.00-2.50
Eggs	per doz.	20-25
Fowl	per lb.	22-28
Hare	each	35-40
Partridge	"	40-45
Pheasant	"	90-1.00
Plover	"	none
Quail	"	25-30
Snipe	"	20-25
Teal	"	20-22
Turkey	per lb.	40-45
Woodcock	each	50-60
Wild Duck	"	45-50
Duck	"	60-90
Wild Geese	"	50-60
Geese	each	$1.20-$1.60
Pigeons	"	22-25
Wild Pigeons	"	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	"	20-25
Bananas	"	5-6
Chestnuts	"	12-14
Cherries	"	none
Cocoanuts	each	15-20
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	15-20
Mangosteens	per doz.	none
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Lemons	each	7-8
Oranges	per lb.	8-12
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	"	12-14
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	"	none
Plums	"	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	"	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	per lb.	18-20
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Broad Beans	per lb.	none
Beetroot	per bunch	3-4
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	12-14
Cabbage	each	6-10
Carrots	per bunch	6-8
Cauliflower	each	15-30
Celery	per bunch	10-12
Egg plant	per lb.	10-12
French Beans	"	10-12
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	4-5
Onions	per lb.	8-10
Parsnips	per bunch	5-6
Radishes	"	1-2
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Peas	"	15-20
Potatoes	per pic.	$3.20-$3.60
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	"	10-12
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	50 lbs.	$5.00
Flour Shanghai	50 lbs.	$3.00
Bran	per 114 lbs.	$3.40
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$4.20
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$10.60
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	$0.20
Chinese dairies	"	$0.17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 17.00
Stove Coal	"	Tls. 13.00
Firewood	per 40 bundles	$1.00

H. Kilner.
Chief Inspector

USE PATIONS SUN-PROOF PAINTS
SOLE AGENTS
THE TEARON, DANIEL COMPANY

Threaten Death To Get Pay Arrears

(*Chung Mei News Agency*)

Peking, Jan. 14.—Assassination of the chief of the bureau in charge of the preparations for the convocation of Parliament is the method which the subordinate officials of this bureau propose to employ in order to obtain the arrears of salary due them, according to vernacular press reports.

Mr. Sun Pei, the unfortunate chief of this bureau, has already received many letters, mostly written in the English language, from members of his staff, who state that the weather is cold, that the Chinese New Year is almost at hand and that they are faced with the alternative of starvation or not paying their debts.

So the officials of the bureau demand that Mr. Sun pay them what is due them before the New Year. Otherwise, they say, "we shall have to resort to the revolver, so that you may die with us."

Mr. Sun is reported as having resigned in great alarm.

S. African Strike To Be Arbitrated

(*Reuter's Service*)

Johannesburg, Jan. 16.—The Chamber of Mines has agreed to a conference of seven delegates aside, which will meet forthwith.

Johannesburg, Jan. 16.—Essential services along the Gold Reef continue to work well under officials of the mines, except at the Kleinfontein Mine (the old one), at Apex Number Seven and at Modder East, where flooding has started.

Shinyo Maru Sights Iceberg

(*China Press Service*)

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—Passengers on the Shinyo Maru from Shanghai arriving here today reported that an iceberg had been sighted on January 10, twenty-four hours out of Honolulu.

The iceberg was 200 feet long, and stuck out of the water 10 feet. It was three-fourths of a mile from the ship. The ship struck an extremely fast current about the time the iceberg was sighted, according to the captain.

The Shinyo Maru sailed from Shanghai on December 22. Among the Shanghai passengers for San Francisco on board were Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Benbower, Mr. and Mrs. William Cranton, Mr. K. Eisner, Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Hearne, Mrs. H. Hachmeister, Mr. F. F. Matthier, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Monohan, Dr. and Mrs. D. D. Palmer and Miss Phyliss Wilks.

Tibet Does Not Want Treaty Now

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, Jan. 16.—Mr. Charles Bell, Political Agent for Tibet, has returned to England. In an interview with a representative of Reuter's with regard to his mission in Tibet, Mr. Bell pointed out that the mission had reached agreement on all outstanding political questions, but no treaty had been made because none was desired. He emphasised that nothing had been done to conflict with the legal aspirations of China.

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The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

Home Office, Ford Building, Wilmington, Delaware, U.S.A.

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JANUARY 18, 1922

WEATHER

Overcast and cold weather, with intermittent rain or snow, but probably improving. Rather fresh winter monsoon all along the China coast. Variable winds over the China Sea.

More Conferences

A COMMUNIQUE from Cannes states that a resolution has been adopted unanimously which is of the opinion that an economic conferencce should be summoned early in March, to which all European Powers including Germany and Russia shall be invited. The object of this Conference, according to the same communique, is that the Allies consider the resumption of international trade throughout Europe and the development of the resources of all countries necessary to increase productive employment and that to relieve the widespread suffering a united effort by the stronger Powers is necessary in order to remedy the paralysis of the European system.

If, to secure conditions necessary for the development of trade the Russian Government demands official recognition, the Allies will be prepared to recognise it only if the stipulations already prescribed are adopted. A Reuter telegram reports that Lenin has accepted the invitation to the Conference. So after three long years of strife and bloodshed the Prince's Island proposal, put forward by ex-President Wilson, is actually being put into effect, the only difference being that Germany is also to take part. Europe has struggled frantically along during that period in the determination to crush Soviet Russia, but the task has proven to be an impossible one. Furthermore, it is patent now that the peace of Europe cannot and never will be settled until Russia and her Revolution are recognised as things that must be because they are.

There can be absolutely no two ways of thinking with respect to the future regeneration of Europe's economic condition should only the stronger Powers desire to reach an agreement with Russia, for, be it observed, the history of the past three years has taught the world that without Russia's participation in the scheme not only peace in Europe is impossible, but it is likewise impossible to have peace here in the Far East.

The only part of the communique that augurs the possibility of non-agreement is expressed in the phrase "The Allies will be prepared to recognise Soviet Russia only if the stipulations already described are adopted." As the Conference is being called by the Allies and for the Allies, it follows that there can be no talk of imposing stipulations on Russia that might be calculated to undermine such fruits of the Russian Revolution as have survived, because the present world struggle is one of advanced democracy versus Imperialism.

If the stipulations referred to appear prejudicial to Russia and her future, there will be very little chance of an agreement being reached. Should the attitude, adopted by the Japanese at the Dairen Conference towards the Russians, be duplicated at Genoa, it can be considered as a foregone conclusion that the Genoa Conference will also prove illusory. It will then be Russia's right to conduct economic relations only with those countries with which she has already entered into real friendly relations.

The question of Russia's real friends causes one to pause and meditate for a moment on the present negotiations that are taking place both at Peking and at Dairen. Russia's influence is felt almost as much here in the Far East as it is in Europe and this factor has called these conferences into being. The Conference at Peking is being conducted at present between the Russian and Chinese governments regarding the advisibility of a common agreement on the question of trade and the safeguarding of boundaries. As is the case in all questions affecting neighbors trade can only flow in natural channels and on properly established lines. Mutual trading relations bring prosperity to both countries when the direct interests of these countries are safeguarded against the machinations of a third party. This is exactly the case here in the Far East and the people of China should insist on the affairs of their country being safeguarded by a union with that country whose interests are identical with her own and that country is Russia.

In order to tune up and harmonise the peace of the world, China ought to realise the importance which her present position bears on the future well-being of the world and she ought to realise that by putting her right foot forward just now and joining hands with her northern friend she will have forestalled the so-called stronger Power. Just as Europe today cannot right herself without Russia's co-operation, China also here in the Far East cannot get along without the grasp of Russia's Eastern hand, which is offering her friendship and support.

Already the question of the Chinese Eastern Railroad is being discussed by the Russo-Chinese delegates and it is to be hoped that these preliminary discussions will eventually go far towards solving a vexatious problem. Once the European Powers arrive at a common understanding with Russia in the West and China concludes an advantageous pact with Russia here in the East the peace of the world will be greatly advanced and other Powers like Japan will have no more weight in the world than a fly has on an elephant's back.

Central Europe In Crisis -:- By Elmer Davis

Charles Hapsburg, having failed twice within six months to recover the crown of Hungary, has been relegated to Madeira; the Pragmatic Sanction has been abolished by a vote of the Hungarian National Assembly, and the Hapsburg claim on the Hungarian throne is a thing of the past; by formal promises given to the allied Governments, and through them to the Little Entente, Hungary has engaged that no Hapsburg will be a candidate when the nation finally comes to the business of electing a King. For the time being that settles the Hapsburg question, but there remains unsettled, though perhaps a little nearer solution, that general problem of Central Europe in which the Hapsburgs are only an incident, and in which even Hungary is only one factor, though the most important.

That problem can be stated as the struggle between progress and reaction, between democracy and oligarchy—the old oligarchy of courtiers, nobles, landed aristocrats, militarists and clericals, not without considerable support from financiers, and the new democracies which have grown up on the ruins of the Dual Monarchy. It has crowded out of the picture the fight between democracy and the new oligarchy of Bolshevism; to all appearances democracy has definitely won that fight in the Danube Basin. The net result of Charles Hapsburg's last attempt has been to put democracy a good deal further forward in its fight against the old oligarchy, but it is not yet out of the woods. It would be a good deal further along, however, if it were left to itself, without the interference of the great powers.

WHO KEPT THE PEACE?

To the statesmen of the great Entente this, of course, is heresy. They would say and doubtless believe, that if the succession States are left to themselves they will before long be engaged in new wars. The Czecho-Slovaks and Jugo-Slavs mobilised last month to keep Charles Hapsburg from regaining his throne, but as things turned out they did not invade Hungary. In London, Paris and Berlin statesmen and newspapers solemnly declared that the Allies, in that crisis, had preserved the peace of Europe. In Budapest, Count Stephen Bethlen, Premier of the Government which resisted and arrested the former King, boasted that Hungary had preserved the peace of Europe.

In the opinion of the writer, who was in Belgrade, Vienna and Prague during the latter part of the affair, and received a good deal of more or less trustworthy information from Budapest, both these statements are bunk. It was the Czecho-Slovak and Jugo-Slav mobilisation that preserved the peace of Central Europe last month, and created conditions which seem likely to preserve it for some time to come. An American observer in Prague remarked that the Slav States had really mobilised, not against Hungary, but against the Allies. Despite the insistence of officials on the harmony between Big and Little Entente, the concessions which, for the time being, have made Central Europe more or less safe for democracy had to be won step by step from the Allies by the Little Entente; and they were won only because it was realised in London, Paris and Rome that Prague and Belgrade, and probably Bucharest, too meant business.

The mobilisation, in effect, was a fire alarm. Charles Hapsburg was only a one-alarm fire at best, and, from second-hand reports of the fighting which stopped him, it appears that in fact he was put out by hand extinguishers. But he broke out in a region where the fire risk was pretty high, and the Czecho-Slovaks and Jugo-Slovas rightly thought that a general call for all apparatus was about the only thing that would wake up the Allies. It was a notice that the situation was serious, and that the Danube States intended to take care of their own interest in their own way.

That situation was the conflict of the new system in Central Europe with the old—the beaten, broken, but not yet dead reactionary elements which find their chief center in Hungary, against the new group of democratic States based on the Little Entente. That new grouping is beginning to mean something, politically and economically. Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo-Slavia and Rumania act together in diplomacy and will get together by force if the occasion rises. Their flanks are protected. Jugo-Slavia has an alliance with Greece—an alliance already once dishonored by Constantine, hence of rather dubious value, but still an alliance. Bulgaria is ruled by a pacifist Government which has already succeeded in establishing fairly good relations with Rumania, and is trying to persuade the Serbs to forget the happenings of 1913 and 1915. Aside from Albania the Balkans are quiet.

AGREEMENT WITH POLAND

On the other flank the chief source of trouble has lately been removed by the economic and political accord between Czecho-Slovakia and Poland, an agreement for which French diplomats have long been working, but which seems to be due chiefly to the indefatigable and brilliant Rumanian Foreign Minister, Take Jonescu.

In the center, strategically placed on the middle Danube, are two former enemy States; but Austria is peaceable, democratic, eager only for a chance to live. These seven States, in other words, are now getting along peaceably, and seem likely to get along. They have had bitter differences, not all of which are settled. The peoples, in some of these countries, are inclined still to dwell on the differences; but the Governments have more sense. Certainly it is not all plain sailing; but conditions are better than they have been at any time since the war, and there seems a strong balance of probability that these States will be able to live in peace. They are all democratic, whether republics or kingdoms; they are all organised, whether efficiently or not, on the general lines of modern democracies. But one State holds out, one State will not shake hands. That is Hungary.

Economically, too, a series of trade agreements is binding Southeastern Europe together. In this direction the most active worker is Dr. Benesh, the Czecho-Slovak Premier, who already has made arrangements not only with his allies of the Little Entente, but with Austria and Poland. He was negotiating with Hungary when the last Hapsburg affair broke off the conference; but he wants to start again if Hungary is willing. Certainly trade is still far from free in the Danube Basin; compared with the ideal, conditions are not happy; compared with what they were even a year ago, immense progress has been made.

Here, again, the obstacle is Hungary—the Hungary which, rightly admiring the economic unity of the old kingdom, refuses to accept the fact of the break-up of that kingdom. Hungarian propaganda seems to ignore the fact that it is possible to trade across frontiers; it insists that economic intercourse must mean political unity. Certainly, for a time after the war, it was hard to trade across frontiers in the Danube Basin, but Dr. Benesh, by trying to make a trade agreement with the Magyars, struck directly at this argument. If the Czechs can do it they want to persuade the Magyars that business can do something more than merely follow the flag. But if that is once accepted in Hungary it knocks the props from under most of the "no-no-never" arguments of the Magyar irredentists.

POLITICS IN HUNGARY

Though Hungarian Liberals will not admit it, most of the information which came to the writer indicates that the majority of Magyars are monarchists. The mere fact of universal suffrage means little, for in the elections which produced the present National Assembly few voted except those whom the watchers could count on to vote right How far the mass of Hungarian sentiment favors the Hapsburg is another thing, but Premier Bethlen could say, only three days before Charles Hapsburg reappeared last month, "We are all Legitimists," without losing his job. A study of the debates in the National Assembly during the crisis has convinced the writer that a good many, at least, of those who opposed the Hapsburgs did so only for fear of trouble; like Regent Horthy, who stopped Charles because he knew the Czecho-Slovaks and Jugo-Slavs would march into Budapest if he didn't. Nowhere is that doubted outside of London and Paris; nor does that mean that Horthy himself wanted Charles Hapsburg to come back; but Horthy could hardly have resisted the pro-Hapsburg pressure that would have borne upon him but for the threat of those armies gathered at Bratislava and Subotiza.

The dominant party in the National Assembly, the Small Farmers, celebrated the deposition of the Hapsburgs by a grand ceremony at the tomb of Louis Kossuth. They favor the free election of a King, but their leaders were ready to cut and run if had got to Budapest. One theory, at the time, had it that Charles's coup was inspired by the promise of support from the great landlords threatened by the agrarian reform promised by the Small Farmers; but there seems no positive evidence to support this, and there is some doubt about the genuineness of these agrarian reforms. By their enemies the Small Farmers are called the "monocle peasants," and certainly most of their prominent men are distinguished by other things than the smallness of their farms.

It seems a plausible supposition, the, that a majority of Hungary, if it did not actually want Charles back on the throne, would have accepted him. The statement attributed to Count Albert Apponyi, that he thought the moment ill-chosen, but that when the crowned King was in the country there was nothing to do but receive him, probably expressed the feeling of most Magyars, high and low. And, as a good many commentators in London and Paris inquired, why not let him come if his people want him? What right has the Little Entente to interfere? Count Bethlen in the speech with which he laid the dethronement law before the Assembly gave an answer to that question: "Hungary has not ceased to exert its power of attraction on all the peoples who lie in the Carpathian Basin. The Hapsburg question, apparently from an international standpoint, purely an affair of Hungary's internal politics, becomes a matter of foreign policy only if it is true that even those fading ideas and traditions which attach the peoples living around us to the dynasty are strong enough to weaken the unity of the neighboring countries." That is a Hungarian argument, but it is echoed by a good many foreigners. Its answer can be found chiefly outside the Danube Basin.

NEW ECONOMIC FORMATIONS

In so far as Hungary's "power of attraction" is a reality, it depends on the economic organisation of the old kingdom, carefully built around Budapest as a center. That organisation was quite efficient, and will be difficult to replace, but the Czechs have been trying to reorganise Central Europe on the theory that trade relations do not imply political connection. Once that is admitted the old economic organisation can be used by all the succession States. But Hungary as the last fortress of the old system has still an influence outside her own borders. It is not a question of "fading ideas and traditions" attaching the neighboring peoples either to Hungary or the Hapsburg dynasty, but of concrete and practical interests attaching the dispossessed classes—landed aristocrats, soldiers, clerical politicians—of those peoples to the old system which the dynasty represents. In those classes and in the similar and sympathetic classes in other countries lies the strength of that reaction against which the Little Entente is fighting the battle of democracy in the Danube Basin; that reaction whose citadel is Hungary.

For these dispossessed classes the Little Entente States provide no comfortable home. Landed aristocrats whose estates were in Slovakia or Transylvania find themselves dispossessed; Czecho-Slovakia and Rumania are putting through real agrarian reforms. The Generals, Admirals and bureaucrats of the old monarchy are, with few exceptions, so devoted to the old system that they are not trusted by the new States, even if they happen to live there. Military men who live in Austria find themselves without occupation, for Austria is anti-militarist. Clerical interest that flourished in an empire which for centuries was the beloved daughter of the Church now are confronted by an anti-clerical political system in Czecho-Slovakia, where there has already been a considerable secession from the Church; in Rumania and in Jugo-Slavia the dominant political element is orthodox. The great nobles of an empire which was governed and dominated by its aristocracy find themselves unable to live in comfort in aggressively democratic Czecho-Slovakia and Jugo-Slavia, and not much better off in Rumania.

For all of these classes the dynasty is only a symbol of the good old times. How far reaction has other support is a very doubtful question. People who do not like the Little Entente Governments make much of the discord between Czechs and Slovaks, between Croats and Serbs; they remark that conditions are considerably worse than before the war, and that the tendency of the average peasant is to blame the new Government and to sigh for the dear, dead past, when Franc's Joseph was in the Hofburg and the crown was worth 20 cents. No doubt this counts for something, but the recent crisis did not indicate that it counts for much. The Croats may not like the Serbs, nor the Slovaks and Czechs; but there is no evidence that they like the Magyars any better. And the policy of Hungary toward German Austria has been such that the German-Bohemians, when the crisis came, seemed in general to feel that their interests lay rather with the Czecho-Slovak Republic than with the Hapsburg King of Hungary.

The strength of reaction, then, is in the upper classes—in the Danube Basin and elsewhere. Elsewhere in this case means, above all France. Royalist, clerical and conservative sentiment in France is frankly pro-Hapsburg and pro-Hungarian. It didn't count for much in France at the showdown; but it counted for a good deal in the Danube Basin. Nothing is more certain than that Charles Hapsburg was convinced, when he left Switzerland, that France was behind him. As it happened, the French Government was not; but a good part of French sentiment was, not to mention a certain amount of sentiment among the same classes in England and Italy.

All this reaction finds its rallying point in Hungary—monarchist, aristocratic, militarist and Catholic. Hungarian propaganda still talks of the restoration of the old boundaries; if it is muted now and then, that is apparently only for temporary reasons of policy. With the old boundaries, the old system still prevails in the limited territory of Hungary as the treaty left it. Last February it looked as if the Government had turned about; Dr. Gustav Gratz, then Foreign Minister, made a long speech in which he proclaimed virtually the willingness of Hungary to wait a while and see how the new system worked. That is all her neighbors ask. Yet when Charles came back in October this same soft-spoken Gustav Gratz was one of those who sided with him.

HUNGARY AND NEIGHBORS

Dr. Benesh said to the writer while the Hungarian Assembly was debating the dethronement law: "There is no reason why we could not live peaceably and maintain good political and economic relations with a conservative Hungary, even a monarchist Hungary, provided that the monarch is not a Hapsburg. It is not true that we and the Jugoslavs want to cut a corridor between Austria and Hungary; it would be awkward in peace, and hard to hold in war. We have no desire to dismember or to encroach on Hungary, or to interfere in what can truly be called her internal affairs. We have good relations now with the Germans and the Austrians; we could have them with Hungary if the Hungarians would accept the present system and try to get along with their neighbors.

"The question of Hungary's Constitution has no interest for us so long as Hungary does not intrigue for the restoration of the old system in the neighboring States. What we do want is to be free from these repeated threats to our tranquility. We want to be sure that the Hungarians will keep their promises. We had to take vigorous action in this crisis to show that we had had enough. Now that these putsches seem to have been stopped, we may hope that there will finally be a peaceful solution of the more general problem of the antithesis of the old system and the new. There will be if the Hungarian reactionaries realise that they cannot turn back the clock."

Virtually the same thing, from a different point of view, was said in the Revue de France last mouth by M. Take Jonescu, in an article that was, of course, written before the last Hapsburg adventure. He had spoken of the advantages, political and economic, to be derived by all the small States from closer relations, but added: "When the Little Entente includes not only States content with the present condition of affairs, but also States whose aim, conscious or unconscious, is to destroy this system, it will go to pieces in the first crisis." Hungary will be welcomed in the circle only when she brings fruits meet for repentence.

This may explain the prompt action of the Little Entente when Charles Hapsburg came back. The moment Dr. Benesh received the message that told him of Charles's arrival in Hungary he declared. "We mobilise tonight." The order of mobilisation, though given out at once, was not to take effect for three days, but the news was spread abroad. The Jugoslav Government acted with equal promptitude. The Rumanians did not mobilise; they contented themselves with concentrating their frontier troops, which caused some bitterness among their allies.

However, from the military viewpoint the standing armies alone of the Little Entente could have handled the Hungarian troops. The Magyars are good fighters and they have plenty of trained men; but according to the most trustworthy reports they have not more than 70,000 who are equipped for modern war. The Czechs and Jugoslavs could have thrown in four times that number without mobilisation. Probably the Rumanian Government reasoned so in refraining from an expensive and disturbing step.

But the Czecho-Slovaks and Jugoslavs mobilised just the same—even though, in the case of the Czechs, the three-day interval brought the beginning of mobilisation after Charles was under arrest. This caused a good deal of grumbling in a people which is highly industrialised, and which, though it can fight, prefers to work unless fighting is necessary; nor did the argument that a dress rehearsal, in a nation which had never mobilised, might be a useful means of testing the machinery seem to offer an adequate explanation. In the writer's opinion, as said before, the mobilisation was a fire alarm, a notice that the Big Entente could not fail to hear. Incidentally, it pointed the warning to Hungary.

CHARLES'S AWAKENING

Charles Hapsburg suddenly found that all his calculations had been wrong. The Croats whom he had expected to assist him were falling in as the Jugoslav army mobilised; even the Raditch Party, steadfastly hostile to the Belgrade Government, hastened to proclaim that it was just as hostile to the Hapsburgs. The Germans of Bohemia did not rise; on the contrary, their political leaders stood by the Government. Without doubt there there was more of policy than of affection in this, and if it had actually come to fighting some of the German troops might have gone over to the enemy as Czech troops used to do when the Austrian army faced the Russians. In Gaslitz, on the Saxon border, Germans attacked the Czech troops and ten were killed; but aside from this there was no trouble in the mobilisation. And neutral observers in Prague reported that the average German there was strongly anti-Hapsburg. In Slovakia, where the Magyars counted on an uprising, and where even the Czech Government seems to have anticipated some trouble, there was no trouble at all. Mobilisation showed that in the pinch Czecho-Slovakia and Jugo-Slavia could manifest a higher degree of unity than any of their enemies had expected.

Not only had the expected revolts in the succession States failed to occur, but Charles discovered that his French friends were not running the French Government. In due time the Council of Ambassadors presented a note to Hungary demanding his deposition. But already he had been stopped and arrested. The Government which had told the Swiss Federal Council only a few weeks before that it still regarded Charles Hapsburg as King of Hungary, the Government whose Premier had said only a few days before that "we are all Legitimists," had resisted him with an armed force—not very formidable, but too formidable for the mild Hapsburg. Why? The prompt announcement of mobilisation in the neighboring States; the knowledge that within a few days the odds against Hungary would be not four to one, but eight to one.

Once mobilised, the Czecho-Slovak and Jugo-Slav troops remained under arms. An ultimatum was prepared by the two Governments, the Rumanians falling in rather reluctantly. The Allies had demanded only the deposition of Charles. The Little Entente demanded the end of the Hapsburg succession, for to States formerly ruled by that family one Hapsburg was about as bad as another. It demanded the stricter enforcement of the Treaty of the Trianon, particularly the disarmament provisions. There is wellgrounded complaint of the laxity of certain British and French officers who had been supposed to see to that matter; the Little Entente demanded that some of its own officers be added to the commission. As to the enforcement of the treaty as such, the affair of the Burgenland had shown that the Allies cared nothing about it when it was to the interest of one of their number to disregard it; the Little Entente proposed to get promises somewhat more binding. Finally, there was a demand that Hungary pay the cost of the mobilisation. Failing compliance with all this within forty-eight hours the Czecho-Slovak and Jugo-Slav Armies would march into Hungary.

The reaction to that was considerable in Budapast and still greater in Paris. Before the forty-eight hours were up the Allies had promised to support the first two demands; the last, concerning the cost of mobilisation, was probably added chiefly to quiet Czech complaints of the expense, and the two Governments, having got their essential demands, concluded that it was not worth holding out on this.

Upon demand of the Council of Ambassadors, then, the Hungarian Assembly passed the dethronement law. But it was at once seen that it provided no guarantees against the possible election of a Hapsburg a little later. Once more the Little Entente notified the Council of Ambassadors that the Hungarians were up to the old game of evasion; once more the Council of Ambassadors came over to the Little Entente's point of view. The guarantee now given against the election of a Hapsburg is of such a character that its violation

(Continued on Page 13)

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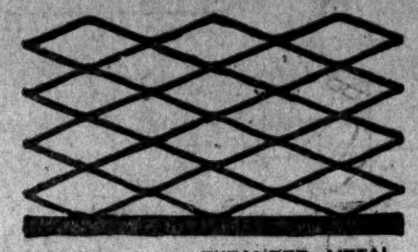

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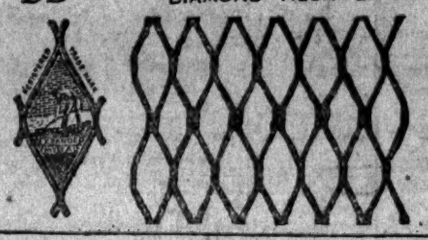

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Bringing Up Father

(Registered U. S. Patent Office)

By George McManus

DIDN'T I TELL YOU TO TAKE THE PORTIERES DOWN? GO AND DO IT RIGHT AWAY - I DON'T WANT TO SPEAK AGAIN.
GOOD!
I'LL WATCH YOU TO BE SURE YOU DO IT AND DON'T THINK THAT YOU ARE GOING TO GET OUT AS I HAVE SOME WORK FOR YOU TO DO. DO YOU HEAR ME?
DID YOU HEAR ME? WHY DON'T YOU ANSWER?
GONE!
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Central Europe In Crisis

(Continued from Page 12)

would be regarded as a casus belli by the Little Entente.

Point by point, then, the Little Entente had brought the large Allies around to the support of their demands—because their armies were in the field. But without this steady pressure, backed by the threat of a march to Budapest, the Allies would have insisted only on the deposition of Charles; and whatever the intentions of Horthy and Bethlen, they did not move against their King until they heard that mobilisation had been ordered in Szecho-Slovaka and Jugo-Slavia. They acted before mobilisation had actally begun, but they knew it was going to begin.

For the Little Entente had realised that the Big Entente has a profound respect for one thing—an accomplished fact. Everybody who has disobeyed the orders of the Big Entente has got something out of it. If Charles Hapsburg had actually got to Budapest, if he had been accepted by the nation which seemed ready to receive him, the reactionary forces in France which had encouraged his effort would have stood a much better chance of persuading the Government to leave him there. A good many Italians would have worked for him, for Charles in Budapest would have been a deadly enemy to Jugo-Slavia, and enemies of Jugo-Slavia are not disliked in Italy.

COUP CAREFULLY PREPARED

According to all precedent, if Charles had got to Budapest he would have stayed. The coup had been long and carefully prepared; everybody in Central Europe was looking for it; the Government was half-hearted and obviously ready to give in. Stephen Szabo and other leaders of the Small Farmers' Party were no doubt honestly anti-Hapsburg, but if the Government had not been prodded into action by the foreign armies on the frontier, Szabo and his friends would have been hunting cover. And then the Allies would have been faced with another accomplished fact, as in Fiume, Villa, Angora and the Burgenland. The Czecho-Slovaks and Jugo-Slavs beat Charles to it; they accomplished their fact first.

For that they are accused of having threatened the peace of Europe. Yet they did not invade Hungary. This last episode was only the last and most dangerous of a long series of provocations, made possible, if not actually favored, by the attitude of the Hungarian Government. It must have been a temptation to use the opportunity to clean out this center of reaction, to give the Hungarian liberals the chance which terrorism has taken away from them to reorganise Hungary and set up a Government which would have accepted the new system and tried to get along with its neighbors.

It could have been done. The overwhelming superiority of the armies of the Little Entente made victory certain and the material for the new Government was at hand. After Horthy's establishment at Budapest in the end of 1919 a group of Hungarian liberals and radicals set up the Republic of Baranya, in Southwestern Hungary; and here, protected by Jugoslav bayonets, they maintained an asylum for refugees from the reactionaries who were "purging Hungarian public life." A few months ago, on the insistence of the Allies, the Jugoslavs withdrew their forces from the Baranya, which belonged to Hungary under the peace treaty; the radical republic was unable to defend itself, and thousands of refugees, Magyars and Jugoslavs as well, fled into Jugoslav territory. If it had come to war, many of those refugees would have gone back as a Hungarian legion. Bela Linder, who was Minister of War in Karolyi's Cabinet after the armistice, and who had been head of the Baranya republic, was in Belgrade and could have set up the machinery of a Government which would have brought back the liberal exiles from Vienna and elsewhere. And such a Government, if it had lasted, would have enabled Hungary to come into the family group of the neighboring States. It would have been the hardest possible blow to the old system.

CHANCE OF A LIBERAL COUP

Of course that would have been a Government set up by foreign bayonets. But the present Government under Horthy began as a rump affair in Southern Hungary: it didn't get to Budapest till the Rumanians had routed the Red armies of Bela Kun. The Little Entente probably acted wisely in refraining from such strong measures; it is doubtful if the mass of Hungarians would have supported a liberal Government; it would have had to be maintained by Jugo-Slav troops. Still, it must have been a strong temptation. The Little Entente resisted it; they preferred to try to get along with the same old monarchist aristocrats who had supported the Hapsburgs as long as they dared, and who no doubt would support the Hapsburgs again if it became safe to do so. Yet these States are accused in London and Paris of having disturbed the peace of Europe.

Perhaps it might be worth while to inquire who really did disturb the peace of Europe, for those who did it once may do it again. Charles Hapsburg and his advisers, of course, in the first place; the Hungarian Government and ruling classes who had talked devotion to the crowned King, until Charles thought he had only to make a triumphal parade down the streets of Budapest. But who were his advisers? Certain inexperienced young noblemen, no doubt, as well as some elderly noblemen of great experience who ought to have known better; but he had, some advice from abroad. That advice turned out to be mistaken, but it came from sources which have certainly not lost their love for the old Danubian system, or else have taken such a dislike to the new system that they prefer the old. And those influences will be present on the side of reaction so long as the whole problem of Central Europe remains unsolved.

The part which an element in French life not without influence in military and diplomatic circles certainly had in the affair has been suggested above, and the organs which reflect French official opinion were not very outspoken on the subject until it had become clear that the Little Entente intended to get some action. As for the Italians, their influence was doubtless less direct, but perhaps more powerful. Since the replacement of Count Sforza by the Marquis della Terretta as Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs Italy's Eastern policy seems to be dominated by the desire to annoy Jugo-Slavia. Italian intrigues in Albania are the most clearly visible of a number of these enterprises.

Moreover, early in the Fall the mediation of Dr. Benesh seemed likely to settle the Austro-Hungarian dispute over the Burgenland. Suddenly Italy intervened, superseding and displacing the Czech Premier. Benesh yielded and withdrew, and under Italian auspices Austria and Hungary came to an agreement. Perhaps it was not very different from the solution that Benesh might have accepted though it seems to have given somewhat greater advantages to Hungary; but the point of the whole affair seems to have been that Italy was not content to let the Danube States settle their own affairs. Her diplomats wanted, so far as can be judged from the outside, to put the Slavs in their place. No wonder Hungarian reaction counted on at least the passive support of Italy.

As for France, just at present Czechoslovakia is the favorite of the French Government. Her army is trained by a French military mission, though Czech Generals would probably have commanded in case of war with Hungary. Her war material is mostly purchased from France—a great deal of it was purchased immediately after Charles made his appearance. And, in the meantime, there is reason to believe that a good deal of French ammunition has found its way into Hungary, despite the allied commission of control.

For an Eastern European State the friendship of France is pretty much like the affection of King Henry VIII. for the ladies of his time—an honor perilous to accept and ruinous to refuse. For France is working first of all for France, just as Henry VIII.'s chief interest was in Henry VIII. Dr. Benesh, a friend of France of long standing, has no doubt derived much advantage for his country from the favor which French statesmen have lately shown him; but among his people there is a good deal of concern about this hazardous distinction of being France's favorite. At any moment, they argue, France may change favorites as France has changed before. It would not be true as yet to say that French and Italian intrigues are working as much mischief in the Danube Basin and southeastern Europe generally as Austrian and Russian intrigues used to work in the Balkans; but if present tendencies continue it will be true before long.

So, in a sense, the war that seemed likely recently was for the Little Entente a war of liberation, even though it was never fought. In this one case the Little Entente struck out for itself and got virtually what it wanted, despite the lukewarmness of the great powers. The net result of the Charles episode was to demonstrate that some of the succession States were more stable than their detractors had asserted, and to make it clear that if the small States want some thing they will have to get it for themselves. The Balkan States learned that a decade ago; the Danube nations are learning it now.

Bobbie And His Pa

By William F. Kirk

Pa, I sed last nite, tell me a fairy story about the snow.

Why? sed Pa.

Beekaus our teacher sed we shud lern a fairy story about the snow, I sed. Hurry up, I sed.

See here, sed Pa, to whom are you saying Hurry up to? sed Pa.

I wonder if you and I will be parted oaver there, sed Pa.

I beg yure parding Pa, I sed. But I want to lern the fairy story and then go out sliding down hill.

The surest way for a yung gent to slide down hill in this wurld, and Pa, is to speek harsh to his old daddy, sed Pa. But I will for-give you this onst, sed Pa. Well let me see, sed Pa. Here is the story.

Onst upon a time, sed Pa, thare was a grate and rich man, a vary rich man, sed Pa. His naim was John D. Standard, sed Pa. He was setting in his libary, sed Pa, reeding a Himm Book. Outside it was snowing, snowing, snowing, sed Pa, and the grate man was vary sad, beekaus it made him think of his vannished chilehood, sed Pa, wen he used to slide down hill oaver the bumps insted of putting other peepul oaver the bumps, sed Pa. Oh, oh, sed the rich man, wud that I mite be as yung as one of them snow flakes.

Jest then a pritty little fairy flew in the window and sed Hello, old timer.

You are a vary fresh fairy to speek thus to a rich man, sed Mister Standard.

Rich men and poor men all look alike to me, sed the fairy. Remember the butiful poem, rich man, that goes like this:

A rich man's riches are like smoke
Wen that rich man has to croke.

If peepul are good here thay will be good Heerafter, wont thay? I sed.

"Yes indeed," sed Pa, "we will be good Heerafter."

Then why wont a rich man here be rich heerafter? I sed.

Beekaus Hevvan is full of goodness but shy on bankrolls, sed Pa. Bankrolls will not be needed thare, sed Pa, beekaus thare is no marridge in hevven, sed Pa. That is what talks the bankroll nowdays, sed Pa, marridge.

You doant meen to say so sed Ma.

Yes indeed, sed Pa. I wonder if you and I will be parted Oaver Thare, sed Pa.

We will be parted by a good many thousand miles, sed Ma. If I land in Hevven, wich I hoap to, sed Ma, Bobbie and I will call you up long distance every day, sed Ma.

Isent that nice, sed Pa. You are gitting a long way from the subjeck of snow, sed Pa.

Well, Pa, I sed, thank you for the fairy story. I doant reamember a word of it, I sed, but thanks for the story anyhow. Me and Ma is all the time gitting Pa's gote.

WATCH
your
WATCHMAN
with a
WATCHMAN'S CLOCK

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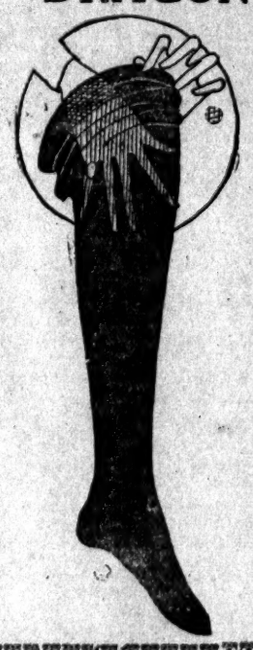

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Wednesday, January 18**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangyu, Captain McIlwain, will leave on Wednesday, January 18, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Luenho**, 2,368 Tons, Captain Reid, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Thursday, January, 19, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain F. McGarity, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, January 19**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Telephone Central 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kiangan**, Captain Ross, will leave on Thursday, Jan. 19, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Suiwo**, 2,671 Tons, Captain Everett, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, January, 20, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Telephone C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Nagivation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Capt. F. D. Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, January 20, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Esang**, 1,782 Tons, Captain Williams, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Old Ningpo Wharf on Saturday, January 21, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extension to Freight Department.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain A. Torrible, will leave on Saturday, January 21, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Wuhu**, Captain W. J. Pringle, will leave on Sunday, January 22. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The steamer **Meian**, Captain Mender, will be despatched from Shanghai on Monday, January 23, at —— —— For Freight, etc., please apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund. (Tel. Nos. Cen. 4702 and 3059).

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Kutwo**, 2,664 Tons, Captain Christie, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, January 23, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers, Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, Jan. 23, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kiangking**, Captain G. P. McAdam, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, January 24, at about o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD AND SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s S.S. **Kiangwan**, Captain J. Oudney, will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, January 18, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Exchange to all Departments.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Hsinchi**, Captain Hansen, will leave on Wednesday morning, Jan. 18. For Freight or Passage, apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

AMOY & FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinfung, Captain Ross, will leave on Wednesday morning, Jan. 18. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WENCHOW.—The Str. **Hacan**, Capt. F. H. Wallace, will leave on Wednesday morning, January 18. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The Steamer **Hsin Kiangteen**, Captain Sandle, will leave on Thursday, January 19, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Suiyang**, Capt. W. Shane, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, January 19, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. French Bund Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to all Departments.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chekiang**, Captain F. M. Dillon will leave on Saturday, Jan. 21, daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Chenan**, Captain P. R. Purslow, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Sunday, Jan. 22**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

For Northern Ports

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for transportation by railway to **TIENTSIN.**—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the s.s. **Kwangping**, on **January 18.** For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinlee Road, Tel. C. 317.

DAIREN DIRECT.—The s.s. **Wan-Li**, Captain A. Buhre, will be despatched from Shanghai on Wednesday, Jan. 18. For Freight, please apply to Jenslen Transport Co., No. 36 Nanking Road. (Tel. No. Central 531).

CHEFOO & DAIREN.—The Str. **Toonan**, Captain Nielsen, will leave on **Thursday morning, January 19.** For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kiukiang**, Captain Harding, will leave on Thursday, January 19, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. C. No. 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

VLADIVOSTOK via NAGASAKI.—The mail s.s. **Yungshin**, Captain Pooiga, will be despatched from Shanghai on Saturday, **January 21.** The tender conveying mail and passengers will leave the French Mail Jetty on Saturday, at 3:00 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund. (Tel. Nos Central 4702 and 3059).

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Soochow**, Captain E. Monkman will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, the 21st inst., at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Tel. C. No 4881, Private Branch Exchange to All Departments.

VLADIVOSTOK. Direct.—The steamer **Alcut**, Captain Alexeeff, will be despatched for Vladivostok direct, on or about the 25th January, 1922, at exclusively cheap rate of freight. For Freight and Passage, apply to Meller & Co., (S'hai) Ltd. No. 1 The Bund. (Tel. C217). S. Heinmann & Co., No. 19 A Canton Road. (Tel. C. 1604).

TONGKU DIRECT.—The Str. **Sekino Maru**, will be despatched from Shanghai on **January 27.** Through Bills of Lading will be granted to Tientsin, cargo being discharged at Tongku and transhipped thence to Tientsin by rail. For Freight, etc., please apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund. (Tel. Nos. C. 4702 and 3059).

For Japan Ports

NAGASAKI DIRECT.—The Mail s.s. **Yungshin**, Capt. Pooiga, will be despatched from Shanghai on **Saturday, January 21**, at —— The tender conveying Mail and Passengers will leave the French Mail Jetty on Saturday at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund. (Tel. Nos. Central 4702 and 3059).

Shipping Items

YANGTSZE PORTS

The I-C. s.s. **Luenho** left Hankow on Sunday and is due in Shanghai today at noon.

The C.N. s.s. **Poyang** left Hankow on Sunday and is due in Shanghai today at noon.

The S.P. s.s. **Tehsing** left Hankow on Monday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow noon.

The I-C. s.s. **Suiwo** left Hankow on Monday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow noon.

The C.N. s.s. **Luenyi** left Hankow on Monday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow noon.

The C.M. s.s. **Kiangtoo** left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

The C.N. s.s. **Wuchang** left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

The I.C. s.s. **Esang** left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Friday.

The C.M. s.s. **Kiangwah** will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Saturday.

The I-C. s.s. **Kutwo** will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.N. s.s. **Ngankin** will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Saturday.

The C.M. s.s. **Kiangshin** will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Sunday.

The I.C. s.s. **Tuckwo** will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. **Shengking** will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Sunday.

SOUTHERN PORTS

The I-C. s.s. **Hangsang** is due to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow this afternoon.

The I-C. s.s. **Waishing** is due to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow on Sunday morning, Jan. 22.

The C.N. s.s. **Soochow** left Hongkong on Sunday and is due in Shanghai today.

NORTHERN PORTS

The S.M.R. s.s. **Sakaki Maru** arrived in Shanghai from Dairen and Tsingtao yesterday morning and will sail for same ports, at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. The tender with passengers and baggage will leave the Customs jetty at 1:30 p.m. today.

The C.N. s.s. **Chekiang** left Tsingtao for Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. **Yusang** is due to arrive in Shanghai from Tsingtao on Monday morning.

JAPAN PORTS

The N.Y.K. s.s. **Chikugo Maru** left Moji for Shanghai on Monday and is due to dock at the N. Y. K. Wharf today.

INDIAN PORTS

The P. & O. s.s. **Dunera** is due to sail from Bombay for Straits, Hongkong and Shanghai on Jan. 24.

The B.I. s.s. **Janus** left Calcutta on January 11 and is due to arrive in Shanghai about Feb. 2.

The B.I. s.s. **Japan**, from Calcutta on December 23, left Hongkong at 6:30 o'clock Saturday morning and is due to arrive in Shanghai this morning.

The P. and O. s.s. **Jeypore** left Bombay for Straits, Hongkong and Shanghai on Friday, Jan. 13.

EUROPEAN LINES

The S.E. s.s. **Japan**, outbound from Gothenburg for Shanghai, left Hamburg on Dec. 27.

The P. & O. s.s. **Khiva** left London for Shanghai and ports of call on Friday afternoon, Jan. 6.

The Glen Line m.v. **Glenamoy** is due to arrive in Shanghai from London on January 29 and the Glenade on 30th.

The P. & O. s.s. **Kashgar**, from London on Dec. 23, was expected to leave Colombo yesterday and is due to arrive in Shanghai on February 4.

The P. & O. s.s. **Nagoya**, from London on Dec. 12, is expected to leave Hongkong tomorrow and is due to arrive in Shanghai on the 22nd.

The Blue Funnel s.s. **Phemius**, from Liverpool, left Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Thursday.

The M.M. s.s. **Azayle Rideau**, with the French mails of Dec. 17, left Singapore on Thursday and is due to arrive in Shanghai on Jan. 27.

The S.E. s.s. **Benares**, outbound from Gothenburg for India, left Suez on November 8.

The S.E. s.s. **Japan**, outbound from Gothenburg for Shanghai, left Suez on January 15.

The M.M. s.s. **Azay le Rideau**, with the French mails of December 17, left Saigon at 4 o'clock Tuesday morning and is expected to arrive in Shanghai on January 26.

AMERICAN LINES

The Adl. Line s.s. **Bay State** left Seattle on Jan. 7 and is due to arrive in Shanghai by way of Yokohama and Kobe on the 24th.

The Adl. Line s.s. **Keystone State** was due to sail from Seattle last Saturday and is expected to arrive by way of Yokohama and Kobe on the 31st.

The Blue Funnel s.s. **Canadian Prospector**, from Vancouver left Chinwangtao on Monday and is due to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow morning.

The C.P.S. s.s. **Monteagle** which was due to sail from Shanghai for Japan ports and Vancouver, next Saturday, has been postponed indefinitely.

The T.K.K. s.s. **Taiyo Maru** which was due to sail from Shanghai for San Francisco by way of Japan ports and Honolulu tomorrow, has been postponed indefinitely.

The China Mail s.s. **China** which was scheduled to sail from Hongkong on January 16 and from Shanghai on the 19th for Japan ports, Honolulu and San Francisco, has been delayed by the seamen's strike in effect at Hongkong.

Sailed from Shanghai

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

Korea Maru	Dec. 11
Empire State	Dec. 12
Golden State	Dec. 14
Nanking	Dec. 15
Cathay	Dec. 21
Shinyo Maru	Dec. 22
West Jena	Dec. 26
West O'Rowa	Dec. 27
Shabonee	Dec. 31
Can. Inventor	Jan. 4

FOR PORTLAND

Eastern Sailer	Dec. 17
Vinita	Jan. 10

FOR PORT TOWNSEND

Chattanooga City	Dec. 15
Craster Hall	Jan. 16

FOR VANCOUVER

Emp. of Asia	Jan. 7

FOR TACOMA

Arabia Maru	Jan. 8

FOR SEATTLE

Katori Maru	Dec. 1
Horaisan Maru	Dec. 11
Keystone State	Dec. 13
Kashima Maru	Dec. 31
Silver State	Jan. 4
Pinetree State	Jan. 15

FOR NEW YORK

Yangtsze	Dec. 24
Wytheville	Dec. 28
Egremont Castle	Jan. 3
Oanfa	Jan. 6
Suruga	Jan. 9
Toba Maru	Jan. 10
Moorish Prince	Jan. 11
City of Cambridge	Jan. 16

FOR LONDON

Kazembe	Dec. 14
Bellerophon	Dec. 15
Nellore	Dec. 17
Yokohama Maru	Dec. 19
Dongola	Dec. 31
Lycaon	Jan. 1
Helenus	Jan. 6
Egypt	Jan. 14

FOR LIVERPOOL

Agamemnon	Dec. 17
Deucalion	Dec. 18
Eurypylus	Jan. 14

FOR HAMBURG

Atlas Maru	Dec. 19
Lima Maru	Jan. 16
Argun Maru	Jan. 17

FOR COPENHAGEN

Java	Dec. 11

FOR MARSEILLES

Lt. De La Tour	Dec. 11
Paul Lecat	Dec. 16
Angkor	Dec. 30
Porthos	Jan. 14

FOR TRIESTE

Nippon	Dec. 16
Cilicia	Jan. 12
Trieste	Jan. 14

FOR BOMBAY

Dunera	Dec. 23
Dilwara	Jan. 10

FOR CALCUTTA

Gregory Apcar	Dec. 30
Torilla	Jan. 13

FOR AUSTRALIA

Reiyo Maru	Jan. 15

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S.S. "WOOSUNG" ..... sails January 18th, midnight.
S.S. "POYANG" ..... sails January 19th, midnight.
S.S. "LUENYI" ..... sails January 20, midnight.

Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON via SWATOW and AMOY.

S.S. "SINKIANG" ..... sails January 19th, at daylight.
S.S. "CHEKIANG" ..... sails January 21st, at daylight.
S.S. "CHENAN" ..... sails January 22nd, daylight.

Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philippines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.

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S.S. "HSIN PEKING" ..... sails at 4:30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to

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Monteagle	Delayed—apply at Co's Office		
Empress of Japan	Feb. 11	Feb. 17	Mar. 1
Empress of Russia	Feb. 25	Mar. 4	Mar. 13
Empress of Asia	Mar. 25	Apr. 1	Apr. 10
Monteagle	Mar. 29	Apr. 4	Apr. 18

TO HONGKONG VIA MANILA

Emp. of Russia Jan. 23
Emp. of Asia Feb. 19
Emp. of Russia Apr. 9
Emp. of Asia May. 6

TO HONGKONG DIRECT

Monteagle .... Mar. 14
Emp. of Japan Mar. 28
Monteagle May 19
Emp. of Japan May 26

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S.S. "BAY STATE"	Feb. 12	Feb. 28
S.S. "KEYSTONE STATE"	Feb. 22	Mar. 10
S.S. "SILVER STATE"	Mar. 12	Mar. 28

SUBSEQUENT SAILINGS EVERY FOURTEEN DAYS

To HONGKONG and MANILA

	Leave Shanghai
S.S. "BAY STATE"	Jan. 26
S.S. "KEYSTONE STATE"	Feb. 2
S.S. "SILVER STATE"	Feb. 23
S.S. "PINE TREE STATE"	Mar. 9

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S.S. Hoosier State	Jan. 25	S.S. Golden State	Feb. 5
S.S. Golden State	Feb. 22	S.S. Empire State	Mar. 1
S.S. Empire State	Mar. 10	S.S. Hoosier State	Mar. 26

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ALONG THE PATHWAY OF THE SUN.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "TAIYO MARU" via Nagasaki	Jan. 19
S.S. "SIBERIA MARU" via Dairen	Feb. 3
S.S. "TENYO MARU" via Nagasaki	Feb. 14
S.S. "KOREA MARU" via Nagasaki	Feb. 27
S.S. "SHINYO MARU" via Nagasaki	Mar. 12

FOR HONGKONG

S.S. "SIBERIA MARU" direct	Jan. 24
S.S. "TENYO MARU" direct	Jan. 29
S.S. "KOREA MARU" via Manila	Feb. 8
S.S. "SHINYO MARU" via Manila	Feb. 19

S.S. "REIYO MARU" (Freighter) due to arrive O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, midnight, January 11, 1922.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all Principal Overland Points in United States, Canada and Mexico by rail; and to Atlantic Coast Ports of the United States by connecting steamers, of Panama; also for South America.

Regular sailings from Hongkong and Yokohama, via Hawaii, for West Coast Ports of South America.

Excellent passenger accommodation on all steamers. Tickets issued under liberal privileges.

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STRUTHERS & BARRY

For San Francisco and Los Angeles via Hongkong and Philippine Islands.

U.S.S.B. "WEST CHOPAKA" Jan. 20th

For San Francisco via Hongkong and Philippine Islands

U.S.S.B. "WEST FARALON" Feb. 5th
U.S.S.B. "APUS" Feb. 25th

Through Bills of Lading issued to all U. S. A. and Canadian overland common points,

Connecting at San Francisco with weekly service to U. S. Atlantic Coast via Panama Canal. Through Bills of Lading issued.

For information on rates, etc., apply to

EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR THE FAR EAST: STRUTHERS & BARRY

Shanghai, China. 7 Jinkee Road
Tel. Cent. 5017 and 5018
Telegrams "DIXSTRUTH"

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT

Sailings From Shanghai

(Subject to Change)

FOR SAN FRANCISCO VIA JAPAN AND HONOLULU

	Leave Shanghai	Arrive San Francisco
S.S. "CHINA"	Jan 19	Feb. 10
S.S. "NANKING"	Feb. 23	Mar. 16

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "NANKING"	Feb. 9
S.S. "CHINA"	Mar. 19

The Steamers "China" and "Nanking" connect at Hongkong with the S.S. "Nile," which will maintain a regular schedule between Hongkong, Singapore and Batavia.

Through Bills of Lading issued to United States and Canadian Overland Points, Mexico, Central and South America, Panama, Cuba and Atlantic Coast Ports of the United States.

For information regarding Passenger Fares, Freight Rates and further particulars as to sailings, apply to

F. R. BARRETT

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER AGENT

Corner Szechuen and Kiukiang Roads.
Telegraphic Address "CHIMAIL"
Telephones:
General Office Central 4773
Agent Central 6313

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
Sailings From Shanghai (Subject to Alteration).

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE

Marseilles, London and Antwerp via Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, and Port said:—

	Tons		
SADO MARU	19,000	Capt. S. Shibata,	Jan. 30
MISHIMA MARU	17,000	K. Okamoto,	Jan. 20

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE

For London and North Continental Ports via ports.

LIMA MARU	12,500	Capt. C. Ota,	Jan. 14, 1922
MATSUMOTO MARU	12,500	Capt. ———	Feb. 2, 1922

For Marseilles and Liverpool via Ports.

MALACCA MARU	12,500	Capt. H. Tsuzuhashi,	beginning of Feb. 1922

FOR VICTORIA and SEATTLE

S.S. SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. S. Murazumi,	Jan. 24
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	R. Shimizu,	Feb. 12

FOR SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK via Panama.

Calling at Japan Ports.

TOBA MARU	15,000	Capt. K. Teramoto,	Jan. 7
GENOA MARU			Feb. 16

FOR SOUTH AMERICA (Sailing from Kobe). (Cargo only).

For Buenos Ayres, Santos, Rio de Janeiro via Durban and Cape Town:—

FOR YOKOHAMA VIA NAGASAKI, MOJI AND KOBE

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Yasuhara,	Jan. 19
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. Y. Yoshida,	Jan. 27
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Shirai,	Jan. 31

FOR KOBE AND OSAKA VIA MOJI.

OMI MARU	7,900	Capt. S. Yoshimatsu,	Jan. 18
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. G. T. Matsushita,	Jan. 21
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Sasaki,	Jan. 25
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. K. Kobayashi,	Jan. 28

FOR KOBE DIRECT.

INABA MARU			Jan. 24

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT.

KATORI MARU	20,000	T. Kusamo,	Feb. 15

FOR HONGKONG via MANILA.

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. S. Shimizu,	Jan. 25

FOR AUSTRALIA (Sailing from Hongkong).

For Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Inl., Townsville, Brisbane. Sydney, Melbourne:—

NIKKO MARU	9,600	Capt. S. Takano,	Jan. 17

For freight, passage and further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
3 North Yangtsze Road, Shanghai.
Tel. Add: "YUSEN, SHANGHAI"
Tel. No: Passenger Dep't. ..... N. 1159 and 2729.
Freight Dep't. ..... N. 1155 & 167 (Ocean).
N. 1154, 1157 & 1162 (Local).

The North China Line

Sailings from Shanghai

To Portland via Tsingtau, Taku Bar And Dairen

S.S. "WEST NOMENTUM"	Jan. 21, 1922
S.S. "WEST KADER"	Feb. 1, 1922
S.S. "EASTERN SAILOR"	Feb. 23, 1922

To Hongkong and Manila

S.S. "WEST CAYOTE"	Jan. 21, 1922

Through Bills of Lading issued to all U. S. cities and Canadian Overland Points.

Also through Bill of Lading issued to New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Charleston and Boston in connection with fast Inter-coastal Liners.

For information as to freight rates, etc.
Apply to

COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING CO.

Telephone C. 463 No. 6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, (4th Floor)

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Under Mail Contract with Imperial Japanese Government

Sailings From Shanghai (Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE. For London, Hamburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo. (Cargo only)

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
ARGUN MARU	15,000	W. Miura,	Jan. 17	Jan.17
ANDES MARU	15,000	N. Kurogi,	Feb. 10	Feb. 11

NEW YORK LINE. For San Francisco, Panama and New York via Dairen and Japan Ports. (Cargo only)

HAGUE MARU	10,000	M. Kimura,	Jan. 22	Jan. 23
HAVANA MARU	12,000	S. Imai,	Feb. 14	Feb. 16

PUGET SOUND LINE. For Tacoma, Victoria, Seattle and Vancouver via Dairen and Japan Ports.

ARIZONA MARU	20,000	K. Kitano,	Jan. 26	Jan.27

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT.

HAVANA MARU	10,000	S. Imai,	Jan. 16	Jan. 17
MANILA MARU	20,000	Y. Somekawa,	Jan. 23	Jan. 24
AFRICA MARU	20,000	K. Tashiro,	Feb. 7	Feb. 8

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS. For Dairen via Tsingtao

KOHOKU MARU	5,000	T. Akazawa,	Jan. 20	Jan. 22

FOR FORMOSA. For Keelung and Takao via Foochow.

SEIKYO MARU	5,000	N. Kamizawa	Jan. 20	Jan. 21

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

N.K.K. Building, 7 Canton Road. Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235.
Yangtszepoo Wharf Office ..... Tel. Nos. East 208 and 212.

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S. S. Line
(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT

S.S. "KASHMIR"	Jan.	28th
S.S. "NAGOYA"	Feb.	11th
S.S. "KASHGAR"	Feb.	25th
S.S. "KHIVA"	Mch.	11th

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO

S.S. "DUNERA"	Feb.	20th
S.S. "SICILIA"	Mch.	10th

FOR CALCUTTA FROM HONGKONG via THE STRAITS

S.S. "TORILLA"	Feb.	2nd
S.S. "JAPAN"	Feb.	9th

FOR SYDNEY and MELBOURNE from HONGKONG

S.S. "ST. ALBANS"	Feb.	8th
S.S. "EASTERN"	Mar.	6th
S.S. "ARAFURA"	Apr.	3rd

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
77, Szechuen Road, Shanghai
Telephones: General: Central 169
Passage: Central 2510
Freight: Central 2069

DOLLAR LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC AND NEW YORK FREIGHT SERVICE
MANILA—HONGKONG—SINGAPORE—SHANGHAI TO AMERICA

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO, SEATTLE AND VANCOUVER
In order named

S.S. "Melville Dollar"	January 27
S.S. "Harold Dollar"	end of February

SAILINGS FOR NEW YORK VIA HONGKONG, MANILA AND SINGAPORE

S.S. "Robert Dollar"	January 22
S.S. "Esther Dollar"	February 5

Cargo accepted for local ports of call

Through Bills of Lading issued to Points Beyond.
Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.
For further information as to Freight Rates, etc. apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY
Robert Dollar Building, No. 3 Canton Road
TELEPHONE: CENTRAL 6372, 6373, 6374

LUMBERLINE

FREIGHT SERVICE BETWEEN NORTH CHINA PORTS AND PORTLAND, OREGON

With Overland Railway connections to any points in the U.S.A. and Canada.

SAILINGS:—

S.S. "LUISE NIELSEN"	Late January
S.S. "HANNA" NIELSEN"	Early February
S.S. "UNITA"	Late February
S.S. "BRATSBERG"	Early March.
S.S. "HEKTOR"	Early March
S.S. "NIELS NIELSEN"	Late March

Special terms on Bulk Cargo shipments to Pacific Coast Ports.

Special Passenger Rates S.S. "HEKTOR"

China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd.

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Telephone C. 1464. Telegraphic Address: "Lumberco"

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

FOR NEW YORK AND BOSTON VIA PANAMA

S.S. SATSUMA ..... FEB. 15

For rates and particulars apply to

THE BARBER S. S. LINES, INC.
THE ADMIRAL LINE, Agents.
Cor. Nanking and Kiangse Rds. Tel. 4, 5971, 5972 and 5973

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 18 1922

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	U.S.A.	Reg.
TODAY					
Vladivostok & Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00			17.00
River Ports	[illegible]	21.00			[illegible]
Chinwangtao	*Kwangping	21.00			
Chefoo	Toonan	21.00			21.00
Japan Ports	Kasuga M.	19.00	17.00		18.30
Wenchow	[illegible]	21.00			21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Sulyang	21.00			21.00
Swatow & Hongkong	do		17.00		
Hongkong and Canton	C. of Boston	18.00			17.30
Chefoo	Toonan		17.00		
Hankow	Woosung		17.00		
Vladivostok	Train		17.00		
Ningpo	Hsin Pekings		15.00		
Tientsin	Train		17.00		
Hankow	Train		17.00		
TOMORROW					
Japan, Honolulu, Canada U. S. A. and Europe via U. S. A.			12.00		11.30
Japan, H'lulu, Canad U.S.A. & Europe	Taiyo M.				
H'kong, Straits, India & Europe via Suez	Taiyo Maru	11.30			11.00
Japan, Honolulu, Canada U.S.A. & Europe via U. S. A.	Mishima M.	15.00			14.30
River Ports	China				10.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Train & Str	21.00	11.00		21.00
Swatow & Canton	Via P. & H.	17.00			17.00
Java Ports	Kwongsang	21.00			21.00
Hongkong	Tjitaroem	17.00			16.30
Swatow & Hongkong	[illegible] M.		15.00		
Friday, Jan. 20	Kwongsang		17.00		
S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Chekiang	21.00			21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	do				
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.	19.00	17.00		18.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00			21.00
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.				
Saturday, Jan. 21.			17.00		
S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Cheongshing	21.00			21.00
S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Chenan	21.00			21.00
Swatow and Hongkong					
Manila direct	E. of Russia	A12.00	17.00		13.00
Swatow & Hongkong	Cheonshing		12.00		
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe			17.00		
Monday Jan. 23	Suwa Maru	A15.00			14.30
Swatow and Hongkong	Choysang		17.00		

*Parcel mail only.
†Specially marked mail only.
A Fixed provisionally.
B. Registered matters at 5 p.m. previous day.
E. Registered at 9 p.m. on previous day.

Departures

Date		From	Ships Name		Flag Agents
Jan. 17	—	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 17	—	Hankow, etc.	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co
Jan. 17	—	Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	R.S.B. & Co.
Jan. 17	—	Hankow, etc.	Klangshun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan. 17	—	Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Jan. 17	—	Chefoo & Dairen	Chihli	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 17	—	Japan	Cap Arcona	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Jan. 17	—	Weihaiwei & Chefoo	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 17	—	Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi.	Customs
Jan. 17	—	Japan	C. of Manchester	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 17	—	Hamburg, etc.	Arcun Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan. 17	—	Dairen	Fukuken Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan. 17	—	Ningpo	Hsin Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

Arrivals

Date		From	Ships Name		Flag Agents
Jan. 16	—	Vancouver, ports	Robert Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 16	—	Hongkong	Esang	Br.	J. M. & Co
Jan. 17	—	Ningpo	Hsin Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 17	—	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R. Co.
Jan. 17	—	Japan	Toko Maru	Jap.	Kaiyosha
Jan. 17	—	Chinwangtao	Uraga Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Jan. 17	—	Dairen	Wanli	Chi.	J. T. Co.
Jan. 17	—	Foochow	Ningshin	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Jan. 17	—	Tsingtao	Tungshing	Br.	J. M. & Co
Jan. 17	—	Hankow, etc.	Kiangan	Chi	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan. 17	—	Vladivostok	Yungshin	Chi.	L. V. Lang

Passengers Departed

Per I-C. Loongwo for Kiukiang: Miss Cornaby and five children; Mr. Sutton; for Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Hallam, Mr and Mrs. Kwan, Miss Kwan, Mr. J. E. Gubby.

Per C.M. s.s. Hean for Wenchow: Mr. K. Sakomoto.

Per I-C. s.s. Tungshing for Swatow: Miss Tai So.

Vessels Due

Bay State, *Seattle*	Jan.	24
Chekiang, *Tsingtao*	Jan.	19
Chikugo Maru, *Japan*	Jan.	18
Chohei Maru, *Dairen*	Jan.	24
E. of Russia, *Vancouver*	Jan.	22
Esang, *Hankow*	Jan.	20
Fushimi Maru, *Seattle*	Jan.	24
Hangsang, *Hongkong*	Jan.	18
Hoosier State, *Hongkong*	Jan.	24
Hsin Kiangteen, *Ningpo*	Jan.	19
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo*	Jan.	18
Hsin Ningshao, *Ningpo*	Jan.	18
Hoosier State, *Hongkong*	Jan.	25
Inaba Maru, *London*	Jan.	22
Japan, *Calcutta*	Jan.	18
Kiangfoo, *Hankow*	Jan.	20
Klanghsin, *Hankow*	Jan.	22
Kiangwah, *Hankow*	Jan.	21
Kiangyung, *Hankow*	Jan.	23
Kiangshun, *Hankow*	Jan.	24
Kutwo, *Hankow*	Jan.	21
Kumano Maru, *Japan*	Jan.	25
Luenho, *Hankow*	Jan.	18
Luenyi, *Hankow*	Jan.	19
Manila Maru, *Tacoma*	Jan.	23
Nganking, *Hankow*	Jan.	21
Poyang, *Hankow*	Jan.	18
Shengking, *Hankow*	Jan.	22
Siberia Maru, *S. Francisco*	Jan.	20
Soochow, *Hongkong*	Jan.	19
Sulwo, *Hankow*	Jan.	19
Suwa Maru, *Hongkong*	Jan.	21
Takeshima Maru, *Japan*	Jan.	24
Tehhsing, *Hankow*	Jan.	19
Tuckwo, *Hankow*	Jan.	22
Tatung, *Hankow*	Jan.	25
Waishing, *Hongkong*	Jan.	22
W. Cayote, *Portland*	Jan.	20
Whangpu, *Hankow*	Jan.	23
Wuchang, *Hankow*	Jan.	20
Wosang, *Hankow*	Jan.	25
Yamashiro Maru, *Japan*	Jan.	22
Yusang, *Tsingtao*	Jan.	23

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and baggage on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru, for Tsingtao and Dalny will leave the Customs Jetty at 1:30 p.m.

Saturday, January 21, 1922

The tender conveying passengers and baggage on board the L. V. Lang s.s. Yungshin, for Vladivostok will leave the Customs Jetty at 3:00 p.m.

Thursday, January 26, 1922

The tender conveying passengers and baggage on board the S. M. R. s.s. Chohei Maru, for Tsingtao and Dairen will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 p.m.

Passengers Arrived

Per S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru from Dairen and Tsingtao: Mrs. M. Muir, Messrs. R. M. Johns, E. Johnston, C. E. Almaider, T. Sumita, K. Ohnishi, M. Araki, Liang.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangan from Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Dillon, Mr. Chas. E. Ash, Miss Helen E. Newton.

Per L. V. Lang s.s. Yungshin from Vladivostok: Misses F. Laurent, M. Volsh, Vera Klukina, Mr. and Mrs. Maxim Gavrilon and child, Mad. Olga Mastzepan, Mrs. Pavloff, Mrs. Krohmaleff, Mrs. Anna Anten, Messrs. Sören Hansen, J. P. Moller, H. Tsube, H. Nicholls, Em. Maizel, A. Zimmerman, Boyks, Mrs. Marie Bolman.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents.
Jan. 19	—	San Francisco	†Taiyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Jan. 19	—	San Francisco	†China	Am.	China Mail
Jan. 19	—	Portland, ports	W. Nomentum	Am.	Ch. P. Co.
Jan. 20	—	San Francisco	W. Chopaka	Am.	S. & B.
Jan. 21	—	Vancouver	†Monteagle	Br.	C.P.S.S.
Jan. 22	—	Seattle, ports	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 22	—	New York	Robert Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 23	—	New York, ports	Hague Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Jan. 25	—	San Francisco	†Hoosier State	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Jan. 27	—	Tacoma, ports	Arizona Maru		
Jan. 27	—	New York	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 29	—	Seattle, ports	†Wenatchee		
Feb. 1	—	Portland, ports	West Kader	Am.	Ch. P. Co.
Feb. 3	—	San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Feb. 5	—	San Francisco	W. Farallon	Am.	S. & B.
Feb. 11	—	Vancouver	†E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.S.S.
Feb. 12	—	Seattle	Pushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb. 12	—	Seattle	†Bay State	Am.	A. Line
Feb. 14	—	San Francisco	†Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Feb. 15	—	New York, ports	Satsuma	Am.	Adl. Line
Feb. 16	—	New York, ports	Havana Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Feb. 22	—	San Francisco	†Golden State	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Feb. 22	—	Seattle, ports	†Keystone State	Am.	Adl. Line
Feb. 23	—	Portland, ports	E. Sailor	Am.	Ch. P. Co.
Feb. 23	—	San Francisco	†Nanking	Am.	China Mail
Feb. 25	—	Vancouver	†E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.S.S.
Feb. 25	—	San Francisco	Apus	Am.	S. & B.
Feb. 27	—	San Francisco	†Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Mar. 12	—	Seattle, ports	†Silver State	Am.	Adl. Line
Mar. 12	—	San Francisco	†Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Mar. 15	—	San Francisco	W. Carmona	Am.	S. & B.
Mar. 19	—	San Francisco	†Empire State	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Mar. 25	—	Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.S.S.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Jan. 18	—	Moji, K., Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 19	—	N'saki, K., Y'hama	[illegible] Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 21	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yunghsin	Chi.	L.V. Lang
Jan. 22	2.30	Nagasaki	Chikugo M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 24	—	Kobe	Inaba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 25	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 27	—	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Takeshima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 28	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 31	—	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETS,

Jan. 26	—	Hamburg, ports	Cyclops	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 27	—	London, ports	Glenavy	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Jan. 27	—	Liverpool, ports	Neleus	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 28	—	London, ports	†Kashmir	Br.	M. M. & Co
Jan. 30	—	London, ports	Sado M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb. 3	—	Rotterdam, ports	Radja	Dut.	H. C. T. Co
Feb. 7	—	London, ports	Glenluce	Br.	G.L.E.A.
Feb. 11	—	Hamburg, ports	Andes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Feb. 11	—	London, ports	†Nagoya	Br.	M. M. & Co
Feb. 16	—	London, ports	Glenshane	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Feb. 25	—	London, ports	†Kashgar	Br.	M. M. & Co
Mar. 3	..	Rotterdam, ports	Aldabi	Dut.	H.C.T. Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Jan. 18	2.00	S. H'kong, C'ton	Tungshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 18	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 18	5.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co
Jan. 18	—	Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 18	—	Amoy & Foochow	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 18	—	Wenchow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 19	D.L.	S. H'kong, C'ton	Sulyang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 19	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan. 20	—	Hongkong	Siberia Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Jan. 20	D.L.	S. H'kong, C'ton	Kwongsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 21	D.L.	S. H'kong, C'ton	Chekiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 21	—	Keelung, ports	Seikyo Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan. 22	—	Hongkong & Manila	Robert Dollar	Am.	Dollar Co.
Jan. 22	D.L.	Hongkong & Manila	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 22	—	Hongkong & Manila	W. Cayote	Am.	Ch. P. Co.
Jan. 22	—	Manila & Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.S.S.
Jan. 24	—	Hongkong	Manila Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan. 25	—	Manila & Hongkong	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Jan. 26	—	Hongkong & Manila	Bay State	Am.	Adl. Line
Jan. 29	—	Hongkong	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Feb. 2	—	Honrkong, Manila	Keystone State	Am.	Adl. Line
Feb. 5	—	Manila, Hongkong	Golden State	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Feb. 5	—	Hongkong & Manila	Esther Dollar	Am.	Dollar Co.
Feb. 8	—	Hongkong	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Feb. 8	—	Manila, Hongkong	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Feb. 9	—	Hongkong	Nanking	Am.	China Mail

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Jan. 18	—	Chinwangtao	Kwangping	Br.	K.M.A.
Jan. 18	—	Dairen	Wanli	Chi.	J. T. Co.
Jan. 18	D.L.	Tsingtao	Yusang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 18	D.L.	W. C'foo, Tongku	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 18	D.L.	Tsingtao	Yusang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 18	2.30	Tsingtao & Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R. Co.
Jan. 18	—	Tsingtao & Dairen	Yokishin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R. Co.
Jan. 19	—	Chefoo, Vladivostok	Huaming	Chi.	C.C.C. Co.
Jan. 19	2.00	Tsingtao	Kiukiang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 19	—	Tsingtao, Tientsin	W. Nomentum	Am.	Ch. P. Co.
Jan. 19	—	Chefoo & Dairen	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 21	D.L.	Dairen	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 21	D.L.	Tsingtao	Soochow	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 22	—	Tsingtao	Kohoku Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Jan. 22	3.00	Vladivostok	Yungshin	Chi.	L. V. Lang
Jan. 24	D.L.	Tsingtao	Waishing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 25	—	Dairen	Kojun Maru	Jap.	S.M.R. Co.
Jan. 26	3.00	Tsingtao & Dairen	Chohei Maru	Jap.	S.M.R. Co.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Jan. 18	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 18	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 19	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 19	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 19	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 20	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 20	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Sulwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 20	D.L.	Pukow	Hangsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Esang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 21	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 22	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 22	D.L.	Wuhu	Chfoshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 22	D.L.	Pukow	Wuhu	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 23	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Klangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan. 23	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 23	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Nganking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 24	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Klanghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan. 24	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Jan. 24	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 25	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Jan. 25	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.

A.M. M. N.—MIDNIGHT D.L.—DAYLIGHT
CARRYING MAIL.

Information For Mariners

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 18, 1922

High Water at Woosung Bar

(The day tides are higher than the night tides, they are about equal at 3 o'clock).

Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7½ h.

Time	Rangs	Time	Rangs
3h. 11m.	7ft. 10in.	3h. 35m.	8ft. 2in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship

(The day tides are higher than the night tides).

Approximate rise, 5 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M.		P.M.	
H.	M.	H.	M.
2	13	2	46

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon		Sun		Daylight	Dark
Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets		
10.42 p.m.	9.55 a.m.	7h. 1m.	Trams 7h. 32 m		

Mean Barometric Pressure at [illegible]
For January [illegible]
760.8 mm.

AUCTION SALES

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NEXT AUCTIONS

Wednesday, 18th January, at 10 a.m. in Front Salesroom
EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CHINESE LACQUERED WARE, PIANOS, LADIES' NEW DRESSES, ETC., ETC.

Including

Old Lacquered Cupboard with carved gilt panels, ditto Cabinets, Tables, Stools, Arm chairs, Soochow Curtains, Lacquered tray inlaid M. O. P. panels, Flower Pots with Jade flowers, Bead Lanterns, 4, 6 and 8 fold carved Lacquered Screen, Mirror back hat and umbrella stand, mat carpet, Blackwood round table, ditto Opium couch, Fine Rattan ware, Lacquered side table, Curios, Ningpo inlaid Cupboard, Typewriter desk, Velvet pile Carpet, wooden bed with mattress, Lacquered Chinese Bed, etc., etc., Wines, Spirits, etc.

at 11 a.m. Ladies' New Dresses

A very fine selection of Lace Evening Gowns, Serge Dresses, Velour de Laine Wool knitted dress, Costumes, Garbadine half Costume, Black and Blue Satin Evening Gown (French), Taffeta and Net evening dress, Crepe de Chine, Navy Blue Taffeta afternoon gown, etc., etc.

Black Fur Coat, White Fur Coat, Velvet Cape, a large selection of unused Victor and English Records (in doz. lots), White enamelled Baths, "Oliver" and "Barlock" Typewriters, Edison Disc Talking Machine with 96 records, Sextant, Barograph, Indicators, Station pointer, Gun Finder, Tennis Net and Tapes, Electric fittings, teak Roll top desk, ditto in Oak, Filing cases, Salamandre Stoves, Wall Clocks, fine Pictures, and a long list of good sundries.

also

1 upright iron frame very fine toned Moutrie Piano
1 ditto wood frame very fine toned Moutrie Piano
Pathe Gramaphone with 32 records.
"Triump" Motor Cycle.
1 Heavy Gents Fur Coat

On view Tuesday.

IN GODOWN

Sundry Goods Auctions are held every Wednesday in our godown in rear. Goods received today may be included in the sale

On Wednesday, Jannary 18th, at 2.30 p.m.

12 bales Hemp yarn, 40 cases Rubber boots, 1 case Padlocks, 1 case Buttons, 1 case Wool, 2 cases Golden Oak seats and covers, 2 cases Colored cotton thread, Crochet, Fills, Laces, Perfume water, Bath soap, Imitation diamond hair pins, 3 rolls Tarred rope, 1 Cycle Motor, 1 set Handle wrenches, 40 dozen Socks and 4 doz. Fly pans,
20 Cases spagheal, 20 Cases macaronni,

NOW ON VIEW.

Heavily Carved Japanese Cherrywood Furniture and High Class New Household Furniture, Carpets etc.

In Front Salesroom

On Saturday, 21st January commencing at 10 a.m.

Heavily carved Japanese Cherrywood Velvet seated Couch, arm Chairs & Lady's Chairs in Dragon design, Silver ware, Curio Stands, Large Round table, Teapoys, Dragon design Bevelled Mantel Mirror, Column Stands, Pier Glass with stand, Music Cabinet, etc.

Chinese Blackwood carved Side table, Hall table, Blackwood stools Teapoys, Marble top Round table, Foot Stool, Flower stand,

HIGH CLASS NEW HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE IN TEAK, OAK, ASH & MANILA HARDWOOD

Oak bevelled mirror back Hat & Umbrella stand, Hall settee, Hall table, American Hall Clock, Oak large roll top desk, Flat top desk, Sliding door bookcase, Filing cabinet, Revolving desk chair, Bookstand, Copper mounted Jardiniere stands, Tapestry upholstered Double spring Chesterfield Couch and Arm Chairs, Centre table, 1 Suite of Teak Mahogany stained inlaid Tapestry covered Drawing room furniture, 1 Teak Carved Silk Tapestry Seated suite Teak Mahogany stained Morriss Arm Chairs with tapestry cushion, Teak Carved Curio Bevelled mirror back Chiffonier, Escritoire, Mantel Pictures, Screen, Large Gilt framed French Oil Painting, Teak framed Photogravure, Gilt framed Water Colours, Coloured Pictures, Marble clock, Cloisonne ware, Chinese Porcelain, 1 Suite teak Dining room furniture comprising: bevelled mirror back Sideboard, Dinner Wagon, Extension dining table, Brown leather seated Chairs, Tapestry upholstered Large Couch and Arm Chairs, Oak dark stained Sideboard, Cellarette with cabinet, Extension Oval Extension Dining table, Red leather Dining Chairs, Silver ware Cabinet in Rope design, Marble top side table, Plush table Cover, Very fine Dinner, Dessert & Tea Crockery, Damask table linen, Good E. P. Cutlery, & Glass ware, Fine Cut Glass ware, Fine Canteen in Teak Cabinet, Brass Fender, Fine brass Coal box, Brass fire screen, 1 Teak Mahogany stained large Bedroom Suite, 1 Oak Medium Bedroom Suite, 1 Manila hardwood Small Bedroom Suite fitted with bevelled mirrors, 1 pair Teak mahogany staind Carved Twin Bedsteads, 1 Oak Double Bedstead, 1 Single Bedstead, Velvet unholstered Double spring Couch and Arm Chairs, Clothes Stands, Rocking Chairs, Japanese Screen, Woollen Blankets, Bed Linen, Porcelain Lavatory Basin with fittings, Enamelled Iron Bath.

and

A small selection of New Axminster, Velvet Pile, Brussels, and Tapestry Carpet in Various sizes.

Axminster hearth rugs, Plush door mats, Axminster & Brussels Stair Carpets etc.

1 Magnificent large Peking Turquoise blue cloisonne bowl with stand of heavy golden bronze museum piece)

On view Thursday & Friday the 19th & 20th

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Acting under instructions from Mr. LEE VAN CHING
Proprietor of
The Chinese Art Gallery
Will sell within the premises
No. 416 Rue Auguste Boppe
(late Rue Eugene Bard)
Corner of Rue Amiral Bayle
On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 16th, 17th and 18th January, 1922
Commencing at 2.30 p.m.
each day and continuing until 7.30 p.m.
Tea and refreshments will be served gratis between 4.30 and 4.45 p.m.
An Exceptionally Fine Collection of Old Chinese Curios, Porcelain and Chinese Carved Redwood Furniture.

from Soong, Yuen, Ming, Kianghsi, Yungching, Chaiching, Chienlung, Taokuang and Later Periods.

Consisting of:—

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also

One Pair Ming Lacquered Large Wardrobes
One Large Kanghsi 5-coloured Inlaid Panels Couch
One Large Kanghsi 5-coloured Vase
One Gilt Bronze Buddha Statue
One Large Chienlung Imperial Blue and White Double Eared Vase
One Chienlung Imperial Yellow Velvet Carpet, 11 x 6 feet.
One Fancy Jade Inlaid Gilt Silver Flower Basket with Coloured Jade Flowers
Valuable Old Chinese Painted Scrolls
A Large Lot of Assorted Jade and Other Precious Stones, Necklaces,

also

OLD CHINESE REDWOOD FURNITURE.

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The proceeds of the Sale of Catalogues will be devoted to Charity.

On Monday, 16th inst. we shall offer Lots 1 to 350
Tuesday, 17th. Lots 351 to 700
Wednesday, 18th. Lots 701 to 1060.

ON VIEW:—Till Sunday 15th, January, 1922, between the hours of 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. daily.

NOEL, MURRAY & CO.,
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WILL SELL AT SALESROOM

On Friday, the 20th Jan., 1922,
Commencing at 10 a.m.
USEFUL
Household Furniture, and
SUNDRIES
Comprising:—

Double and Single Bedsteads with Bedding, Bedroom Suites with Bevelled Mirrors, Double Spring Couches and Easy Chairs, Oak-stained Writing Tables, Revolving Top Desk and Typewriter Chairs, Teakwood Rails, Child's White Enamelled Wooden Cot, Perambulator, Axminster Carpets, Soochow Curtains, Brass Cake Stands, Electric Grills, Chinese Lanterns, Trumpets, Safety Razors, Pictures, Glass Flower Vases, Ladies' and Gent's Clothing, etc.

ALSO

1 12-Bore Double Barrel Hammer Sporting Gun by "W. W. Greener"
1 Hornless Gramophone

AND

1 Single Stone Diamond Ring, about 3½ Carats
1 Valuable Skin Muff and Stole
8 Silver Tipped Sable Skins

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Will sell by Public Auction within their Salesroom
No. 49 KIANGSE ROAD
On Wed., the 18th Jan., 1922
at 10 a.m.
EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE & EFFECTS ETC.
Comprising:—

Oakwood mirror back hat and umbrella stand, teakwood jardiniere stands, oakwood dining room furniture, silk tapestry covered drawing room suites in teak mahogany stained frame, centre tables, teapoys, blackwood marble top flower stands, redwood long tables, creton covered couch and easy chairs, tapestry covered easy chairs, oak stained bedroom suite bevelled-edged mirrors white enamelled painted bedroom suites, Doubled and single Simmon's bedsteads, E. P., Glass and Crockery wares, Canton blackwood curio cabinets, porcelain cases, bronze ornaments screens, white woollen blankets lace curtains, velvet curtains, A quantity of new assorted glass ware, etc., etc., etc.

also

A Quantity of new musical instruments
One New hornless gramophone with record cabinet
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Two Fox-terriers (6 Months old)
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COMEDY BLENDS WITH TRAGEDY IN RUSSIA, SAYS CAPTAIN LYNCH

On Trip With U. S. Relief Force He Found "Situations To Make Angels Weep

TROOPS LIKE HOBOES

Vivid Story Of Village Meetings, And Encounter With 2 Russian Popes

BY CAPTAIN ARTHUR LYNCH
FORMER MEMBER OF BRITISH PARLIAMENT

London, Nov. 26.—Fresh from Russia, I look back on my experiences of the last few weeks, and they seem to be amongst the most extraordinary of my life.

Often in Moscow I pinched myself to know that I was really awake and not seeing "Alice in Wonderland" visions, and all this not so much because anything very startling happened, as from the continual up-setting of one's pre-conceived notions, until at length the strange and unexpected seems normal.

I entered Russia with as few of these preconceived notions, or prejudices, as possible; I tried to make my mind a blank chart on which fresh impressions might be written; and now, when I look back, I find it difficult to sum up my impressions in any very definite expression.

There is much that is tragic in the present conditions of Russia, and not a little that savors of comic opera, so that my mind was swung to and from continually—here was something to make the angels weep, and here something to make a cat laugh. Often the two sentiments referred to the same circumstance.

There is much to admire in Russia, even in the forms of government; and there is much that needs no condemnation from outside, for the system is breaking down with its own sheer weight.

When I am asked, therefore, whether I approve or disapprove of the present regime, I hesitate, and I become circumspect. This pleases neither side. On the one hand there are those propagandists who abhor the Soviet system, and who deliver from Riga, or Reval, or London, appalling stories of Bolshevik wickedness.

MANY STORIES INVENTED

Many of these prize productions I found not to be exaggerations of any reality; they were simply cold-blooded inventions as puerile as they were crude. They remind me now of the famous tale of Nurse Home, which was printed in grave London papers during the war, and which must have reached these papers by the letter in which she described her last moments, and which she had apparently passed through the flames to the Germans who were burning her body.

At the other pole are the gentlemen who have gone to Russia, either wholly committed to the Bolshevik idea or who have had at the back of their minds a cantankerous notion of breaking loose from common-sense, and in face of the most palpable absurdities giving their blessing to the Communistic system.

Shortly before I left Moscow one of the British authorities, who was himself not altogether unsympathetic to the Russian Government, gave me as one of his last injunctions:

"For God's sake, don't talk in such a way as Senator France!"

It is difficult to avoid as on one side or the other, for Russia is a mighty country and the titanic latent strength of it is brought home to one far more vividly than in any other land. I have therefore thought it best to record my experiences from my notes taken at the time, so that just as Russia gradually revealed itself to me. I may possibly make it a little clearer to the reader.

More than once my point of view changed, new impressions correcting the old ones, and, to anticipate, I may say that I believe Russia is destined to play a great part not only in the history of Europe, but in the formation of that new era of which just now we are all feeling the ferment and the fever. The resources of Russia are enormous, and a wise government could lift the country from its present slough of despond in a very few years into the first rank of the nations of Europe.

CHANGE IS COMING

A change of regime is certainly coming, and one of the interesting problems, which again will affect the deginies of all Europe, will be regarding the shape which that new regime will assume; whether along the lines of peaceable development such as some of the chief men are beginning to explore; or a violent overthrow of the present system, with a restoration of the old reactionary types; or again a military dictatorship, holding the country in a tight grip on one hand and yet fostering and developing its strength in the style of a Cromwell or Napoleon Bonaparte on the other.

All these shappings and developments and many others are being thought of tentatively, for Russia is, at any rate, a veritable crucible of ideas, and that, indeed, accounts for much of its fascination. Less than anywhere else is there content with a mere cold, formal materialism; and with it all I believe that, through pain and struggle and many setbacks and much misery, and with giant efforts of a new nation endeavoring to find itself. Russia will yet attain a powerful influence in the comity of European nations.

These matters will be made clearer as I unfold the tale, and in doing so I will keep as close as possible to my own experience, not so much that I wish to put myself in the picture as that what I have actually seen and felt I can certify to, whereas otherwise all around one lives in a vague atmosphere of rumor, suspicion, lies and inquietude.

I left Riga at night with a contingent of the American Relief Association, and with that spirit of fraternity which is contagious in Russia I soon became mingled with their party. It was already dark before the train started, and my search along the platform for some thing that looked like a first-class carriage was a preliminary to the thousand and one deceptions which met me in Russia.

We had no lights but a tallow-candle fitfully burning in each compartment, while the strange appearance of the scene was enhanced by the fact that our guides on the railway did not understand our langauge any more than we knew theirs. Nevertheless, we were all happy, for we were bound to Moscow.

I was already impressed by the enthusiasm and unselfish quality of the A. R. A. men, who were very determined on making good on their own particular job. After the usual delays and some of those vexations formalities which makes travelling such a pest in the free countries of liberated Europe, we reached the Russian frontier in the morning, and I was all agog to find the first impressions of Red Russia.

SOLDIER LIKE A HOBO

The first type that struck my eye was a Red soldier standing with rifle in hand and looking at us with stolid countenance with his small oblique eyes and not too attractive expression.

His uniform, if one could apply such a term to his nondescript costume, had been derived from many incongruous quarters, and altogether his appearance, except for the rifle, was more like that of a hobo bent on "flipping the freight" than one of the vanguard of a new civilisation.

Another Red soldier appeared—a fair, Siberian looking fellow, impressive with his rifle, but less so in regard to his boots made of straw, which displayed with his stockingless leg what in Ireland I have heard described as "God's leather to God's weather." That nondescript style of dress seemed to be the usual thing in Russia, and, as I afterward discovered, not one person in a million had clothes all of a suit.

There is a strip of mutual territory between Latvia and Russia, and the train rumbled over the intervening space already seven hours late. Time, as I learned then, and a hundred times afterward, counts for nothing in Russia. Like all the resources of the country, it is abundant and uncultivated, and so runs cheerfully to waste. We waited at the frontier while successive relays of officials or soldiers tramped through the corridor of our train, some like German soldiers, with big boots, others in civilian nondescript costumes, all belonging to that great army of State functionaries which is one of the bugbears of the country. They had asked for our passports at the beginning, and after a long and necessary wait they handed them to us again. Our train rumbled on and the Russian landscape began to unfold itself to our view.

Russia Famine, Famine—Russia.

These words had been so dinned into my ears in London, and so many tales had been told me of the misery of the country and desperation of the people, that the first views that met our eyes were disconcerting; for whereas Latvia had appeared striving but thriving on a somewhat unpropitious soil, here in Russia we saw a green, cultivated country, a smiling sky, beautiful land, with all the superficial aspect of prosperity.

Nothing looks more picturesque than a Russian village, seen at some little distance from a train—the square, flat-roofed, substantial cabin-houses, dotted here and there irregularly on an immense green sward without streets, the whole dominated by a church whose gilt dome and spire shine brilliantly in the sunlight.

VILLAGES LIVELY

Night came on suddenly at one of the stations—Novo-Sokolnia—where we stopped for a time, and we found the village lively and a sort of concert in progress. This is one of the characteristic features of life in Russia, for the concert was not altogether a concert; it was mainly a propaganda meeting in which the villages were informed, something even against evidence, of all the benefits of the Soviet Government. The wall was hung with portraits of Karl Marx and other leaders of the people.

I may say that Karl Marx has become a sort of a presiding deity to the Russian Communist Government. His portrait, somewhat idealised, is found in every Russian public office, and the name of Karl Marx stands for a wider range of infallibility than has ever been claimed by the Pope of Rome.

Every one at this little meeting was free-and-easy and friendly, and that again is one of the characteristics of Russia which gradually invade the soul, surround it with an atmosphere, and make one prefer hardships in the midst of this fraternal people rather than the comforts amid the more orderly but over-drilled Germans, or luxury amid the correct but metallic excellencies of the orthodox British regime. Everything was uncomfortable, but I slept like a top.

Next day, as our train pursued its journey, we still traversed endlessly magnificent stretches of fine country, well cultivated; some parts showing already crops being harvested, with here and there a man, boy and woman busy with flails; and at another, a whole family apparently taking a hand at plowing.

SIGNS OF PROSPERITY

The nearer we got to Moscow, the more evident seemed to be the signs of prosperity. Large herds of cattle hove in sight, succeeded at short intervals by larger herds of cattle. At any station the arrival of the train—which occurred twice a week—seemed to be a great event. Crowds of people, with nothing particular to do, came to look at us. They were all interesting, and the aspect of these Bolsheviks was not the least ferocious.

Soldiers were plentiful, even superabundant, displaying every conceivable uniform or, rather, mixture of uniform. Here is one with a splendid helmet but no boots; another with a blue-green uniform like a German, and big boots, but no hat; another in khaki, with puttees on his legs, a man's boot on one foot, and a woman's on the other.

Nearer Moscow a magnificent being loomed up on the horizon, with a golden casque which, reflecting the sun, showed him up like a modern Lohengrin. When he came near, however, he had a very dirty suit, bespattered with the varigated mud of all Europe, while he strutted with a big boot on one foot and a wicker-basket clog on the other.

A great number of the soldiers were barefooted altogether, some shaved, and some bearded with beards, moreover, that might well be described as "diverse and undulating," from the old Farmer Hayseed variety to the highly cultured moustache of the Kaiser type, but all apparently agreeing in a contempt for soap and water.

There was a sprinkling of young women, mostly short in stature, wearing short dresses which showed the strong, sturdy Russian legs which subsequently I learned to accept as the trademark of the race. There was found with them also the same variety of costumes, many of them dressed like gypsies, with colored shawls and caps or mantillas, and these variegated notes gave a pleasant aspect to the whole scene. They were all very good-tempered, and as in that dry, warm atmosphere, under the clear, blue sky, I gazed about and saw horses and dogs and sheep and cattle, and a pretty landscape slightly undulated, dotted here and there with forest clumps, I was inclined to cry, "Oh, happy land!"

Not far from Moscow there is a little town called New Jerusalem which, in the old days, was a favorite outing place of the rich people of Moscow. Why it was called New Jerusalem I could not discover, for previous to the revolution Jews were forbidden to appear in the province of Moscow at all.

A RUSSIAN POPE

It was at this place that I saw my first Russian pope. I studied him with curious interest. He was lounging in an attitude more easy than impressive, a youngish man, with long hair and straw beard, blue eyes and regular features, forming a picture such as the old painters generally chose to represent the Saviour of mankind. He wore a somewhat battered bowler hat and a kind of woman's skirt dress, buttoned in at the middle.

Not far away sat another pope, somewhat similar in type, except in representing in ugliness all that the other showed in beauty. He had a time-worn black hat, a black skirt, long, greasy, dirty hair, and a brownish-red scraggy beard. Leonardo da Vinci would have been delighted with this type, but only when he was painting his picture of Judas Iscariot.

Here and there were Red Cross nurses, with pretty costumes and serious, business-like air. So far there was little to remind us that we were travelling in a stricken land, and we might look in vain for immediate signs of destitution and misery.

Certainly all those little conveniences that one meets at other wayside railway stations were absent. A restaurant wagon on a train is of course, unknown, and at the stations all that one can get is hot water.

Moscow was approaching! I felt my excitement rising. Moscow! Moscow!!

There was an appeal to me in that mysterious city unsurpassed by anything I had met in my travels. Moscow, with its glittering domes and spires, allured me. Those domes and spires were beginning to appear more frequent, shining over a confused mass of less-inspired buildings. Moscow, the Beautiful! Moscow, the Magical City, was becoming real.

Suddenly the train stopped. I looked around and saw a dingy station, with a small, shallow asphalt pavement on one side, with a wide mudbank on the other.

"Where are we?" I cried in perplexity.

"This is Moscow," replied my companions, in formal terms.

(Other articles by Captain Lynch on Russian conditions will follow in succeeding issues

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WE HAVE ESTABLISHED A NEW STANDARD IN THE TRANSPORTATION FIELD.
ALLOW US TO ILLUSTRATE.
G. N. Marshall & Co., Ltd.
11 Ningpo Road. Central: 2029 & 2030

THE CHINESE ENGINEERING AND MINING CO., LTD.

6% First Mortgage Debentures (Kailan Bonds).

Payment of the Half-Yearly Interest due on 1st January, 1922, will be made on presentation of Coupon No. 19 at any of the undermentioned Banks, viz:

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, Russo-Asiatic Bank — at Tientsin Shanghai or Hongkong
Banque de l'Indo-Chine — Tientsin and Hongkong only
Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger — at Tientsin and Shanghai only.

The Interest, less Income Tax at 6/- in the £ will be:

		s. d.
On £20 Debentures:		
Per Coupon	(Gross)	12. 0.
Less Tax @ 6/- in the £		3. 7.1/5
Net amount payable		8. 4.4/5
On £100 Debentures:		
Per Coupon	(Gross)	£3. 0. 0.
Less Tax @ 6/- in the £		18. 0.
Net amount payable		£2. 2 0.
On £500 Debentures:		
Per Coupon	(Gross)	£15. 0. 0.
Less Tax @ 6/- in the £		4. 10. 0.
Net amount payable		£10. 10. 0.

Payment will be made in Taels at the Demand Buying rate of exchange of the day the Coupon is presented.

By Order,
THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION,
W. S. NATHAN,
General Manager.

"PAGODA" BRAND SILK HOSIERY
For Ladies & Gentlemen
Wholesale & Retail
China Cotton & Silk Works
A. 135 SZECHUEN ROAD